Campus Climate Assessment Report School of Law Summary Report

Office of Institutional Research and Analytics Center for Institutional Planning and Effectiveness

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Center for Institutional Planning and Effectiveness

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Executive Summary

BACKGROUND

USF contracted with Rankin & Associates Consulting (R&A) to conduct a campus-wide study entitled, "University of San Francisco Assessment of Climate for Learning, Living, and Working." The purpose of the study was to develop a better understanding of the learning, living, and working environment on campus. In the Fall of 2017, data was gathered from reviews of relevant USF literature, campus focus groups, and a campus-wide survey addressing the experiences and perceptions of various constituent groups. The results were then summarized and presented via a final report, as well as at community forums during the Spring of 2018.

PURPOSE OF REPORT

The Office of Institutional Research and Analytics, within the Center for Institutional Planning and Effectiveness, was tasked with taking a deeper dive into the data, at a department and college level. This report summarizes the results of the raw data given to us by R&A, specific to the School of Law (SoL).

METHODOLOGY

R&A provided us with an Excel spreadsheet of the raw data, along with the data dictionary. That data was then brought into Tableau, analyzed, and used to create the charts and visualizations of the basic descriptive statistics in this report. Because of the small population sizes, the potential lack of significant meaning, and the input from the lead R&A analyst, it was decided that more extensive analysis of the individual departments/colleges would not be done at this time. Throughout the report, the data is shown by the School of Law respondent population versus the rest of the USF respondent population. Data was masked as well as possible for privacy purposes. Decisions were made on a table-by-table basis as to how the data would be displayed, but any total that was less than five, was changed to "<5" to mask the actual number. Due to privacy concerns, the demographics section of the report was treated the most sensitively. However, the remainder of the report left room for more transparency, and therefore totals and percentages were included more frequently. All of the School of Law qualitative comments were also pulled from the raw data, separated out by position, and analyzed. Themes within the qualitative comments emerged very clearly, and were grouped together and presented in a summarized form at the end of this report. Please be aware that all totals and data in this report are as of <u>Fall 2017</u>.

SAMPLE SIZE

In total, 256 members of the School of Law completed the survey. 178 (70%) were graduate students, 19 (7%) were tenured or tenure-track faculty, 13 (5%) were adjunct or term faculty, and 46 (18%) were staff.

	Sample Total	Population Total	Response Rate
Graduate Students	178	564	32%
Tenured/Tenure-Track Faculty	19	19	100%
Adjunct/Term Faculty	13	57	23%
Staff	46	46	100%
Total	256	686	37%

^{*}Population totals were the totals at the time the survey was administered (Fall 2017).

HIGHLIGHTS

Demographics:

- 70% of respondents were students
- 61% of respondents were women
- 44% of respondents were white
- 82% of respondents were heterosexual
- 85% of respondents were U.S. citizens
- 83% of respondents had no disability
- 41% of respondents had no religious/spiritual affiliation
- 97% of respondents never served in the military

Employees Only:

- 45% of respondents had worked at USF for greater than ten years
- 94% of Faculty respondents had a Professional degree (e.g., MD, JD)
- 52% of Staff respondents had a Master's degree or higher

Students Only:

- 64% of respondents reported that they do not work
- 49% of respondents experienced financial hardship while attending USF
- 75% of respondents paid for tuition using loans
- 85% of respondents reported living in non-campus housing
- 27% did not participate in any clubs or organizations at USF

USF Climate Comfort: 84% of School of Law respondents communicated that they were "comfortable" or "very comfortable" with the climate at USF.

School of Law Workplace Climate Comfort: 89% of School of Law Employee respondents communicated that they were "comfortable" or "very comfortable" with the workplace climate within the School of Law.

School of Law Classroom Climate Comfort: 83% of Student and Faculty respondents communicated that they were "comfortable" or "very comfortable" with the classroom climate within the School of Law.

Experienced Exclusionary, Intimidating, Offensive, and/or Hostile Conduct: 16% of School of Law respondents stated that they personally experienced exclusionary, intimidating, offensive, and/or hostile conduct while at USF within the last year.

Reporting of Experienced Conduct: 87% of the School of Law respondents that stated that they personally experienced exclusionary, intimidating, offensive, and/or hostile conduct while at USF within the last year, did not report the conduct.

Observed Exclusionary, Intimidating, Offensive, and/or Hostile Conduct: 24% of School of Law respondents observed conduct directed toward a person or group of people on campus that they believed created an exclusionary (e.g., shunned, ignored), intimidating, offensive, and/or hostile (bullying, harassing) working or learning environment at USF within the past year.

Reporting of Observed Conduct: 93% of the School of Law respondents that observed conduct directed toward a person or group of people on campus that they believed created an exclusionary, intimidating, offensive, and/or hostile working or learning environment at USF within the past year, did not report the conduct.

Experienced Unwanted Sexual Contact/Conduct: Within the School of Law overall population, 7% of respondents experienced unwanted sexual contact/conduct. Of those 7% of School of Law respondents that experienced unwanted sexual contact/conduct, 67% experienced Unwanted Sexual Interaction.

Reporting of Unwanted Sexual Interaction: 92% of the School of Law respondents that experienced unwanted sexual interaction, did not report the conduct.

Students Only

Student Perception of Classroom Experience:

Strength: 80% of Graduate School of Law student respondents "agreed" or "strongly agreed" with the statement "I have faculty whom I perceive as role models."

<u>Weakness</u>: 30% of Graduate School of Law student respondents "agreed" or "strongly agreed" with the statement "I think that faculty prejudge my ability based on their perception of my identity/background."

Student Feeling of Value:

Strength: 83% of Graduate School of Law student respondents "agreed" or "strongly agreed with the statement "I feel valued by faculty in the classroom."

<u>Weakness</u>: 18% of Graduate School of Law student respondents "disagreed" or "strongly disagreed with the statement "I feel valued by USF senior administrators."

Student Academic Experience:

Strength: 93% of Graduate School of Law student respondents "agreed" or "strongly agreed with the statement, "I intend to graduate from USF."

<u>Weakness</u>: 36% of Graduate School of Law student respondents "agreed" or "strongly agreed with the statement, "Few of my courses this year have been intellectually stimulating."

Graduate Student Perception of Advising:

<u>Strength</u>: 68% of Graduate School of Law student respondents "agreed" or "strongly agreed with the statement "I have adequate access to advising."

<u>Weakness</u>: 22% of Graduate School of Law student respondents "disagreed" or "strongly disagreed with the statement, "I am satisfied with the quality of advising I have received from my department/program."

Graduate Student Perception of Department/Program:

<u>Strength</u>: 76% of Graduate School of Law student respondents "agreed" or "strongly agreed with the statement, "Department/program staff members respond to my emails, calls, or voicemails in a prompt manner."

<u>Weakness</u>: 19% of Graduate School of Law student respondents "disagreed" or "strongly disagreed with the statement, "My department/program faculty members encourage me to produce publications and present research."

Considered Leaving USF:

• 30% of Graduate School of Law student respondents indicated that they had seriously considered leaving in the last year.

Faculty & Staff Only

Faculty Perception of the Workplace:

Strength: 56% of School of Law Faculty respondents "disagreed" or "strongly disagreed" with the statement, "I think that my department chair/program director prejudges my abilities based on their perception of my identity/background."

Weakness: 25% of School of Law Faculty respondents "agreed" or "strongly agreed" with the statement, "I think that faculty in my department/program prejudge my abilities based on their perception of my identity/background."

Staff Perception of the Workplace:

<u>Strength</u>: 76% of School of Law Staff respondents "agreed" or "strongly agreed" with the statement, "I have colleagues/coworkers who give me job/career advice or guidance when I need it."

<u>Weaknesses</u>: 41% of School of Law Staff respondents "disagreed" or "strongly disagreed" with the statement, "There are clear procedures on how I can advance at USF."

Faculty Feeling of Value:

Strength: 88% of School of Law Faculty respondents "agreed" or "strongly agreed" with the statement, "I feel valued by students in the classroom."

<u>Weakness</u>: 19% of School of Law Faculty respondents "disagreed" or "strongly disagreed" with the statement, "I feel valued by USF senior administrators."

Staff Feeling of Value:

<u>Strength</u>: 91% of School of Law Staff respondents "agreed" or "strongly agreed" with the statement, "I feel valued by coworkers in my department."

<u>Weakness</u>: 43% of School of Law Staff respondents "disagreed" or "strongly disagreed" with the statement, "Staff opinions are valued by USF faculty."

Faculty Perception of the Performance Evaluation Process: 28% of School of Law Faculty respondents "disagreed" or "strongly disagreed" with the statement, "The performance evaluation process is clear."

Staff Perception of the Performance Evaluation Process: 24% of School of Law Staff respondents "disagreed" or "strongly disagreed" with the statement, "The performance evaluation process is productive."

Faculty Perception of Work-Life Balance: 44% of School of Law Faculty respondents "agreed" or "strongly agreed" with the statement "USF provides adequate resources to help me manage work-life balance (e.g., child care, wellness services, elder care, housing location assistance, transportation)."

Staff Perception of Work-Life Balance:

Strength: 67% of School of Law Staff respondents "agreed" or "strongly agreed" with the statement "My direct supervisor provides adequate support for me to manage work-life balance." Weakness: 37% of School of Law Staff respondents "agreed" or "strongly agreed" with the statement "I perform more work than colleagues with similar performance expectations."

Staff Perception of Workload and Support:

<u>Strength</u>: 80% of School of Law Staff respondents "agreed" or "strongly agreed" with the statement "USF provides me with resources to pursue training/professional development opportunities."

<u>Weakness</u>: 72% of School of Law Staff respondents "agreed" or "strongly agreed" with the statement "There is a hierarchy within staff positions that allows some voices to be valued more than others."

Faculty Perception of Salary and Benefits:

Strength: 72% of School of Law Faculty respondents "agreed" or "strongly agreed" with the statement "Health insurance benefits are competitive."

<u>Weakness</u>: 25% of School of Law Faculty respondents "disagreed" or "strongly disagreed" with the statement "Salaries for tenure-track faculty positions are competitive."

Staff Perception of Salary and Benefits:

<u>Strength</u>: 83% of School of Law Staff respondents "agreed" or "strongly agreed" with the statement, "Health insurance benefits are competitive."

<u>Weakness</u>: 33% of School of Law Staff "disagreed" or "strongly disagreed" with the statement, "Staff salaries are competitive."

Considered Leaving USF:

- 38% of School of Law Faculty respondents stated that they had seriously considered leaving USF in the past year.
- 57% of School of Law Staff respondents stated that they had seriously considered leaving USF in the past year.

Results

Demographics

The demographic variables explored in the Campus Climate Survey were: position status, gender identity, racial identity, sexual identity, citizenship status, disability identity, religious affiliation, age range, caregiving responsibility, military service, length of employment (employees only), level of education (employees only), parents' education level (students only), student employment (students only), financial hardship (students only), tuition payment type (students only), income dependency status (students only), student residency location (students only), student club participation (students only), and grade point average (students only).

Position Status Comparison:

The School of Law had a higher percentage of Graduate student respondents, compared to the USF Graduate respondent population. They also had a much lower percentage of Adjunct Faculty respondents compared to the USF Faculty respondent population.

	USF Demographics School of Law										
				Position Starudents, Faculty							
				SoL		U	SF				
				n	%	n					
Student	Graduate Student			178	69.5%	1,007	45.8				
	Total			178	69.5%	1,007	45.8				
Employee	Staff			46	18.0%	627	28.5				
	Tenured/Tenure-Track Faculty			19	7.4%	254	11.6				
	Term Faculty			11	4.3%	79	3.6				
	Adjunct Faculty			2	0.8%	231	10.5				
	Total			78	30.5%	1,191	54.2				
Grand Total	l .			256	100.0%	2,198	100.0				
				Position Starudents, Faculty							
Student	Graduate Student	SoL					69.5%				
		USF				45.8%					
Employee	Staff	SoL		18.0%							
		USF			28.5%						
	Term Faculty	SoL	4.3%								
		USF	3.6%								
	Adjunct Faculty	SoL	0.8%								
		USF		10.5%							
	Tenured/Tenure-Track Faculty	SoL	7.	4%							
		USF		11.6%							

The above visual shows the SoL vs USF percentage totals by Student vs Employee Status, separated out by specific position. The bar lengths illustrate the percentage differences.

Gender Identity Comparison:

The School of Law had a higher percentage of women staff respondents, and a lower percentage of women student respondents, relative to the corresponding USF respondent populations.

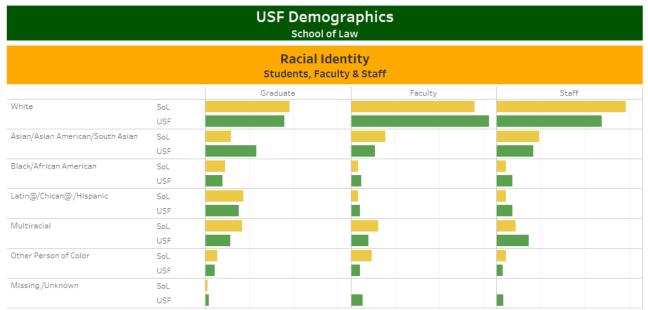
	USF Demographics School of Law									
				der Identity ts, Faculty & Staff						
				S	oL			USF		
Graduate		Woman		1	00			693		
		Man			71			282		
		Transspectrum			5			30		
		Missing/Unknown			<5			<5		
Faculty		Woman			19			334		
	Man			13				199		
		Transspectrum						15		
		Missing/Unknown						16		
Staff		Woman		36			375			
		Man			8			234		
		Transspectrum			<5			11		
		Missing/Unknown								
				der Identity ts, Faculty & Staff						
							0. 55			
Woman	SoL	Gr	aduate	Faculty			Staff			
	USF									
Man	SoL									
Transspectrum	SoL									
	USF									
Missing/Unknown	SoL USF									

 $The above visual shows the SoL vs \, USF \, percentage \, totals \, by \, Gender \, Identity, \, separated \, out \, by \, position. \, The \, bar \, lengths \, illustrate the \, percentage \, differences. \, and \, bar \, lengths \, illustrate the \, percentage \, differences. \, and \, bar \, lengths \, illustrate the \, percentage \, differences. \, and \, bar \, lengths \, illustrate the \, percentage \, differences. \, and \, bar \, lengths \, illustrate the \, percentage \, differences. \, and \, bar \, lengths \, illustrate the \, percentage \, differences. \, and \, bar \, lengths \, illustrate the \, percentage \, differences. \, and \, bar \, lengths \, illustrate the \, percentage \, differences. \, and \, bar \, lengths \, illustrate the \, percentage \, differences. \, and \, bar \, lengths \, illustrate the \, percentage \, differences. \, and \, bar \, lengths \, illustrate the \, percentage \, differences. \, and \, bar \, lengths \, illustrate the \, percentage \, differences. \, and \, bar \, lengths \, illustrate the \, percentage \, differences. \, and \, bar \, lengths \, illustrate the \, percentage \, differences. \, and \, bar \, lengths \, illustrate the \, percentage \, differences. \, and \, bar \, lengths \, illustrate the \, percentage \, differences. \, and \, bar \, lengths \, illustrate the \, percentage \, differences. \, and \, bar \, lengths \, illustrate the \, percentage \, differences. \, and \, bar \, lengths \, illustrate the \, bar \, lengths \, illustrate the \, lengths \, illustrate$

Racial Identity Comparison:

The School of Law Graduate student respondent population had a slightly higher percentage of White respondents, a lower percentage of Asian/Asian American/South Asian respondents, and higher percentages of Latin@/Chican@/Hispanic and Multiracial respondents, compared to the USF Graduate student respondent populations. The School of Law Faculty respondent population had a higher percentage of Asian/Asian American/South Asian, Multiracial and Other People of Color respondents, compared to the USF Faculty respondent population. The School of Law Staff respondent population had a much higher percentage of White student respondents, and a lower percentage of Multiracial and Black/African American student respondents, compared to the USF Graduate student population.

	USF Demogr School of La								
	Racial Identity Students, Faculty & Staff								
		SoL	USF						
Graduate	White	68	360						
	Asian/Asian American/South Asian	21	233						
	Latin@/Chican@/Hispanic	31	155						
	Black/African American	16	81						
	Multiracial	30	116						
	Other Person of Color	10	44						
	Missing /Unknown	<5	18						
	Total	178	1007						
Faculty	White	18	354						
	Asian/Asian American/South Asian	5	61						
	Latin@/Chican@/Hispanic	<5	24						
	Black/African American	<5	26						
	Multiracial	<5	45						
	Other Person of Color	<5	24						
	Missing /Unknown		30						
	Total	32	564						
Staff	White	27	298						
	Asian/Asian American/South Asian	9	105						
	Latin@/Chican@/Hispanic	<5	46						
	Black/African American	<5	47						
	Multiracial	<5	92						
	Other Person of Color	<5	19						
	Missing /Unknown		20						
	Total	46	627						

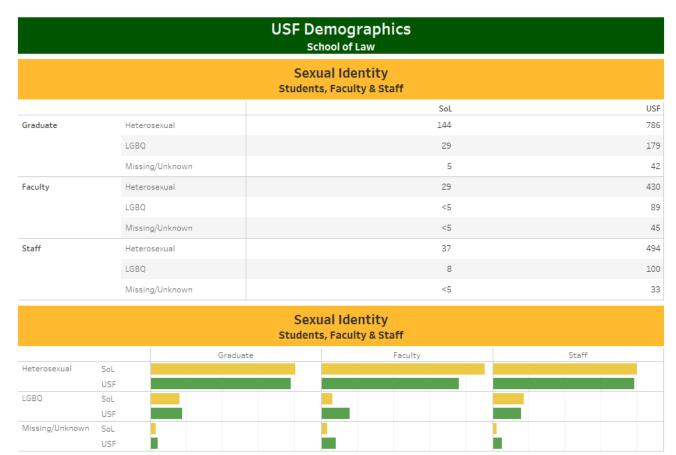


The above visual shows the SoL vs USF percentage totals by Racial Identity, separated out by position. The bar lengths illustrate the percentage differences.

Sexual Identity Comparison:

Sexual identity was broken into two major categories. Those who are heterosexual and those who are LGBQ (Lesbian, Gay, Bisexual, and Queer).

The School of Law had a higher percentage of heterosexual Graduate student, Faculty and Staff respondents, when compared to their corresponding USF respondent populations.



The above visual shows the SoL vs USF percentage totals by Sexual Identity, separated out by position. The bar lengths illustrate the percentage differences.

Citizenship Status Comparison:

The School of Law had a higher percentage of U.S. Citizen Graduate student, Faculty and Staff respondents, compared to the USF respondent populations. The percentage of U.S. Citizens in the School of Law Faculty respondents, in particular, were much higher than the USF Faculty respondent population.

				mographics ool of Law				
				nship Status s, Faculty & Staff				
					SoL			USF
Graduate	U.S. Citizen-Birth				144			705
	U.S. Citizen-Natur	alized			14			108
	Not U.S. Citizen/M	lultiple Citizenships			19			191
	Missing/Unknown				<5			<5
Faculty	U.S. Citizen-Birth				32		440	
	U.S. Citizen-Natur	alized						67
	Not U.S. Citizen/Multiple Citizenships							48
	Missing/Unknown							9
Staff	U.S. Citizen-Birth			41			508	
	U.S. Citizen-Natur	alized			<5			89
	Not U.S. Citizen/M	lultiple Citizenships			<5			26
	Missing/Unknown							
				nship Status s, Faculty & Staff				
			Graduate	Faculty	1		Staff	
U.S. Citizen-Birth								
Not U.S. Citizen/N	USF Multiple SoL	_						
Citizenships	USF							
U.S. Citizen-Natu								
	USF							
Missing/Unknow	n SoL USE							

The above visual shows the SoL vs USF percentage totals by Citizenship Status, separated out by position. The bar lengths illustrate the percentage differences.

Disability Identity Comparison:

The School of Law respondent disability percentages fell fairly in line with that of the USF respondent populations. However, the School of Law Graduate student and Staff respondents had higher percentages of respondents with a Single Disability, compared to their corresponding USF respondent populations.

USF Demographics School of Law Disability Status Students, Faculty & Staff SoL USF 145 Graduate No Disability 877 26 76 Single Disability Multiple Disability 7 46 8 Missing/Unknown No Disability Faculty 28 504 <5 33 Single Disability 13 Multiple Disability <5 14 Missing/Unknown 39 Staff No Disability 570 Single Disability 6 33 <5 16 Multiple Disability 8 Missing/Unknown **Disability Status** Students, Faculty & Staff Graduate Faculty Staff No Disability SoL USF Single Disability SoL USF Multiple Disability SoL Missing/Unknown

The above visual shows the SoL vs USF percentage totals by Disability Status, separated out by position. The bar lengths illustrate the percentage differences.

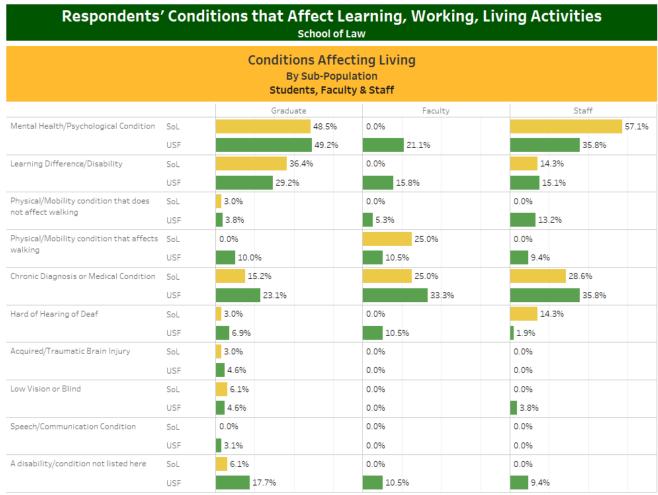
Of the 16.4% of School of Law respondents who reported having a disability, the most common were mental health/psychological condition (46%), learning difference/disability (30%), and chronic diagnosis or medical condition (18%). These were also the top three disabilities reported for the USF Overall respondent population.

Respondents' Conditions that Affect Learning, Working, Living Activities School of Law **Disability Status** Students, Faculty & Staff SoL USF No Disability 212 82.8% 3631 85.8% 13.3% 8.9% Single Disability Multiple Disability 8 3.1% 167 3.9% 0.8% 54 <5 1.3% Missing/Unknown **Grand Total** 256 100.0% 4230 100.0% **Conditions Affecting Living** Students, Faculty & Staff Mental Health/Psychological Condition 45.5% SoL

USF 52.6% Learning Difference/Disability 29.5% SoL USF 25.8% Chronic Diagnosis or Medical Condition SoL 18.2% USF 18.1% Physical/Mobility condition that does not affect walking 2.3% 5.1% USF 2.3% Physical/Mobility condition that affects walking SoL USF 6.3% Hard of Hearing of Deaf 4.5% SoL USF 5.8% Acquired/Traumatic Brain Injury 2.3% SoL USF 3.2% Low Vision or Blind 4.5% SoL USF 2.6% Speech/Communication Condition SoL 0.0% 0.7% USF 4.5% A disability/condition not listed here SoL USF 13.3%

 $Note: Survey\ respondents\ were\ able\ to\ mark\ more\ than\ one\ field, therefore\ the\ total\ is\ greater\ than\ 100\%.$

These top three conditions affecting living remained true for Graduate student respondents in the School of Law. The results varied a bit for both the Faculty and Staff populations. For School of Law Faculty respondents the top conditions affecting living were chronic diagnosis or medical condition (25.0%) and physical/mobility condition that affects walking (25.0%). For School of Law Staff respondents, the conditions affecting living were mental health/psychological condition (57.1%), and chronic diagnosis or medical condition (28.6%).



The above visual shows the SoL vs USF percentage totals by Conditions Affecting Living, separated out by position. The bar lengths illustrate the percentage differences. Note: Survey respondents were able to mark more than one field, therefore the total is greater than 100%.

Disabled respondents were asked to identify any general barriers they encountered at USF. In the School of Law, there weren't any specific barriers in any of these areas. The top general barrier faced by disabled USF Overall respondents was campus transportation/parking (14%).

Facilities Barriers Experienced by Respondents With Disabilities

As a person who identifies with a disability, have you experienced a barrier in any of the following areas at USF in the past year? School of Law

Students, Faculty & Staff

			Students, F	aculty & Staf	Γ			
Athletic & Re	creational Facili	ties	Classroo	om Buildings		Class	rooms/Labs	
	SoL	USF		SoL	USF		SoL	USF
Yes	<5	11	Yes	<5	37	Yes	<5	26
No	17	93	No	17	109	No	17	104
Not applicable	23	111	Not applicable	23	69	Not applicable	23	82
Dinir	ng Facilities		D	oors		Elev	ators/Lifts	
	SoL	USF		SoL	USF		SoL	USF
Yes	<5	22	Yes		24	Yes	<5	22
No	17	107	No	19	118	No	17	115
Not applicable	23	85	Not applicable	23	72	Not applicable	23	77
Emergen	cy Preparedness		Office	Furniture		Campus Tran	nsportation/Parl	king
	SoL	USF		SoL	USF		SoL	USF
Yes	<5	17	Yes	5	37	Yes	<5	39
No	17	115	No	15	111	No	14	105
Not applicable	22	80	Not applicable	21	65	Not applicable	23	70
Other Ca	mpus Buildings		On-campus Housing			Podium		
	SoL	USF		SoL	USF		SoL	USF
Yes	<5	22	Yes	<5	9	Yes	<5	15
No	15	106	No	10	83	No	14	99
Not applicable	24	85	Not applicable	26	119	Not applicable	24	98
S	Signage		Studios/Perfo	rming Arts Spac	es	Temporary Barri or M	ers due to Const aintenance	truction
	SoL	USF		SoL	USF		SoL	USF
Yes	<5	16	Yes		7	Yes	<5	21
No	16	122	No	15	81	No	16	96
Not applicable	23	75	Not applicable	25	124	Not applicable	23	95
	USF Clinic at S			Walkways/Pedestrian Paths/Crosswalks				
V		SoL	USF			SoL		USF
Yes		14	8			<5		23
Not applicable		14	77 127			16		110 76
		20	12/	тчос аррпсавле				

Additionally, respondents with Disabilities were asked if they had experienced barriers in technology/online environment, identity, or instructional/campus materials at USF within the past year. Respondents with Disabilities in the School of Law did not specify barriers in any of these areas.

Technology/Online Barriers Experienced by Respondents With Disabilities

As a person who identifies with a disability, have you experienced a barrier in any of the following areas at USF in the past year? School of Law

Students, Faculty & Staff

			Students	, raculty & Stal				
Accessible E	Electronic Format		Ca	nvas/TWEN		(Clickers	
	SoL	USF		SoL	USF		SoL	USF
Yes	<5	20	Yes	<5	17	Yes	<5	6
No	20	124	No	19	124	No	19	103
Not applicable	19	69	Not applicable	18	69	Not applicable	18	101
Computer Equipment			Elec	tronic Forms		Electr	onic Signage	
	SoL	USF		SoL	USF		SoL	USF
Yes	<5	15	Yes	<5	11	Yes	<5	7
No	19	123	No	19	129	No	20	134
Not applicable	17	72	Not applicable	17	69	Not applicable	17	68
Electro	onic Surveys		Library Resources			Phone/Phone Equipment		
	SoL	USF		SoL	USF		SoL	USF
Yes	<5	11	Yes	<5	13	Yes	<5	10
No	20	139	No	19	134	No	18	124
Not applicable	18	59	Not applicable	18	64	Not applicable	19	73
So	oftware		Video/Vide	o Audio Descriptio	n	١	Vebsite	
	SoL	USF		SoL	USF		SoL	USF
Yes	<5	9	Yes	<5	12	Yes	<5	13
No	16	116	No	19	120	No	21	132
Not applicable	19	81	Not applicable	18	74	Not applicable	18	62

Barriers in Identity Experienced by Respondents With Disabilities

As a person who identifies with a disability, have you experienced a barrier in any of the following areas at USF in the past year? School of Law

Students, Faculty & Staff

	Electronic Databases	Email Acco	unt	Intake Forms		
	SoL USF		SoL USF		SoL	USF
Yes	<5 15	Yes	<5 16	Yes		9
No	22 139	No	21 139	No	18	122
Not applical	ole 18 54	Not applicable	17 54	Not applicable	21	77

	Learning Technology			Surveys	
	SoL	USF		SoL	USF
Yes	<5	17	Yes	<5	14
No	19	134	No	21	140
Not applicable	18	58	Not applicable	17	49

Barriers in Instructional/Campus Materials Experienced by Respondents with Disabilities

As a person who identifies with a disability, have you experienced a barrier in any of the following areas at USF in the past year?

School of Law

Students, Faculty & Staff

			Students	s, Faculty & Sta	iff				
	Brochures		Faculty Re	Faculty Required Resources			Food Menus		
	SoL	USF		SoL	USF		SoL	USF	
Yes	<5	9	Yes	<5	11	Yes	<5	15	
No	20	141	No	21	128	No	21	121	
Not applicable	18	59	Not applicable	16	68	Not applicable	16	71	
	Forms		Libra	ry Resources		Other	Publications		
	SoL	USF		SoL	USF		SoL	USF	
Yes	<5	13	Yes	<5	11	Yes	<5	8	
No	20	143	No	21	139	No	22	143	
Not applicable	17	53	Not applicable	16	58	Not applicable	16	57	
	Syllabi		Т	extbooks			Captioning and scription	Text	
	SoL	USF		SoL	USF		SoL	USF	
Yes	<5	16	Yes	<5	17	Yes		10	
No	22	130	No	20	128	No	22	122	
Not applicable	16	62	Not applicable	16	61	Not applicable	17	72	

Religious Affiliation Comparison:

The School of Law Graduate student population fell closely in line with that of the USF Graduate student respondent population. The School of Law Faculty respondent population had a higher percentage of individuals with Multiple Religious/Spiritual Affiliations, and lower percentages with No Religious/Spiritual Affiliation or Christian Affiliation, compared to the USF Faculty respondent population. The School of Law Staff respondent population had higher percentages of No Religious/Spiritual Affiliation or Other Religious/Spiritual Affiliation, and a lower percentage of Christian Affiliation, compared to the USF Staff respondent population.

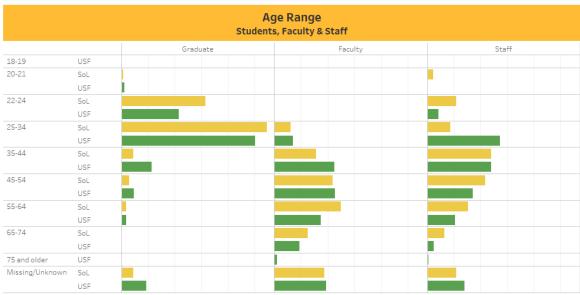
		USF	Demographics School of Law		
			gious Affiliation ents, Faculty & Staff		
				SoL	USF
Graduate	No Religious/Spiritual Affiliation including	Not Listed		71	391
	Christian Affiliation			72	406
	Other Religious/Spiritual Affiliation			19	131
	Multiple Religious/Spiritual Affiliations			8	58
	Missing/Unknown			8	21
Faculty	No Religious/Spiritual Affiliation including	Not Listed		13	256
	Christian Affiliation			8	161
	Other Religious/Spiritual Affiliation			<5	68
	Multiple Religious/Spiritual Affiliations			7	47
	Missing/Unknown				32
Staff	No Religious/Spiritual Affiliation including	Not Listed		22	247
	Christian Affiliation			15	279
	Other Religious/Spiritual Affiliation			5	30
	Multiple Religious/Spiritual Affiliations			<5	45
	Missing/Unknown			<5	26
			gious Affiliation ents, Faculty & Staff		
		Stud	Graduate	Faculty	Staff
Christian At	ffiliation	SoL	Graduce	racticy	Starr
		USF			
No Religiou	ıs/Spiritual Affiliation including Not Listed	SoL			
_		USF			
Other Relia	ious/Spiritual Affiliation	SoL			
	,-,-	USF			
Multiple Re	eligious/Spiritual Affiliations	SoL			
	_ , .	USF			
Missing/Un	known	SoL			
		USF			_

The above visual shows the SoL vs USF percentage totals by Religious Affiliation, separated out by position. The bar lengths illustrate the percentage differences.

Age Range Comparison:

The School of Law Graduate student respondent population had higher percentages of respondents in age categories 22-24, and 25-34, compared to the USF Graduate student respondent population. The School of Law Faculty respondents had lower percentages of respondents in age categories 25-54, and higher percentages of respondents in age categories 55-74, compared to the USF Faculty respondent population. The School of Law Staff respondents had higher percentages of respondents in age categories 22-24 and 45-74, and lower percentages of respondents in age categories 25-34, compared to the USF Staff respondent population.

USF Demographics School of Law Age Range Students, Faculty & Staff SoL USF Graduate 20-21 <5 11 56 216 22-24 25-34 97 504 35-44 8 115 45-54 5 46 55-64 <5 18 65-74 <5 <5 75 and older 8 94 Missing/Unknown Faculty 18-19 <5 22-24 <5 25-34 40 35-44 5 127 128 45-54 55-64 98 8 65-74 <5 53 75 and older Missing/Unknow 110 20-21 <5 <5 Staff 5 22-24 26 25-34 <5 171 35-44 11 150 45-54 10 107 55-64 7 65 65-74 <5 15 <5 75 and older Missing/Unknown 5 88



The above visual shows the SoL vs USF percentage totals by Age Range, separated out by position. The bar lengths illustrate the percentage differences.

Caregiving Responsibilities Comparison:

Students, Faculty and Staff were asked whether or not they had caregiving responsibilities, and then were asked to indicate what the responsibility was. A lower percentage of the School of Law Graduate student respondents indicated having substantial caregiving responsibilities, compared to the USF Graduate student respondent population. A much higher percentage of the School of Law Faculty respondents indicated having substantial caregiving responsibilities, compared to the USF Faculty respondent population. The School of Law Staff respondent population fell in line with the caregiving responsibilities indicated by the USF Staff respondent population. Of the 21% of the overall School of Law respondents that indicated having substantial caregiving responsibilities, the top responsibilities were for children 6-18 years (63%), children 5 years or under (31%), and children over 18 years of age, but still legally dependent (20%). This was in line with that of the USF Overall respondent population, in which the top responsibilities reported were for children 6-18 years (53%), children 5 years or under (35%), and senior or other family member (24%).

The School of Law Graduate student respondent population had a higher percentage of respondents responsible for children 5 years or under, a lower percentage of respondents responsible for dependent and independent children 18 years or older, compared to the USF Student respondent population. The School of Law Faculty respondents had a higher percentage of respondents responsible for independent children 6-18 years, a higher percentage of respondents responsible for independent children 18 years or older, and a lower percentage of respondents responsible for senior or other family member, compared to the USF Faculty respondent population. The School of Law Staff respondents had a lower percentage responsible for children 5 years or under, a higher percentage of respondents responsible for children 6-18 years, a much higher percentage of respondents responsible for independent children 18 years or older, and a lower percentage of respondents responsible for senior or other family members, compared to the USF Staff respondent population.

Respondents' Caregiving Responsibilities

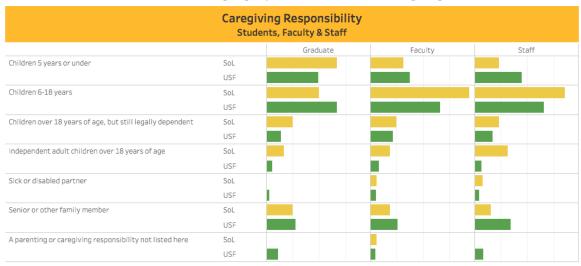
Respondents who have substantial parenting or caregiving responsibilities School of Law

Caregiving Responsibility Students, Faculty & Staff SoL USF 17 191 Graduate Yes, has substantial caregiving responsibilities. 161 807 No, does not have substantial caregiving responsibilities. No Response/NA 9 Faculty Yes, has substantial caregiving responsibilities. 20 240 12 No, does not have substantial caregiving responsibilities. 311 No Response/NA 13 Staff Yes, has substantial caregiving responsibilities. 16 233 30 383 No, does not have substantial caregiving responsibilities. 11 No Response/NA

Caregiving Responsibility Students, Faculty & Staff						
		Graduate	Faculty	Staff		
Yes, has substantial caregiving responsibilities.	SoL					
	USF					
No, does not have substantial caregiving responsibilities.	SoL					
	USF					
No Response/NA	USF					

The above visual shows the SoL vs USF percentage totals by Caregiving Responsibility, separated out by position. The bar lengths illustrate the percentage differences.

21% of respondents stated that they have substantial parenting or caregiving responsibilities. 21% of those respondents then indicated that their caregiving responsibilities fell into the following categories.



The above visual shows the SoL vs USF percentage totals by Caregiving Responsibility, separated out by position. The bar lengths illustrate the percentage differences. Note: Survey respondents were able to mark more than one field, therefore the total is greater than 100%.

Military Service Comparison:

The School of Law respondent population was in line with the USF Overall respondent population in regards to military service representation.

	USF Demographics School of Law					
	Military Service Students, Faculty & Staff					
		SoL	USF			
Graduate	Never served in the military	171	944			
	Now on active duty (including Reserves or National Guard)	<5	10			
	On active duty in the past, but not now	5	47			
	ROTC		<5			
	Missing/Unknown		5			
Faculty	Never served in the military	30	528			
	Now on active duty (including Reserves or National Guard)		<5			
	On active duty in the past, but not now	<5	20			
	ROTC	<5	<5			
	Missing/Unknown		10			
Staff	Never served in the military	46	599			
	Now on active duty (including Reserves or National Guard)		<5			
	On active duty in the past, but not now		21			
	ROTC		<5			
	Missing/Unknown		5			

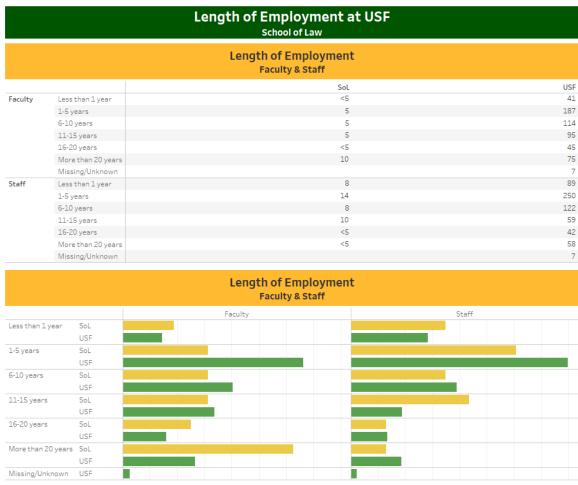
Military Service Students, Faculty & Staff							
		Grad	duate	Fac	ulty	St	taff
Never served in the military	SoL						
	USF						
Now on active duty (including Reserves or National Guard)	SoL						
	USF						
On active duty in the past, but not now	SoL						
	USF			1			
ROTC	SoL						
	USF						
Missing/Unknown	SoL						
	USF						

The above visual shows the SoL vs USF percentage totals by Military Service, separated out by position. The bar lengths illustrate the percentage differences.

Faculty/Staff Population Only

Length of Employment Comparison:

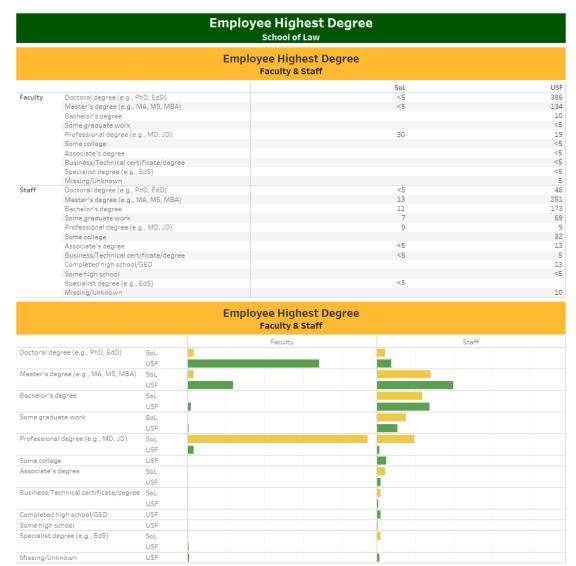
The School of Law Faculty respondents had a much higher percentage of respondents that had been at USF for more than 20 years, and a much lower percentage of Staff respondents that had been at USF for 1-5 years, compared to the USF Faculty respondent population. The School of Law Staff respondents had a much higher percentage of respondents that had been at USF for 11-15 years, and a lower percentage of respondents that had been at USF for 1-5 years, compared to the USF Staff respondent population.



The above visual shows the SoL vs USF percentage totals by Length of Employment, separated out by position. The bar lengths illustrate the percentage differences

Highest Level of Education Comparison:

The School of Law expectedly had a much higher percentage of Faculty respondents with Professional degrees, compared to the USF Faculty respondent population. The School of Law also had a much higher percentage of Staff respondents with Professional degrees, compared to the USF Staff respondent population.



The above visual shows the SoL vs USF percentage totals by Employee Highest Degree, separated out by position. The bar lengths illustrate the percentage differences.

Student Population Only

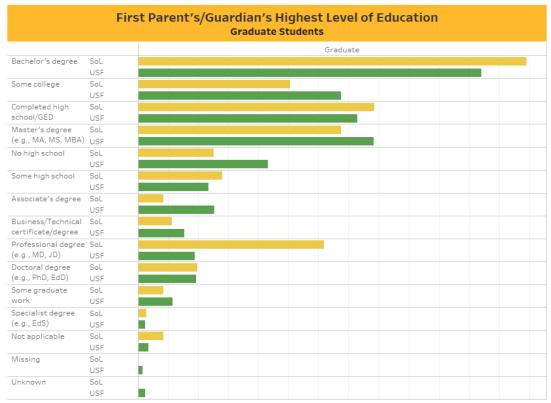
Students were asked to indicate the highest level of education achieved by their parent(s)/guardian(s).

Parent/Guardian #1 Education Level Comparison:

The School of Law Graduate student respondents had a much higher percentage of respondents that had a parent/guardian #1 with a Professional degree or a Bachelor's degree, and a lower

percentage with no high school or Associate's degree, compared to the USF Graduate student respondent population.

	USF Demographics School of Law						
	First Parent's/Guardian's Highest Level of Education Graduate Students						
		SoL	USF				
Graduate	Bachelor's degree	46	230				
	Some college	18	136				
	Completed high school/GED	28	147				
	Master's degree (e.g., MA, MS, MBA)	24	158				
	No high school	9	87				
	Some high school	10	47				
	Associate's degree	<5	51				
	Business/Technical certificate/degree	<5	31				
	Professional degree (e.g., MD, JD)	22	38				
	Doctoral degree (e.g., PhD, EdD)	7	39				
	Some graduate work	<5	23				
	Specialist degree (e.g., EdS)	<5	5				
	Not applicable	<5	7				
	Missing		<5				
	Unknown		5				



The above visual shows the SoL vs USF percentage totals by First Parent's/Guardian's Highest Level of Education, separated out by position. The bar lengths illustrate the percentage differences.

Parent/Guardian #2 Education Level Comparison:

The School of Law Graduate student respondents had a much higher percentage of respondents in which parent/guardian #2 had a Bachelor's degree, compared to the corresponding USF Graduate student respondent population.

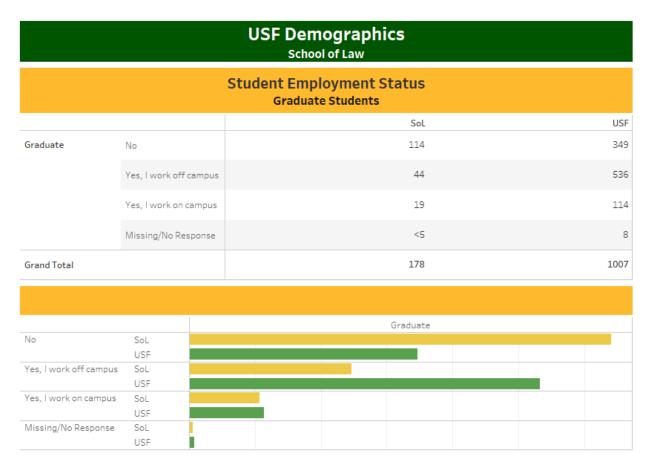
Second Parent's/Guardian's Highest Level of Eduardian's Highest Level of Eduardian Students Graduate Bachelor's degree Completed high school/GED Some college Master's degree (e.g., MA, MS, MBA) Associate's degree No high school Some high school	SoL 51 27 17 22 7 10 8 <5 8 <5	USI 23: 148 126 55 8: 56 34
Completed high school/GED Some college Master's degree (e.g., MA, MS, MBA) Associate's degree No high school Some high school	51 27 17 22 7 10 8 <5	23 14 12 12 5 8 5
Completed high school/GED Some college Master's degree (e.g., MA, MS, MBA) Associate's degree No high school Some high school	51 27 17 22 7 10 8 <5	14: 12: 12: 5: 8: 5:
Some college Master's degree (e.g., MA, MS, MBA) Associate's degree No high school Some high school	17 22 7 10 8 <5 8	128 126 59 83 56
Some college Master's degree (e.g., MA, MS, MBA) Associate's degree No high school Some high school	22 7 10 8 <5 8	124 55 83 54
Master's degree (e.g., MA, MS, MBA) Associate's degree No high school Some high school	22 7 10 8 <5 8	124 55 83 54
Associate's degree No high school Some high school	7 10 8 <5 8	5: 8: 5:
No high school Some high school	10 8 <5 8	8; 5(
Some high school	8 <5 8	56
	<5 8	34
	8	
Business/Technical certificate/degree		28
Professional degree (e.g., MD, JD)	<5	
Doctoral degree (e.g., PhD, EdD)		24
Some graduate work	<5	22
Specialist degree (e.g., EdS)	<5	<5
Not applicable	11	41
Unknown	6	19
Missing	· ·	
Second Parent's/Guardian's Highest Level of Edu Graduate Students	ucation	
Graduate Associate's degree SoL		
USF		
Bachelor's degree SoL USF		
Business/Technical SoL		
certificate/degree USF Completed high school/GED SoL		
Completed high school/GED SoL USF		
Doctoral degree (e.g., PhD, SoL EdD) USF		
EdD) USF Master's degree (e.g., MA, SoL		
MS, MBA) USF		
Missing USF		
No high school SoL USF		
Not applicable SoL		
USF		
Professional degree (e.g., MD, SoL		
JD) USF		
Some college SoL USF		
Some graduate work SoL		
USF		
Some high school SoL USF		
Specialist degree (e.g., EdS) SoL		
USF		
Unknown SoL		

The above visual shows the SoL vs USF percentage totals by Second Parent's/Guardian's Highest Level of Education, separated out by position. The bar lengths illustrate the percentage differences.

Students were asked whether they were employed either on campus or off campus during the academic year.

Student Employment Comparison:

Within the School of Law, 35% of Graduate student respondents indicated that they worked, compared to 65% of the USF Graduate student respondent population.



The above visual shows the SoL vs USF percentage totals by Employment Status, separated out by position. The bar lengths illustrate the percentage differences.

Students were then asked to indicate the total number of hours they work per week on campus and off campus.

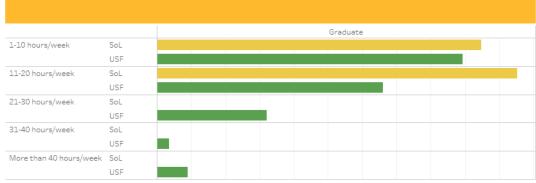
The School of Law Graduate student respondents had a higher percentage of respondents that worked on campus for 1-10 hours/week, and a much higher percentage of respondents that worked on campus for 11-20 hours/week, compared to the USF Graduate student respondent population. No School of Law Graduate student respondents reported working on campus for more than 20 hours/week. The School of Law Graduate student respondents had a much higher percentage for respondents that worked off campus for 1-20 hours/week, and a much lower

percentage of respondents that indicated working off campus more than 30 hours/week, compared to the USF Graduate student respondent population.

USF Demographics School of Law

Of the students who were employed, the following indicates the amount of hours worked in a week.

On Campus Employment Hours Graduate Students					
		SoL	USF		
Graduate	1-10 hours/week	9	50		
	11-20 hours/week	10	37		
	21-30 hours/week		18		
	31-40 hours/week		<5		
	More than 40 hours/week		5		



 $The above visual shows the SoL vs \, USF percentage totals \, by \, On \, Campus \, Employment \, Hours, \, separated \, out \, by \, position. \, The \, bar \, lengths \, illustrate the percentage \, differences.$

Off Campus Employment Hours Graduate Students					
		SoL	USF		
Graduate	1-10 hours/week	14	48		
	11-20 hours/week	14	97		
	21-30 hours/week	7	76		
	31-40 hours/week	<5	156		
	More than 40 hours/week	7	157		



 $The above visual shows the SoL vs \, USF \, percentage \, totals \, by \, Off \, Campus \, Employment \, Hours, separated \, out \, by \, position. \, The \, bar \, lengths \, illustrate \, the \, percentage \, differences.$

Student were asked whether they experienced financial hardship while attending USF.

Student Financial Hardship Comparison:

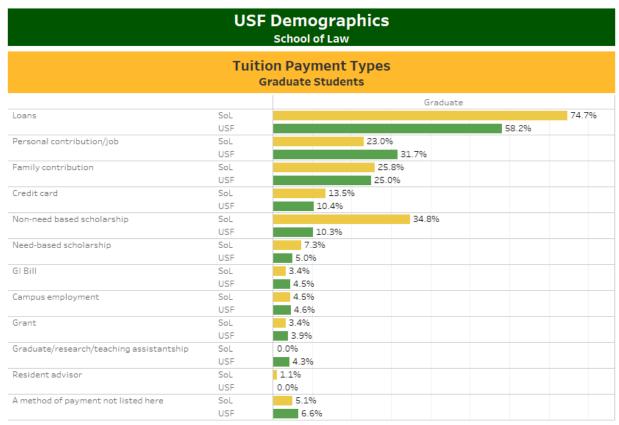
Forty-nine percent of the School of Law student population indicated that they experienced financial hardship, compared to the fifty-five percent of USF Graduate student respondents that experienced financial hardship

Students were then asked how they experienced financial hardship. Of the 49% of the School of Law Graduate student respondents that indicated they experienced financial hardship, the top types of hardship were difficulty in affording housing (59%), difficulty in affording unpaid internships/research opportunities (54%), and difficulty purchasing books/course materials (53%). These top three types of hardship differed from that of the USF Graduate student respondent population. They were: difficulty affording tuition (78%), difficulty purchasing books/course materials (58%), and difficulty affording housing (53%).

			ographics of Law		
			rdship Status e Students		
		SoL	%	USF	%
Graduate	Yes	n 87	48.9%	540	53.6%
	No	91	51.1%	455	45.2%
	Missing/Unknown			12	1.2%
	Total	178	100.0%	1007	100.0%
		Type of Fina	ncial Hardship		
			e Students		
Difficulty af	fording tuition	SoL		51.7%	
		USF			78.0%
Difficulty pu	urchasing my books/course materia			52.9%	
		USF		57.6	
Difficulty in affording housing		SoL USF		58.0 52.7%	570
Difficulty pa	articipating in social events	SoL		46.0%	
Difficulty pe	articipating in social events	USF		36.1%	
Difficulty in	affording health care	SoL		35.6%	
	-	USF	21.0%		
Difficulty af	fording travel to and from USF	SoL		32.2%	
		USF		29.6%	
Difficulty af	fording food	SoL		46.0%	
		USF		36.8%	
Difficulty af	fording commuting to campus	SoL		32.2%	
		USF	17.7%		
Difficulty in	affording other campus fees	SoL	19.5%		
B.66. II.		USF	23.2		
Difficulty in opportunitie	affording unpaid internships/rese es	arch SoL USF	25	54.0% 1%	
Difficulty affording co-curricular events or activities			20.7%		
Difficulty at	roraning co-curricular events or acti	USF	21.1%		
Difficulty in	affording alternative spring break		19.5%		
,		USF	21.2%		
Difficulty in	affording childcare	SoL	6.9%		
		USF	3.9%		
Missing/Unl	known	SoL	8.0%		
		USF	3.6%		

The above visual shows the SoL vs USF percentage totals by Type of Financial Hardship, for Graduate Students only. The bar lengths illustrate the percentage differences.

Students were asked how they were paying for their tuition at USF. Students could select multiple payment types. In the School of Law, the top payment type for Graduate student respondents, was loans (75%). The top payment types indicated by the USF Graduate student respondent population, was also loans (58%).



The above visual shows the SoL vs USF percentage totals by Tuition Payment Types, separated out by position. The bar lengths illustrate the percentage differences.

Note: Survey respondents were able to mark more than one field, therefore the total is greater than 100%.

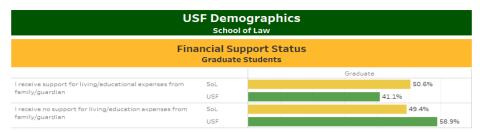
Students were asked whether they received financial support from a family member or guardian to assist them with living/educational expenses.

Student Financial Support Comparison:

The School of Law Graduate student respondents had a higher percentage indicate that they received support for living/educational expenses from family/guardian (51%), compared to the USF Graduate student respondent population (41%).

Within the School of Law student respondent population that indicated receiving financial support from their family/guardian, 56% had annual incomes greater than or equal to \$70,000. In contrast, within the School of Law student respondent population that indicated receiving No financial support from their family/guardian, 65% had annual incomes less than \$70,000. Within the USF Graduate student respondent population that indicated receiving financial support from their family/guardian, 62% had annual incomes greater than or equal to \$70,000. The School of Law was in line with the USF Graduate student population that indicated receiving No financial

support from family/guardian, with 65% of the USF Graduate student respondents having annual incomes less than \$70,000.



Family's yearly income (if dependent student, partnered, or married) or Student's yearly income (if single and independent student).





The above visual shows the SoL vs USF percentage totals by Yearly Income, separated out by position. The bar lengths illustrate the percentage differences

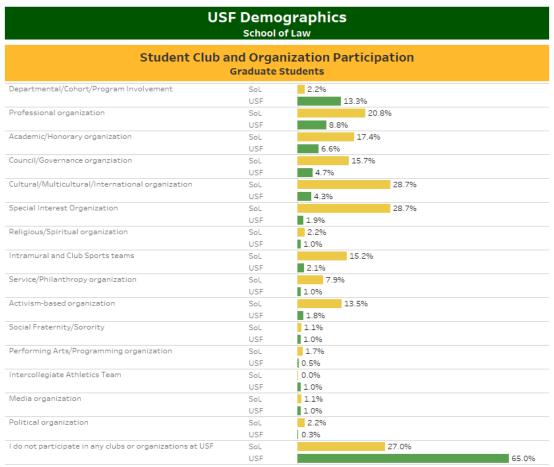
Student Residency Status Comparison:

The School of Law Graduate student respondents had a higher percentage of respondents indicate they resided in campus housing (14%), compared to the USF Graduate student respondent population (2%).

			US	F Demo	ograph of Law	ics			
					dency St				
							SoL	US	F
							n %	n	9/
Graduate	Non-campus	shousing				157	2 85.4%	955	94.8%
	Campus hou	ising				24	4 13.5%	24	2.49
	Transient							10	1.09
	Missing/Unl	known				<	5 1.1%	18	1.89
	Total					178		1007	100.09
	Total						3 100.070	1007	100.07
			Stud		dency St	tatus			
					(Graduate			
Non-campus	SoL							85.4%	
housing Campus housing	USF SoL		13.5%						94.8%
campus nousing	USF	2.4%	15.570						
Transient	SoL								
NA::/!!-!		1.0%							
Missing/Unknown	SoL USF	1.1%							
			On Cam	nus Res	idency L	ocation			
					Graduate S				
								SoL	USI
Campus housing	Graduate	Toler							<5
		Hayes-He	ealy						<5
		Gillson Loyola Vi	illage					<5	<5 11
		Lone Moi	-					13	<5
		St. Anne						20	<5
		Missing/	Unknown					<5	<5
	Total							24	24
			Off Cam	ipus Res	idency L	ocation			
			Undergr	aduate & (Graduate S	Students			
								SoL	USI
Non-campus housing	Graduate	Indepen	dently in an a	partment/ho	use			118	685
		Living w	ith family me	ember/guardia	an			27	205
		College-	owned housir	ng				<5	<2
		Missing,	/Unknown					<5	62
	Total							152	955

Student Club Experience:

Students were asked if they were a member of, or have participated in, any of the following clubs/organizations since having been at USF. Twenty-seven percent of the School of Law student respondent population indicated that they do not participate in any clubs or organizations at USF. This is a difference from the USF Graduate student respondent population, in which sixty-five percent indicated that they do not participate in any clubs or organizations at USF. Within the population of School of Law students that did indicate participating in a club or organization, the top ones were special interest organization (29%), and cultural/multicultural/international organization (29%). Within the population of USF Graduate student respondents that did indicate participating in a club or organization, the top one was a departmental/cohort/program involvement (13%).



The above visual shows the SoL vs USF percentage totals by Clubs/Organizations, separated out by position. The bar lengths illustrate the percentage differences.

Students were asked what their cumulative grade point average was after their last semester.

Student Self-Reported GPA Comparison:

The School of Law Graduate student respondents also had a lower percentage of respondents indicate that they had a GPA of 3.75-4.00, as well as much higher percentages of students with GPA's between 2.50-2.99 and 3.00-3.24, when compared to the USF Graduate student respondent population.

		USF Demo		
		Grade Poin		
			SoL	USF
Graduate	3.75-4.00		8	467
	3.25-3.74		30	145
	3.00-3.24		34	36
	2.50-2.99		39	9
	2.00-2.49		5	<5
	No GPA as of yet, I am in my fi	rst semester at USF	62	339
	Total		178	999
		Grade Poin		
			Graduate	
3.75-4.00		SoL USF		
3.25-3.74		SoL USF		
3.00-3.24		SoL USF		
2.50-2.99		SoL USF		
2.00-2.49		SoL USF		
No GPA as of ye	et, I am in my first semester at USF	SoL USF		

The above visual shows the SoL vs USF percentage totals by self-reported GPA, separated out by position. The bar lengths illustrate the percentage differences.

Climate Results

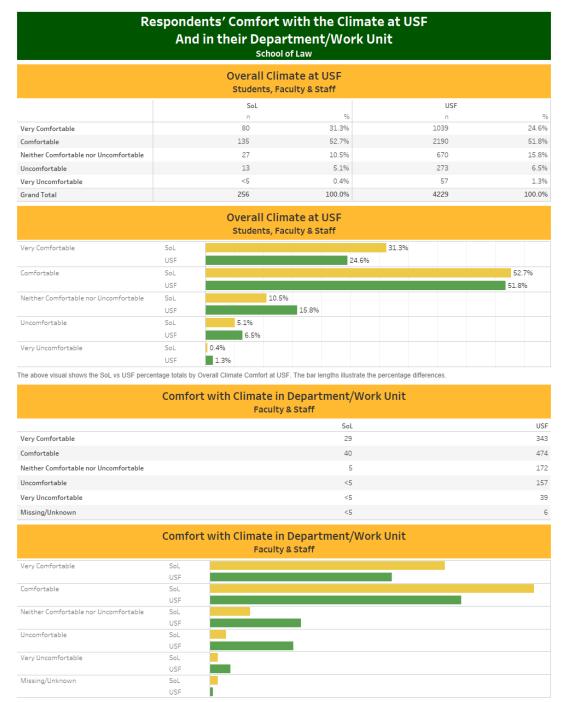
The following section reviews the climate findings for the School of Law. The analysis explored the climate at USF through an examination of respondents' personal experiences, their general perceptions of campus climate, and their perceptions of institutional actions regarding climate on campus, including administrative policies and academic initiatives.

Comfort with Overall Campus Climate at USF:

Eighty-four percent of the School of Law respondent population stated that they were either "comfortable" or "very comfortable" with the climate at USF. In comparison, seventy-six percent of the USF Overall respondent population said they were either "comfortable" or "very comfortable" with the climate at USF.

Comfort with the Climate in the Department/Program or Work Unit:

Eighty-nine percent of the School of Law Faculty and Staff respondent population stated that they were either "comfortable" or "very comfortable" with the climate in their department/program or work unit. In comparison, sixty-nine percent of the USF Faculty and Staff respondent population stated that they were either "comfortable" or "very comfortable" with the climate in their department/program or work unit.

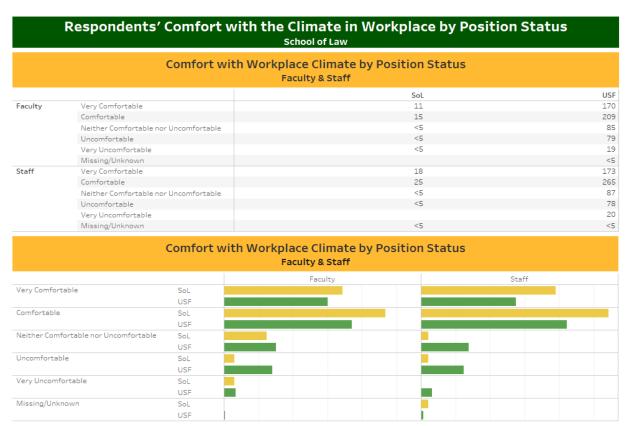


The above visual shows the SoL vs USF percentage totals by Comfort with Climate in Department/Work Unit. The bar lengths illustrate the percentage differences.

Analyses was conducted to determine whether respondents' levels of comfort with the overall climate, and the climate in their workplaces differed based on various demographic characteristics, such as position status, gender identity, racial identity, sexual identity, disability status, income level status (students only), and first generation status (students only).

Comfort with Climate in Workplace by Position Status:

Eighty-one percent of Faculty respondents and ninety-three percent of Staff respondents in the School of Law respondent population stated that they were either "comfortable" or "very comfortable" with the climate in their department/program or work unit. In comparison, sixty-seven percent of Faculty and seventy percent of Staff in the USF Faculty and Staff respondent populations stated that they were either "comfortable" or "very comfortable" with the climate in their department/program or work unit.

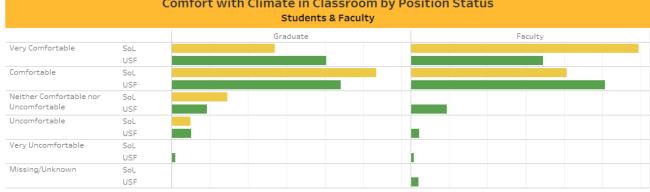


The above visual shows the SoL vs USF percentage totals by Comfort with Workplace Climate, separated out by position. The bar lengths illustrate the percentage differences

Comfort with Climate in the Classroom by Position Status:

Eighty percent of the School of Law Graduate student respondents, and one-hundred percent of the School of Law Faculty respondents stated that they were either "comfortable" or "very comfortable" with the climate in the classroom. In comparison, eighty-five percent of the USF Graduate student respondent population, and eighty-five percent of the USF Faculty respondent population stated that they were either "comfortable" or "very comfortable" with the climate in the classroom.

Respondents' Comfort with the Climate in Classroom by Position Status School of Law Comfort with Climate in Classroom by Position Status Students & Faculty SoL USF 48 Very Comfortable 407 Graduate 95 444 Comfortable 26 93 Neither Comfortable nor Uncomfortable 52 Uncomfortable Very Uncomfortable 10 Missing/Unknown <5 Faculty Very Comfortable 19 195 Comfortable 13 286 Neither Comfortable nor Uncomfortable 53 Uncomfortable 13 Very Uncomfortable Missing/Unknown 12 Comfort with Climate in Classroom by Position Status Students & Faculty Graduate Faculty Very Comfortable Sol



The above visual shows the SoL vs USF percentage totals by Comfort with Climate in Classroom, separated out by position. The bar lengths illustrate the percentage differences

Comfort with Overall Campus Climate at USF by Gender Identity:

Within the School of Law respondent population, 86% of Transspectrum, 85% of Men, and 85% of Women respondents, reported feeling "comfortable" or "very comfortable" with overall campus climate at USF. In comparison, within the USF Overall respondent population, 57% of Transspectrum, 80% of Men, and 73% of Women, reported feeling "comfortable" or "very comfortable" with overall campus climate at USF.

	Kespont	dents' Comfort wi	School of Law	ace by dender it	rentity		
			mate by Gender Id dents, Faculty & Staff	lentity			
				SoL	US		
Transspectrum	Very Comfortable			<5			
	Comfortable			5	2		
		ble nor Uncomfortable		45	1		
	Uncomfortable Very Uncomfortab			<5	<		
Men	Very Comfortable			31	24		
Wich	Comfortable			47	32		
	Neither Comforta	ble nor Uncomfortable		11	8		
	Uncomfortable			<5	4		
	Very Uncomfortab	ole			1		
Women				48	36 66		
	Comfortable		83				
		ble nor Uncomfortable		15	24		
	Uncomfortable			8 <5	11		
Missing/Unknown	Very Uncomfortable known Very Comfortable			<5	2 <		
wissing/onknown	Comfortable				1		
		ble nor Uncomfortable		<5	<		
	Uncomfortable		<5				
	Very Uncomfortab	ole			<		
			mate by Gender Id	lentity			
		1	dents, Faculty & Staff	14/	Mindon / University		
Very Comfortable	SoL	Transspectrum	Men	Women	Missing/Unknown		
	USF						
Comfortable	SoL				_		
comorcabic	USF						
Neither Comfortable							
Uncomfortable							
	USF						
Uncomfortable	SoL						
	USF						
Very Uncomfortable	SoL						
	USF						

The above visual shows the SoL vs USF percentage totals by Overall Climate Comfort, separated out by Gender Identity. The bar lengths illustrate the percentage differences.

Comfort with Climate in Workplace by Gender Identity:

In the School of Law Faculty and Staff respondent population, 50% of Transspectrum respondents, and 91% of Men respondents, and 89% of Women respondents, stated that they were either "comfortable" or "very comfortable" with the climate in their department/program or work unit. In the USF Faculty and Staff respondent population, 69% of Transspectrum respondents, 79% of Men respondents, and 63% of Women respondents, stated that they were either "comfortable" or "very comfortable" with the climate in their department/program or work unit.

Respondents' Comfort with Climate in Department/Work Unit by Gender Identity School of Law

	Workplace Climate by Gender Identity Faculty & Staff					
		SoL	USF			
Transspectrum	Very Comfortable		5			
	Comfortable	<5	13			
	Neither Comfortable nor Uncomfortable		6			
	Uncomfortable		<5			
	Missing/Unknown	<5				
Men	Very Comfortable	8	158			
	Comfortable	11	182			
	Neither Comfortable nor Uncomfortable	<5	39			
	Uncomfortable	<5	40			
	Very Uncomfortable		11			
	Missing/Unknown		<5			
Women	Very Comfortable	21	176			
	Comfortable	28	272			
	Neither Comfortable nor Uncomfortable	<5	122			
	Uncomfortable	<5	109			
	Very Uncomfortable	<5	27			
	Missing/Unknown		<5			
Missing/Unknown	Very Comfortable		<5			
3,	Comfortable		7			
	Neither Comfortable nor Uncomfortable		5			
	Uncomfortable		6			
	Very Uncomfortable		<5			

		Workplace C	limate by Gender Id Faculty & Staff	entity	
		Transspectrum	Men	Women	Missing/Unknown
Very Comfortable	SoL				
	USF				
Comfortable	SoL				
	USF				
Neither Comfortable nor	SoL				
Uncomfortable	USF				
Uncomfortable	SoL				
	USF				
Very Uncomfortable	SoL				
	USF				
Missing/Unknown	SoL				
	USF				

The above visual shows the SoL vs USF percentage totals by Workplace Climate, separated out by Gender Identity. The bar lengths illustrate the percentage differences.

Comfort with Climate in the Classroom by Gender Identity:

Within the School of Law Student and Faculty respondent population, 80% of Transspectrum respondents, 83% of Men respondents, and 83% of Women respondents, stated that they were either "comfortable" or "very comfortable" with the climate in their department/program or work unit. In comparison, within the USF Overall respondent population, 78% of Transspectrum respondents, 86% of Men respondents, and 86% of Women respondents, stated that they were either "comfortable" or "very comfortable" with the climate in their department/program or work unit.

Respondents' Comfort with Climate in the Classroom by Gender Identity School of Law

	Comfort with Climate in the Classroom by Gender Identity Students & Faculty						
		SoL	USF				
Transspectrum	Very Comfortable	<5	12				
	Comfortable	<5	23				
	Neither Comfortable nor Uncomfortable	<5	<5				
	Uncomfortable		5				
	Very Uncomfortable		<5				
Men	Very Comfortable	33	204				
	Comfortable	37	204				
	Neither Comfortable nor Uncomfortable	8	40				
	Uncomfortable	6	20				
	Very Uncomfortable		8				
Women	Very Comfortable	32	381				
	Comfortable	67	497				
	Neither Comfortable nor Uncomfortable	17	95				
	Uncomfortable	<5	40				
	Very Uncomfortable		6				
Missing/Unknown	Very Comfortable	<5	5				
	Comfortable	<5	6				
	Neither Comfortable nor Uncomfortable		7				

Comfort with Climate in the Classroom by Gender Status Students & Faculty							
		Transspectrum	Men	Women	Missing/Unknown		
Very Comfortable	SoL						
	USF						
Comfortable	SoL						
	USF						
Neither Comfortable nor Uncomfortable	SoL						
	USF						
Uncomfortable	SoL						
	USF						
Very Uncomfortable	USF						

The above visual shows the SoL vs USF percentage totals by Comfort with Climate in the Classroom, separated out by Gender Identity. The bar lengths illustrate the percentage differences.

Comfort with Overall Campus Climate at USF by Racial Identity:

Within the School of Law respondent population, 76% of Latin@/Chican@/Hispanic respondents, and 80% of Other Person of Color respondents stated that they were either "comfortable" or "very comfortable" with the overall campus climate. In the USF Overall respondent population, 63% of Black/African American respondents, and 69% of Other People of Color respondents stated that they were either "comfortable" or "very comfortable" with the overall campus climate at USF.

		Responde	ents' Comfo		Overa		by Racial Ide	entity	
			Overall (y Racial Id	entity		
				Studen	ts, Faculty	& Starr	SoL		
White		Very Comfor				USF 305 477			
		Neither Com Uncomforta Very Uncom	nfortable nor Uncomfo ble fortable	rtable			11 6 <5		13 8 1 3
Black/African A	merican	Comfortable Neither Com	Very Comfortable Comfortable Neither Comfortable nor Uncomfortable Uncomfortable				<5 15 <5 <5		3 6 3
Asian/Asian Am	erican/South Asiai	Neither Comfortable Neither Com Uncomforta	rtable e nfortable nor Uncomfor ble	rtable			11 21 <5		11 21 4
Latin@/Chican(@/Hispanic	Very Comfor Comfortable Neither Com Uncomforta	Very Uncomfortable Very Comfortable Comfortable Neither Comfortable nor Uncomfortable				6 20 <5 <5		6 10 2 1 1
Other Person of	f Color	Very Comfor Comfortable Neither Com Uncomforta	Very Uncomfortable Very Comfortable Comfortable Neither Comfortable nor Uncomfortable Uncomfortable			5 7 <5			
Multiracial		Very Comfor Comfortable Neither Com Uncomforta	Very Uncomfortable Very Comfortable Comfortable Neither Comfortable nor Uncomfortable Uncomfortable		14 18 <5 <5			5 68 109 50 22 <5 9	
Missing /Unkno	wn	Very Uncom Very Comfor Comfortable Neither Com Uncomforta Very Uncom	rtable e nfortable nor Uncomfor ble	rtable	<5 <5				2
			Overall (Climate b	y Racial Id	entity		
							1		
		White	Black/African American	Asian/ American/S		Latin@/Chican@ /Hispanic	Other Person of Color	Multiracial	Missing /Unknown
Very Comfortable	SoL					_			
	USF								
Comfortable	SoL								
	USF								
Neither Comfortable nor	SoL							_	
Uncomfortable									
Uncomfortable									
V	USF								
Very Uncomfortable	SoL								

The above visual shows the SoL vs USF percentage totals by Overall Campus Climate, separated out by Racial Identity. The bar lengths illustrate the percentage differences.

Comfort with Climate in Workplace by Racial Identity:

In the School of Law Faculty and Staff respondent population, only 67% of Black/African American respondents stated that they were either "comfortable" or "very comfortable" with the climate in their department/program or work unit. In comparison, in the USF Faculty and Staff respondent population, 58% of Other People of Color respondents, and 60% of Black/African American respondents stated that they were either "comfortable" or "very comfortable" with the climate in their department/program or work unit.

	Res	pondents	' Comfort v	vith Workpla School of Lav		by Racial Id	entity	
		Co	omfort with W	orkplace Clima		Identity		
				Faculty & Sta	п			
						SoL 17		USI 208
White		Very Comfortable	8			23		255
		Neither Comforts	able nor Uncomfortable			<5		80
		Uncomfortable Very Uncomforta	bla			<5 <5		82
		Missing/Unknow	n					<5 15
Black/African Americ	an	Very Comfortable Comfortable	8			<5 <5		15
			able nor Uncomfortable			<5		2! 1: 1: </td
		Uncomfortable						1:
Asian/Asian America	n/Couth Asian	Very Uncomforta Very Comfortable				<5		<5 40
Asian/Asian America	ny South Asian	Comfortable				8		7
		Neither Comforta	able nor Uncomfortable	8		<5		24
		Uncomfortable Very Uncomforta	hle			<5		2:
Latin@/Chican@/His	panic	Very Comfortable				<5		20
C/ C/		Comfortable				<5		29
		Neither Comforta Uncomfortable	able nor Uncomfortable	3				14
		Very Uncomforta						12
O+b D £ C - l -		Missing/Unknow Very Comfortable			<5			<5 10
Other Person of Color		Comfortable	5			<5		15
		Neither Comforts	able nor Uncomfortable					9
		Uncomfortable Very Uncomforta	blo					<5
		Missing/Unknow				<5		<5
Multiracial		Very Comfortable	9		<5 <5			44 58
		Comfortable Neither Comforta	able nor Uncomfortable		<5			19
		Uncomfortable						14
NA: - /II I		Very Uncomforta Very Comfortable						<5
Missing/Unknown		Comfortable	=					11
		Neither Comforta	able nor Uncomfortable					16
		Uncomfortable Very Uncomforta	bla					15 <5
				(. t . l D i . l	rational trans		
		Co	omfort with w	orkplace Clima Faculty & Sta		identity		
		White-	Black/African	Asian/Asian	Latin@/Chican@	Other Berner of Color	Multinesial	Mississ /Usland
Very Comfortable	SoL	White	American	American/South Asi	/Hispanic	Other Person of Color	Multiracial	Missing /Unknown
very connortable								
	USF							
Comfortable	SoL							
	USF							
Neither Comfortable	SoL							
nor Uncomfortable	USF							
Uncomfortable	SoL	_						
	USF							
/							_	
Very Uncomfortable	E.							
	USF							
Missing/Unknown	SoL							

The above visual shows the SoL vs USF percentage totals by Comfort with Workplace Climate, separated out by Racial Identity. The bar lengths illustrate the percentage differences.

Comfort with Climate in the Classroom by Racial Identity:

In the School of Law Student and Faculty population, only 62% of Other People of Color respondents stated that they were either "comfortable" or "very comfortable" with the climate in the classroom. In comparison, in the USF Overall Student and Faculty population, 81% of Other People of Color respondents stated that they were either "comfortable" or "very comfortable" with the climate in the classroom.

Re	spondents' (Comfort wit	th the Classi School of La		e by Racia	al Identity		
	Cor	mfort with Cli	mate in Classr	•	Identity			
				,	SoL		US	
White	Very Comfortabl	e			27		30	
	Comfortable				47		33	
	Neither Comfort Uncomfortable	able nor Uncomfortab	le		8 <5		5	
	Very Uncomforta	able			45		<	
Black/African American	Very Comfortabl				<5		3	
	Comfortable				12		4	
	Neither Comfort Uncomfortable	able nor Uncomfortab	le		<5 <5		1	
	Very Uncomforta	able			\5		<	
Asian/Asian American/South As	ian Very Comfortabl				8		11	
	Comfortable				17		14	
		able nor Uncomfortab	le		<5		2	
	Uncomfortable Very Uncomforta	able					<	
Latin@/Chican@/Hispanic	Very Comfortabl				7		6	
c, c, .	Comfortable				18		8	
		able nor Uncomfortab	le		5		1	
	Uncomfortable Very Uncomforta	-1-1-			<5		<	
Other Person of Color	Very Comfortabl				6		2	
other reradiror color	Comfortable			<5				
		able nor Uncomfortab	le	<5				
	Uncomfortable			<5				
Multiracial	Very Uncomforta Very Comfortabl				17		< 5	
Williaciai	Comfortable	C		11			7	
	Neither Comfort	able nor Uncomfortab	le		5		7 1 1	
	Uncomfortable			<5				
	Very Uncomforta				<5		< 1	
Missing /Unknown	Very Comfortable Comfortable	e		<5				
		able nor Uncomfortab	le					
	Uncomfortable							
	Very Uncomforta	able						
	Cor	nfort with Cli	mate in Classr		Identity			
			Students and Fa	iculty				
		Black/African	Asian/Asian	Latin@/Chican@				
	White	American	American/South Asi	/Hispanic	Multiracial	Other Person of Color	Missing/Unknown	
Very Comfortable SoL								
USF								
Comfortable SoL								
USF								
Neither Comfortable SoL								
nor Uncomfortable USF								
Uncomfortable SoL	T .	T						
USF	i l					ī		
Very Uncomfortable USF		1	•		_			
,		1		1		1	-	

The above visual shows the SoL vs USF percentage totals by Comfort with Climate in Classroom, separated out by Racial Identity. The bar lengths illustrate the percentage differences

Comfort with Overall Campus Climate at USF by Sexual Identity:

In the School of Law respondent population, 86% of Heterosexual respondents and 80% of LGBQ respondents indicated that they were either "comfortable" or "very comfortable" with the overall campus climate at USF. Comparatively, in the USF Overall population, 76% of Heterosexual respondents and 72% of LGBQ respondents indicated that they were either "comfortable" or "very comfortable" with the overall campus climate at USF.

	Respoi	ndents' Comfort w	ith Overall Climate by Sexual School of Law	Identity
			verall Climate by Sexual Identity udents, Faculty & Staff	
			SoL	USF
LGBQ	Very Comfortable	e	11	88
	Comfortable		20	17
	Neither Comfort	able nor Uncomfortable	5	7:
	Uncomfortable		<5	2
	Very Uncomfort	able		
Heterosexual	Very Comfortable	e	69	510
	Comfortable		112	785
	Neither Comfort	able nor Uncomfortable	20	254
	Uncomfortable		8	124
	Very Uncomfort	able	<5	30
Missing/Unknown	Very Comfortable	e		17
-,	Comfortable		<5	63
	Neither Comfort	able nor Uncomfortable	<5	15
	Uncomfortable		<5	2:
	Very Uncomfort	able		</td
		Stu	verall Climate by Sexual Identity udents, Faculty & Staff	
		LGBQ	Heterosexual	Missing/Unknown
Very Comfortable	SoL USF			
Comfortable	SoL			
	USF			
Neither Comfortabl				
Uncomfortable	USF			
Uncomfortable	SoL			
	USF			
Very Uncomfortable				
	USF			

Comfort with Climate in Workplace by Sexual Identity:

differences.

In the School of Law Faculty and Staff population, only 91% of Heterosexual respondents and 80% of LGBQ respondents stated that they were either "comfortable" or "very comfortable" with the climate in their department/program or work unit. In contrast, in the USF Faculty and Staff respondent population 70% of Heterosexual respondents and 72% of LGBQ respondents stated that they were either "comfortable" or "very comfortable" with the climate in their department/program or work unit.

The above visual shows the SoL vs USF percentage totals by Comfort with Overall Climate, separated out by Sexual Identity. The bar lengths illustrate the percentage

			chool of Law				
	C		ace Climate by Sexual Identity	/			
		Fa	culty & Staff				
			SoL	US			
LGBQ	Very Comfortable		<5	5			
	Comfortable		5	8 2			
	Neither Comfortable no	or Uncomfortable	<5				
	Uncomfortable		<5				
	Missing/Unknown Very Uncomfortable		\3	<			
Heterosexual	Very Comfortable		26	28			
riccerosexaar	Comfortable		34	36			
	Neither Comfortable no	or Uncomfortable	<5	12			
	Uncomfortable		<5	12			
	Missing/Unknown						
	Very Uncomfortable		<5				
Missing/Unknown	Very Comfortable			1			
	Comfortable		<5	2			
	Neither Comfortable no	or Uncomfortable	<5	2			
	Uncomfortable Very Uncomfortable			1			
	C		ace Climate by Sexual Identity culty & Staff	1			
		LGBQ	Heterosexual	Missing/Unknown			
Very Comfortable	SoL	EGBQ	Heterosexdai	IVIISSIIIg/ OTIKTOWIT			
	USF						
Comfortable	SoL						
	USF						
Neither Comfortable	nor SoL						
Uncomfortable	USF						
Uncomfortable	SoL						
	USF						
Very Uncomfortable	SoL						
	USF						
Missing/Unknown	SoL						
	LISE						

The above visual shows the SoL vs USF percentage totals by Comfort with Workplace Climate, separated out by Sexual Identity. The bar lengths illustrate the percentage

Comfort with Climate in the Classroom by Sexual Identity:

In the School of Law Student and Faculty respondent population, 84% of Heterosexual respondents and 77% of LGBQ respondents indicated that they were either "comfortable" or "very comfortable" with the climate in the classroom. In comparison, in the USF Student and Faculty respondent population 87% of Heterosexual respondents and 82% of LGBQ respondents indicated that they were either "comfortable" or "very comfortable" with the climate in the classroom.

Respondents' Comfort with the Classroom Climate by Sexual Identity School of Law Comfort with Climate in Classroom by Sexual Identity Students and Faculty SoL USF LGBQ 91 Very Comfortable 128 Comfortable 16 Neither Comfortable nor Uncomfortable 34 13 Uncomfortable Very Uncomfortable <5 Heterosexual Very Comfortable 58 487 88 560 Neither Comfortable nor Uncomfortable 18 99 46 Uncomfortable 13 Very Uncomfortable Missing/Unknown Very Comfortable <5 Comfortable Neither Comfortable nor Uncomfortable <5 13 Uncomfortable Very Uncomfortable <5 Comfort with Climate in Classroom by Sexual Identity Students and Faculty LGBO Heterosexual Missing/Unknown Very Comfortable Sol USF Comfortable SoL Neither Comfortable nor Uncomfortable USF Uncomfortable SoL USF Very Uncomfortable USF

The above visual shows the SoL vs USF percentage totals by Comfort with Climate in Classroom, separated out by Sexual Identity. The bar lengths illustrate the percentage differences.

Comfort with Overall Campus Climate at USF by Disability Status:

In the School of Law population, 74% of respondents that indicated having a Single Disability, and 100% of respondents that indicated having Multiple Disabilities, stated that they were either "comfortable" or "very comfortable" with the overall campus climate at USF. In comparison, in the USF Overall respondent population, 63% of respondents that indicated having a Single Disability, and 61% of respondents that indicated having Multiple Disabilities, stated that they were either "comfortable" or "very comfortable" with the overall campus climate at USF.

	kespona	ents' Comfort \		Overall Clim chool of Law	ate by	Disability S	status	
	С	omfort with Overa				ility Status		
			Studen	ts, Faculty & Staff	f			
						SoL		US
No Disability	Very Comfortable			69				57
	Comfortable					112		91
	Neither Comforta	able nor Uncomfortable				24		29
	Uncomfortable					6		13
	Very Uncomforta					<5		2
Single Disability	Very Comfortable	9				8		2
	Comfortable					17		Э
		able nor Uncomfortable				<5		2
	Uncomfortable					7		2
	Very Uncomforta							
Multiple Disability	Very Comfortable					<5		1
	Comfortable			5				2
	Neither Comfortable nor Uncomfortable							1
	Uncomfortable							1
	Very Uncomforta							<
Missing/Unknown	Very Comfortable							
	Comfortable					<5		1
		able nor Uncomfortable		<5				
	Uncomfortable							
	С	omfort with Overa		npus Climate b	-	ility Status		
		No Disability		Single Disability	Mu	Iltiple Disability	Missing/Unknown	
Very Comfortable	SoL							
	USF							
Comfortable	SoL							
	USF							
Neither Comfortable	Sol							
nor Uncomfortable	502							
	USF							
Uncomfortable	SoL							
	USF							
Very Uncomfortable	SoL							
	USF							

The above visual shows the SoL vs USF percentage totals by Comfort with Overall Campus Climate, separated out by Disability Status. The bar lengths illustrate the percentage differences.

Comfort with Climate in Workplace by Disability Status:

In the School of Law Faculty and Staff respondent population, 88% of respondents that reported having No Disability, and 100% of respondents that reported having a Single Disability or Multiple Disabilities, stated that they were either "comfortable" or "very comfortable" with the climate in their department/program or work unit. In comparison, in the USF Overall Faculty and Staff respondent population, 70% of respondents that reported having No Disability, 55% of respondents that reported having a Single Disability, and 66% of respondents that reported having Multiple Disabilities, stated that they were either "comfortable" or "very comfortable" with the climate in their department/program or work unit.

6

13 <5

<5

<5

<5

8

<5

<5

Respondents' Comfort with Workplace Climate by Disability Status **School of Law** Comfort with Workplace Climate by Disability Status **Faculty & Staff** Sol HSE No Disability 27 317 Very Comfortable 32 434 Comfortable Neither Comfortable nor Uncomfortable 147 <5 139 Uncomfortable Very Uncomfortable <5 31 <5 6 Missing/Unknown Single Disability Very Comfortable <5 13 23 6 Comfortable Neither Comfortable nor Uncomfortable 13 Uncomfortable Very Uncomfortable

(Comfort wi	th Workplace Cli	mate by Disabilit	y Status	
		No Disability	Single Disability	Multiple Disability	Missing/Unknown
Very Comfortable	SoL				
	USF				
Comfortable	SoL				
	USF				
Neither Comfortable nor Uncomfortable	SoL				
	USF				
Jncomfortable	SoL				
	USF				
/ery Uncomfortable	SoL				
	USF				
Missing/Unknown	SoL				

The above visual shows the SoL vs USF percentage totals by Comfort with Workplace Climate, separated out by Disability Status. The bar lengths illustrate the percentage differences.

Comfort with Climate in the Classroom by Disability Status:

Multiple Disability Very Comfortable

Missing/Unknown Very Comfortable

Comfortable

Uncomfortable

Comfortable

Uncomfortable

Very Uncomfortable

Neither Comfortable nor Uncomfortable

Neither Comfortable nor Uncomfortable

In the School of Law Student and Faculty respondent population, 85% of respondents that indicated having No Disability, 68% of respondents that indicated having a Single Disability, and 100% of respondents that indicated having Multiple Disabilities, stated that they were either "comfortable" or "very comfortable" with the climate in the classroom. In comparison, in the USF Student and Faculty respondent population, 87% of respondents that indicated having No Disability, 78% of respondents that indicated having a Single Disability, and 68% of respondents

that indicated having Multiple Disabilities, stated that they were either "comfortable" or "very comfortable" with the climate in the classroom.

C N U V Single Disability V C C N U U U	Very Comfortable Comfortable Neither Comfortable Uncomfortable Very Uncomfortable Comfortable Comfortable Neither Comfortable Uncomfortable Very Uncomfortable	e nor Uncomfortable e e nor Uncomfortable	nate in Classroom by [Students & Faculty	SoL 56 91 22 <5	U; 5: 6: 1:
C N U V Single Disability V C C N U U V V	Comfortable Neither Comfortable Uncomfortable Very Uncomfortable Comfortable Comfortable Neither Comfortable Uncomfortable Very Uncomfortable Very Uncomfortable	e nor Uncomfortable		56 91 22 <5	5: 6: 1: 4
Single Disability V.	Comfortable Neither Comfortable Uncomfortable Very Uncomfortable Comfortable Comfortable Neither Comfortable Uncomfortable Very Uncomfortable Very Uncomfortable	e nor Uncomfortable		91 22 <5	6! 1: 4
N U V Single Disability V C C N U U V	Neither Comfortable Very Uncomfortable Very Comfortable Comfortable Neither Comfortable Uncomfortable Very Uncomfortable Very Comfortable	e nor Uncomfortable		22 <5 7	1; ;
U V V Single Disability V C C N U V V	Uncomfortable Very Uncomfortable Very Comfortable Comfortable Neither Comfortabl Uncomfortable Very Uncomfortable Very Comfortable	e nor Uncomfortable		<5 7	
V Single Disability V C C N U V	Very Uncomfortable Very Comfortable Comfortable Neither Comfortable Uncomfortable Very Uncomfortable Very Comfortable	e nor Uncomfortable		7	:
Single Disability V CO N U	Very Comfortable Comfortable Neither Comfortable Uncomfortable Very Uncomfortable Very Comfortable	e nor Uncomfortable			
Ci N U	Comfortable Neither Comfortabl Uncomfortable Very Uncomfortable Very Comfortable				
N U V	Neither Comfortable Uncomfortable Very Uncomfortable Very Comfortable			12	3
V	Uncomfortable Very Uncomfortable Very Comfortable				4
V	Very Uncomfortable Very Comfortable			<5	
	Very Comfortable			5	:
Multiple Disability V					
	Comfortable			<5	2
C				:	
N	Neither Comfortable nor Uncomfortable				:
U	Uncomfortable				
V	Very Uncomfortable				
Missing/Unknown V	Very Comfortable			<5	
	Comfortable				
N	Neither Comfortable	e nor Uncomfortable			<
	(Comfort with Clin	nate in Classroom by [Disability Status	
			Students & Faculty	ı	
		No Disability	Single Disability	Multiple Disability	Missing/Unknown
Very Comfortable	SoL				
	USF				
Comfortable	SoL				
	USF				
Neither Comfortable	SoL				
nor Uncomfortable	SOL				
	USF				
Uncomfortable	SoL				
	_				
	USF				
Very Uncomfortable				_	

The above visual shows the SoL vs USF percentage totals by Comfort with Climate in Classroom, separated out by Disability Status. The bar lengths illustrate the percentage differences.

Comfort with Overall Campus Climate at USF by Income Status:

In the School of Law Graduate student respondent population, 77% of Low Income respondents, 85% of Middle Income respondents, and 85% of High Income respondents stated that they were either "comfortable" or "very comfortable" with the overall campus climate at USF. Similarly,

within the USF Graduate student respondent population, 76% of Low Income respondents, 81% of Middle Income respondents, and 86% of High Income respondents stated that they were either "comfortable" or "very comfortable" with the overall campus climate at USF.

	Responde	ents' Com	fort with Ov School		by Income Stat	us		
	Co	mfort with	Overall Campu	us Climate by Inc	ome Status			
			Graduate					
					SoL	US		
High-Income	Very Comfortable			20				
	Comfortable			24				
	Neither Comfortable n	or Uncomfortable			6	3		
	Uncomfortable				<5	<		
	Very Uncomfortable							
Middle-Income	Very Comfortable				17	13		
	Comfortable				30	20		
	Neither Comfortable n	or Uncomfortable			<5	5		
	Uncomfortable	0. 00			<5	2		
	Very Uncomfortable							
Low-Income	Very Comfortable				12	8		
LOW MICOMIC	Comfortable				34	10		
	Neither Comfortable n	or Uncomfortable			8	4		
	Uncomfortable	or offconfiortable			6	1		
	Very Uncomfortable				0	<		
Missing/Unknown	Very Comfortable				<5			
wiissing/onknown	Comfortable				6	1		
	Neither Comfortable n		<5			1		
		or Uncomfortable			<5	<		
	Uncomfortable Very Uncomfortable				\5	<		
			Graduate	Students				
			High-Income	Middle-Income	Low-Income	Missing/Unknown		
Very Comfortable		SoL						
		502						
		USF						
Comfortable		USF						
Comfortable								
Comfortable		USF						
	e nor Uncomfortable	USF SoL						
	e nor Uncomfortable	USF SoL USF						
	e nor Uncomfortable	USF SoL USF SoL						
Neither Comfortabl	e nor Uncomfortable	USF SoL USF USF						

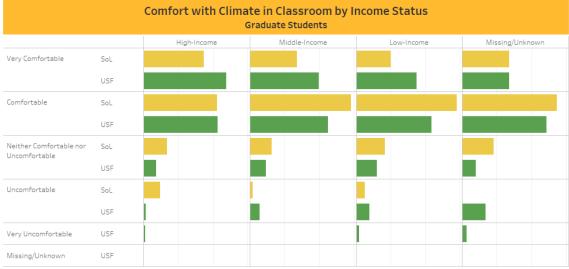
The above visual shows the SoL vs USF percentage totals by Comfort with Overall Campus Climate, separated out by Income Status. The bar lengths illustrate the percentage differences.

Comfort with Climate in the Classroom by Income Status:

In the School of Law Graduate student respondent population, 78% of Low Income respondents, 86% of Middle Income respondents, and 77% of High Income respondents stated that they were either "comfortable" or "very comfortable" with the climate in the classroom. Within the USF

Graduate student respondent population, 79% of Low Income respondents, 85% of Middle Income respondents, and 91% of High Income respondents stated that they were either "comfortable" or "very comfortable" with the climate in the classroom.

Respondents' Comfort with the Classroom Climate by Income Status School of Law Comfort with Climate in Classroom by Income Status Graduate Students						
High-Income	Very Comfortable	18	140			
	Comfortable	22	125			
	Neither Comfortable nor Uncomfortable	7	21			
	Uncomfortable	5	<5			
	Very Uncomfortable		<5			
Middle-Income	Very Comfortable	15	165			
	Comfortable	32	187			
	Neither Comfortable nor Uncomfortable	7	38			
	Uncomfortable	<5	23			
	Very Uncomfortable		<5			
Low-Income	Very Comfortable	12	92			
	Comfortable	35	114			
	Neither Comfortable nor Uncomfortable	10	31			
	Uncomfortable	<5	20			
	Very Uncomfortable		<5			
	Missing/Unknown		<5			
Missing/Unknown	Very Comfortable	<5	10			
	Comfortable	6	18			
	Neither Comfortable nor Uncomfortable	<5	<5			
	Uncomfortable		5			
	Very Uncomfortable		<5			



The above visual shows the SoL vs USF percentage totals by Comfort with Climate in Classroom, separated out by Income Status. The bar lengths illustrate the percentage differences.

Comfort with Overall Campus Climate at USF by First Generation Status:

In the School of Law Graduate student respondent population, 78% of First Generation respondents, and 83% of Not-First Generation respondents stated that they were either "comfortable" or "very comfortable" with the overall campus climate at USF. Within the USF Graduate student respondent population, 74% of First Generation respondents, and 80% of Not-First Generation respondents stated that they were either "comfortable" or "very comfortable" with the overall campus climate at USF.

Resp	ondents' Comf	fort with t	he Overall C School of Lav	limate by First	Generat	ion Status	
	Comfo	rt with Over	all Climate by Graduate Stude	First Generation S ents	Status		
				SoL			USF
Not-First Generation	Very Comfortable		45				
	Comfortable			70			359
	Neither Comfortable nor	Uncomfortable		15			98
	Uncomfortable			8			29
	Very Uncomfortable						11
	Missing/Unknown						<5
First Generation	Very Comfortable			7			71
	Comfortable		24				87
	Neither Comfortable nor	Uncomfortable		<5			38
	Uncomfortable			5			12
	Very Uncomfortable						5
Missing/Unknown	Comfortable						<5
	Neither Comfortable nor	Uncomfortable					<5
	Comfort w	ith Overall C	ampus Climate Graduate Stude	e by First Generat	ion Status	ı	
		No	ot-First Generation	First Generation	on	Missing/Unknown	
Very Comfortable	Sol						
	USI						
Comfortable	Sol						
	USi						
Neither Comfortable n	or Uncomfortable Sol						
	USI						
Uncomfortable	Sol						
	USi						
Very Uncomfortable	Sol						
	USI						
Missing/Unknown	USF						

The above visual shows the SoL vs USF percentage totals by Comfort with Overall Campus Climate, separated out by First Generation Status. The bar lengths illustrate the percentage differences.

Comfort with Climate in the Classroom by First Generation Status:

In the School of Law Graduate student respondent population, 70% of First Generation respondents, and 83% of Not-First Generation respondents stated that they were either "comfortable" or "very comfortable" with the climate in the classroom. Within the USF Graduate student respondent population, 77% of First Generation respondents, and 83% of Not-First Generation respondents stated that they were either "comfortable" or "very comfortable" with the climate in the classroom.

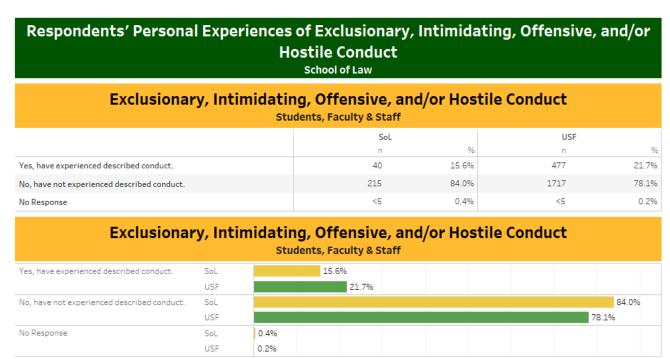
Respor	idents' Comfo	rt with t	the Classroom School of La	Climate by First G	eneration Status		
	Comfort	with Clima	ate in Classroom Graduate Stud	by First Generation Sents	tatus		
				SoL	US		
Not-First Generation	Very Comfortable			40	32		
	Comfortable			75	35		
	Neither Comfortable nor	Uncomfortable		15	7		
	Uncomfortable			8	3		
	Very Uncomfortable						
First Generation	Very Comfortable			8	8		
	Comfortable			20	9		
	Neither Comfortable nor	Uncomfortable	11				
	Uncomfortable			<5	1		
	Very Uncomfortable				<		
	Missing/Unknown				<		
Missing/Unknown	Comfortable				<		
	Uncomfortable				<		
	Comfort	Un	dergraduate & Gradu				
V	SoL		Not-First Generation	First Generation	Missing/Unknown		
Very Comfortable							
	USF						
Comfortable	SoL						
	USF						
Neither Comfortable n	or Uncomfortable SoL						
	USF						
Uncomfortable	SoL						
	USF						
Very Uncomfortable	USF						
Missing/Unknown	SoL						
	USF						

The above visual shows the SoL vs USF percentage totals by Comfort with Climate in Classroom, separated out by First Generation Status. The bar lengths illustrate the percentage differences.

Exclusionary, Intimidating, Offensive, and/or Hostile Conduct

Experienced Exclusionary, Intimidating, Offensive, and/or Hostile Conduct

Exclusionary (e.g., shunned, ignored), intimidating, offensive, and/or hostile (bullied, harassed) conduct that interfered with one's ability to work, learn, or live at USF within the past year, was examined. Within the School of Law population, 16% of Students, Faculty and Staff respondents stated that they personally experienced exclusionary, intimidating, offensive, and/or hostile conduct while at USF within the last year. Within the USF Overall population, 22% of Student, Faculty and Staff respondents stated that they personally experienced exclusionary, intimidating, offensive, and/or hostile conduct while at USF within the last year.



The above visual shows the SoL vs USF percentage totals by Personal Experiences of Exclusionary, Intimidating, Offensive, and/or Hostile Conduct. The bar lengths illustrate the percentage differences.

Conduct as a Result of Position Status

Of the 16% of the School of Law respondent population that experienced exclusionary, intimidating, offensive, and/or hostile conduct while at USF within the last year, 23% believed that this conduct was a result of their position status. Of the 22% of the USF Overall respondent population that experienced exclusionary, intimidating, offensive, and/or hostile conduct while at USF within the last year, 32% believed that this conduct was a result of their position status.

Respondents' Personal Experiences of Exclusionary, Intimidating, Offensive, and/or Hostile Conduct as a Result of their Position Status School of Law **Experienced Conduct as a Result of Position** Students, Faculty & Staff SoL USF Graduate Experienced conduct as a result of position status <5 22 21 112 Experienced conduct, but not as a result of position status <5 Faculty Experienced conduct as a result of position status Experienced conduct, but not as a result of position status <5 116 <5 Staff Experienced conduct as a result of position status 81 98 Experienced conduct, but not as a result of position status **Experienced Conduct as a Result of Position** Students, Faculty & Staff Faculty Experienced conduct as a result of position status USF Experienced conduct, but not as a result Sol of position status

The above visual shows the SoL vs USF percentage totals by Experienced Conduct as a Result of Position, separated out by Position. The bar lengths illustrate the percentage differences.

Conduct as a Result of Gender Identity

Of the School of Law population that experienced exclusionary, intimidating, offensive, and/or hostile conduct within the last year at USF, 5% were Transspectrum, 58% were Women, and 35% were Men. The Transspectrum population was too small to draw any meaningful conclusions from. However, a higher percentage of Women respondents (35%) than Men respondents (29%) who had experienced such conduct, believed that their experience was due to their gender identity. Of the USF Overall population that experienced exclusionary, intimidating, offensive, and/or hostile conduct within the last year at USF, 4% were Transspectrum, 66% were Women and 28% were Men. A higher percentage of Transspectrum respondents (63%) than Women respondents (31%) than Men respondents (13%) that had experienced such conduct, believed that their experience was due to their gender identity.

Respondents' Personal Experiences of Exclusionary, Intimidating, Offensive, and/or Hostile Conduct as a Result of their Gender Identity School of Law

Students, Faculty & Staff

Experienced Conduct as a Result of Gender Identity Students, Faculty & Staff						
		SoL	USF			
Transspectrum	Experienced conduct as a result of gender identity	<5	12			
	Experienced conduct, but not as a result of gender identity		7			
Woman	Experienced conduct as a result of gender identity	8	98			
	Experienced conduct, but not as a result of gender identity	15	216			
Man	Experienced conduct as a result of gender identity	<5	17			
	Experienced conduct, but not as a result of gender identity	10	114			
Missing/Unknown	Experienced conduct as a result of gender identity	<5	<5			
	Experienced conduct, but not as a result of gender identity		12			

Experienced Conduct as a Result of Gender Identity Students, Faculty & Staff							
		Transspectrum	Woman	Man	Missing/Unknown		
Experienced conduct as a result of gender identity	SoL						
gender identity	USF						
Experienced conduct, but not as a result of gender identity	SoL						
result of gender Identity	USF						

The above visual shows the SoL vs USF percentage totals Experienced Conduct as a Result of Gender Identity, separated out by Gender Identity. The bar lengths illustrate the percentage differences.

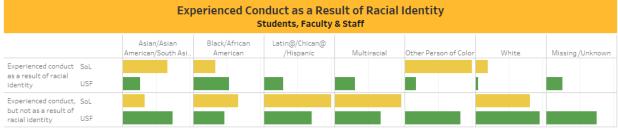
Conduct as a Result of Racial Identity

Of the 16% of the School of Law respondent population that reported experiencing exclusionary, intimidating, offensive, and/or hostile conduct while at USF within the last year, 23% believed their experience was a result of their racial identity. Within the School of Law respondent population, 53% of White, 8% of Asian/Asian American/South Asian, 15% of Latin@/Chican@/Hispanic, 13% of Multiracial, 83% of Black/African Americans, and 5% of Other People of Color respondents experienced exclusionary, intimidating, offensive, and/or hostile conduct while at USF within the last year. The populations in this case were too small to draw any meaningful conclusions by racial identity. Within the USF Overall respondent population, 46% of White, 12% of Asian/Asian American/South Asian, 9% of Latin@/Chican@/Hispanic, 11% of Multiracial, 9% of Black/African Americans, and 5% of Other People of Color respondents experienced exclusionary, intimidating, offensive, and/or hostile conduct while at USF within the last year. Of those, 53% of Black/African Americans, 17% of Other People of Color, 4% of White, 29% of Latin@/Chican@/Hispanic, 31% of Multiracial, and 26% of Asian/Asian American/South Asian believed they experienced such conduct a result of their racial identity.

Respondents' Personal Experiences of Exclusionary, Intimidating, Offensive, and/or Hostile Conduct as a Result of their Racial Identity School of Law

Experienced Conduct as a Result of Racial Identity Students, Faculty & Staff						
	SoL		USF			
	n	96	n	%		
Experienced conduct as a result of racial identity	9	22.5%	89	18.7%		
Experienced conduct, but not as a result of racial identity	31	77.5%	388	81.3%		
Grand Total	40	100.0%	477	100.0%		

Experienced Conduct as a Result of Racial Identity Students, Faculty & Staff						
		SoL	USF			
Asian/Asian American/South Asian	Experienced conduct as a result of racial identity	<5	15			
	Experienced conduct, but not as a result of racial identity	<5	43			
Black/African American	Experienced conduct as a result of racial identity	<5	24			
	Experienced conduct, but not as a result of racial identity	<5	21			
Latin@/Chican@/Hispanic	Experienced conduct as a result of racial identity		13			
	Experienced conduct, but not as a result of racial identity	6	32			
Multiracial	Experienced conduct as a result of racial identity		16			
	Experienced conduct, but not as a result of racial identity	5	36			
Other Person of Color	Experienced conduct as a result of racial identity	<5	<5			
	Experienced conduct, but not as a result of racial identity		20			
White	Experienced conduct as a result of racial identity	<5	9			
	Experienced conduct, but not as a result of racial identity	17	211			
Missing /Unknown	Experienced conduct as a result of racial identity		8			
	Experienced conduct, but not as a result of racial identity		25			



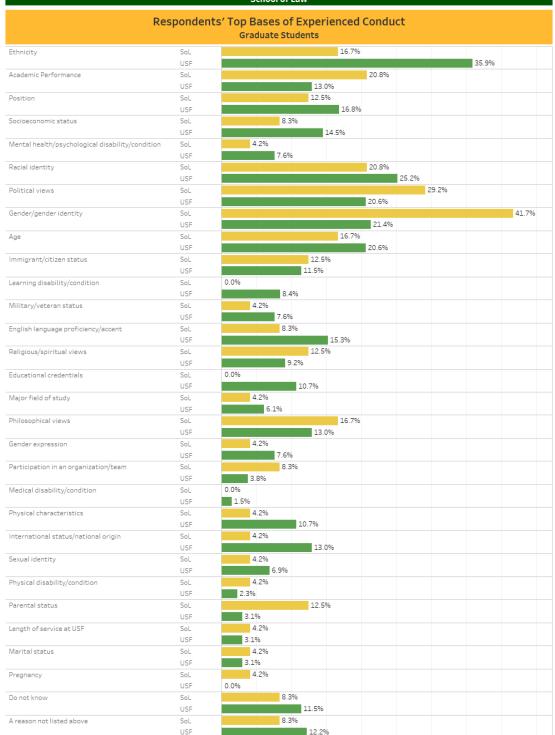
The above visual shows the SoL vs USF percentage totals by Experienced Conduct as a Result of Racial Identity, separated out by Racial Identity. The bar lengths illustrate the percentage differences.

Basis of Experienced Conduct

The respondents offered what they believed to be the primary basis for the experienced exclusionary, intimidating, offensive, and/or hostile conduct. The top reasons within the School of Law Graduate student respondents that experienced this conduct, were Gender/Gender Identity (42%) and Political Views (29%). The top reason within the School of Law Faculty respondents that experienced this conduct, was Gender/gender Identity (38%). The top reasons within the School of Law Staff respondents that experienced this conduct, were A reason not listed above (44%), Position (33%) and Length of service at USF (33%). As for the USF Overall respondent population, the top reasons for the USF Graduate student respondents that experienced this conduct, were Ethnicity (36%) and Racial Identity (25%). The top reasons for the USF Faculty respondents that experienced this conduct, were Position (32%) and Gender/Gender Identity (27%). The top reasons for the USF Staff respondents that experienced this conduct, were Position Status (46%) and Gender/Gender Identity (29%).

Student Respondents' Primary Basis for Experienced Exclusionary, Intimidating, Offensive, and/or Hostile Conduct

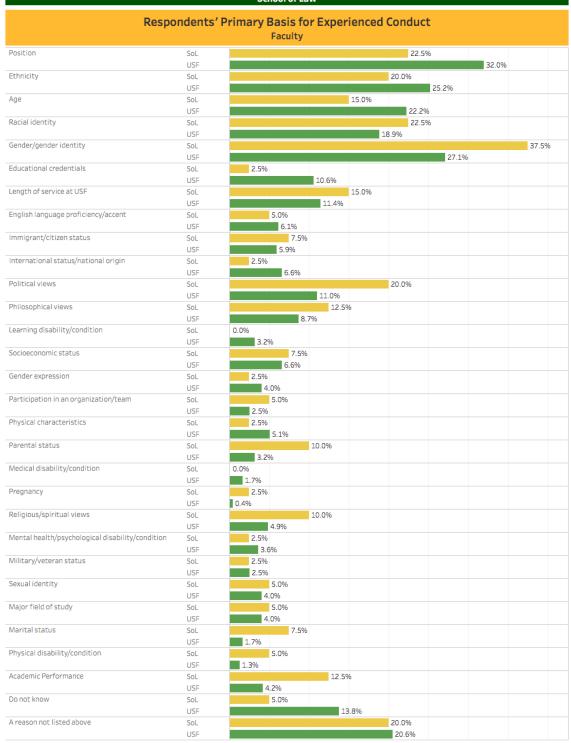
School of Law



The above visual shows the SoL vs USF percentage totals by Respondents' Top Bases of Experienced Conduct. The bar lengths illustrate the percentage differences. Note: Survey respondents were able to mark more than one field, therefore the total is greater than 100%.

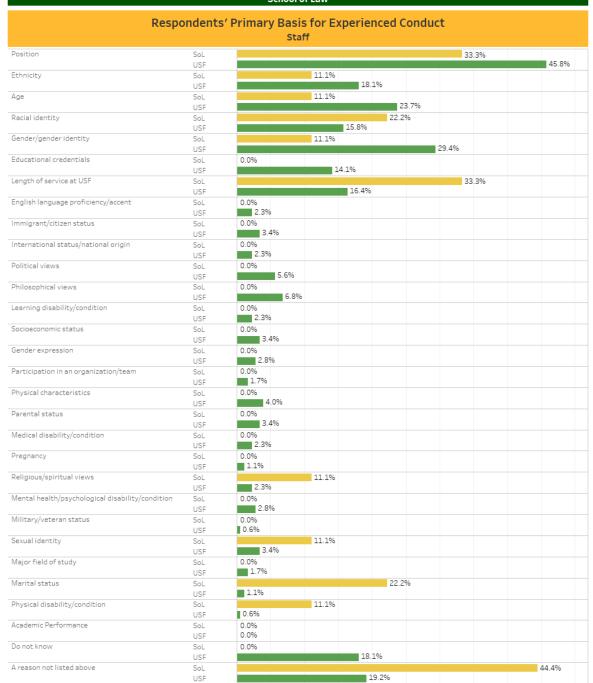
Faculty Respondents' Primary Basis for Experienced Exclusionary, Intimidating, Offensive, and/or Hostile Conduct

School of Law



Staff Respondents' Primary Basis for Experienced Exclusionary, Intimidating, Offensive, and/or Hostile Conduct

School of Law



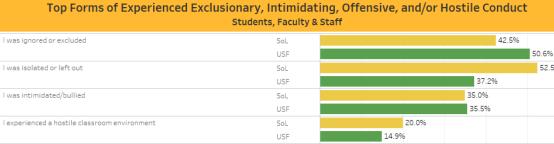
The above visual shows the SoL vs USF percentage totals by Respondents' Primary Basis for Experienced Conduct. The bar lengths illustrate the percentage differences. Note: Survey respondents were able to mark more than one field, therefore the total is greater than 100%.

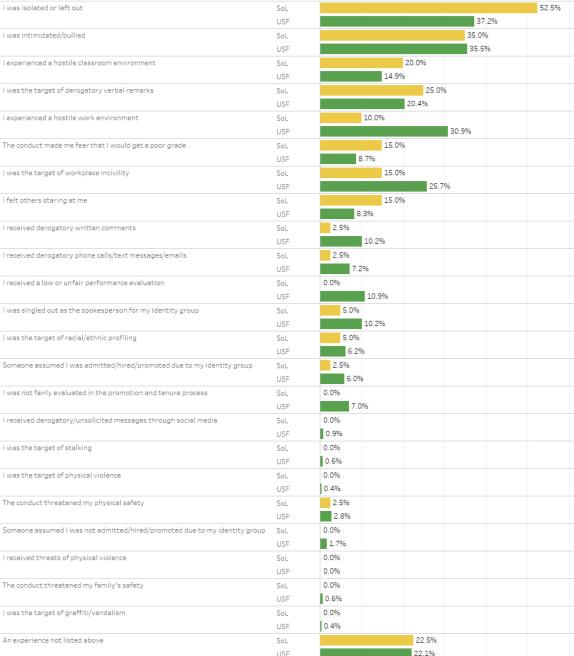
Forms of Experienced Conduct

The respondents were also asked to describe the form of the experienced exclusionary, intimidating, offensive, and/or hostile conduct. In the School of Law, respondents that experienced this conduct indicated the top two forms as being Isolated or Left Out (53%) and Ignored or Excluded (43%). For the School of Law Graduate student population, respondents that experienced this conduct also indicated the top two forms as being Isolated or Left Out (54%) and Ignored or Excluded (38%). For the School of Law Faculty population, respondents that experienced this conduct indicated the top two forms as being Ignored or Excluded (86%), and being Isolated or Left Out (71%). For the School of Law Staff population, respondents that experienced this conduct indicated the top forms as being an experience not listed above (44%) and Intimidated/Bullied (44%). In the USF Overall population that experienced this conduct, respondents indicated the top two forms as being Ignored or Excluded (51%), and being Isolated or Left Out (37%). In the USF Graduate student population that experienced this conduct, respondents indicated the top forms as being Ignored or Excluded (49%) and being Isolated or Left Out (42%). In the USF Faculty population that experienced this conduct, respondents indicated the top forms as being Ignored or Excluded (53%), with the second being that they Experienced a Hostile Work Environment (41%). In the USF Staff population that experienced this conduct, respondents indicated the top forms as being Ignored or Excluded (50%), with the second being that they Experienced a Hostile Work Environment (39%).

Respondents' Primary Forms for Experienced Exclusionary, Intimidating, Offensive, and/or Hostile Conduct

School of Law

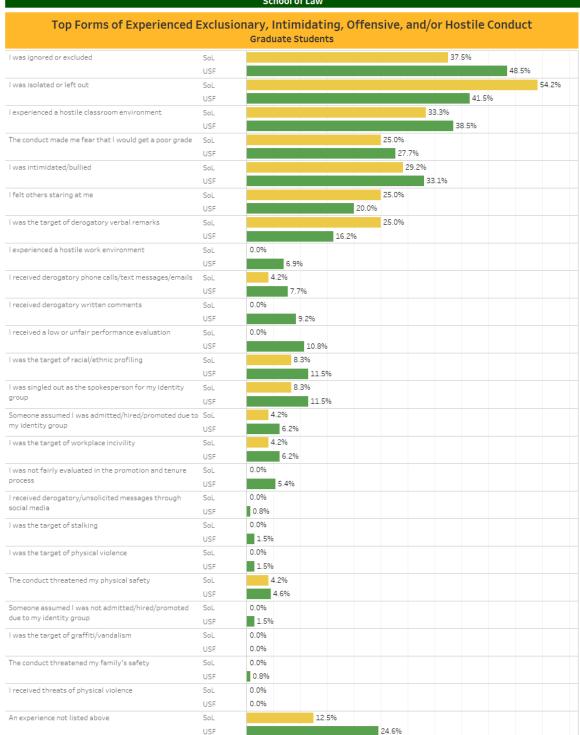




The above visual shows the SoL vs USF percentage totals by Top Forms of Experienced Conduct. The bar lengths illustrate the percentage differences. Note: Survey respondents were able to mark more than one field, therefore the total is greater than 100%

Students' Primary Forms of Experienced Exclusionary, Intimidating, Offensive, and/or Hostile Conduct

School of Law

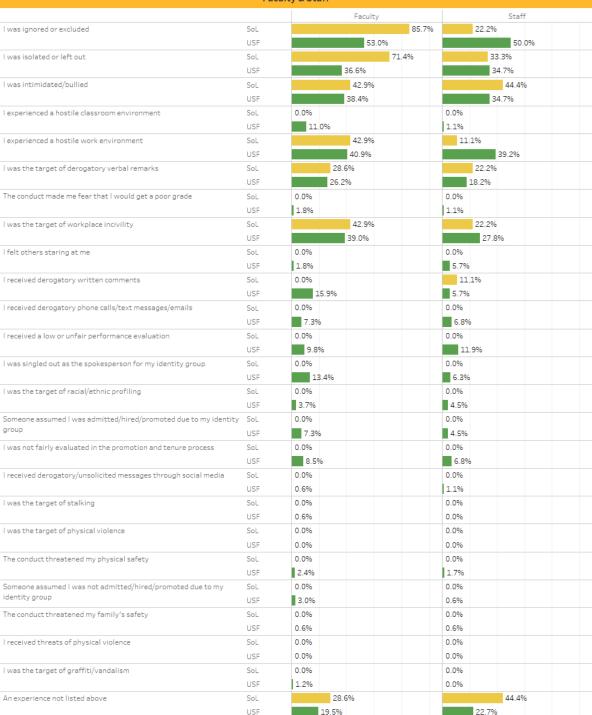


The above visual shows the SoL vs USF percentage totals by Students' Primary Forms of Experienced Conduct. The bar lengths illustrate the percentage differences. Note: Survey respondents were able to mark more than one field, therefore the total is greater than 100%.

Employees' Primary Forms of Experienced Exclusionary, Intimidating, Offensive, and/or Hostile Conduct

School of Law

Primary Forms of Experienced Exclusionary, Intimidating, Offensive, and/or Hostile Conduct Faculty & Staff



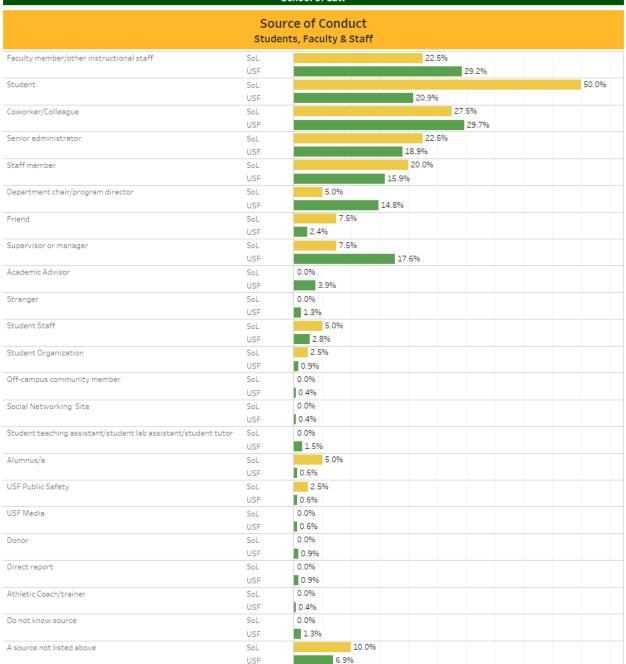
The above visual shows the SoL vs USF percentage totals by Employees' Primary Forms of Experienced Conduct. The bar lengths illustrate the percentage differences. Note: Survey respondents were able to mark more than one field, therefore the total is greater than 100%.

Source of Experienced Conduct

The respondents were also asked to identify who was the source of the experienced exclusionary, intimidating, offensive, and/or hostile conduct. The School of Law population that experienced this conduct indicated that the top source of the conduct was a Student (50%). The School of Law Graduate student respondent population that experienced this conduct indicated that the top sources of the conduct were a Student (75%). The School of Law Faculty respondent population that experienced this conduct indicated that the top source of the conduct was a Senior administrator (31%). The School of Law Staff respondent population that experienced this conduct indicated that the top source of the conduct was a Coworker/Colleague (38%). The USF Overall respondent population that experienced this conduct indicated that the main source of the conduct came from a Faculty Member/Other Instructional Staff (30%) and a Coworker/Colleague (29%). The USF Graduate student respondent population that experienced this conduct identified the top source of such conduct as being a Student (50%). The USF Faculty respondent population that experienced this conduct identified the top sources of such conduct as being a Coworker/Colleague (19%). The USF Staff respondent population that experienced this conduct identified the top source of such conduct as being a Coworker/Colleague (20%).

Respondents' Source of Experienced Exclusionary, Intimidating, Offensive, and/or Hostile Conduct

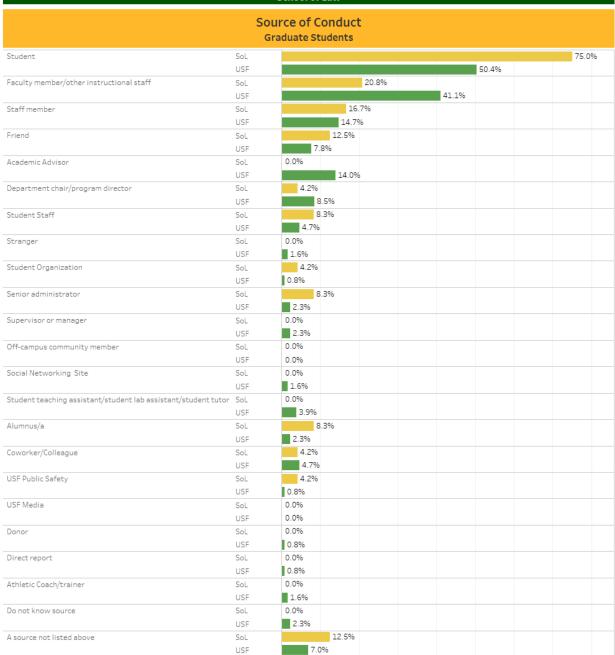
School of Law



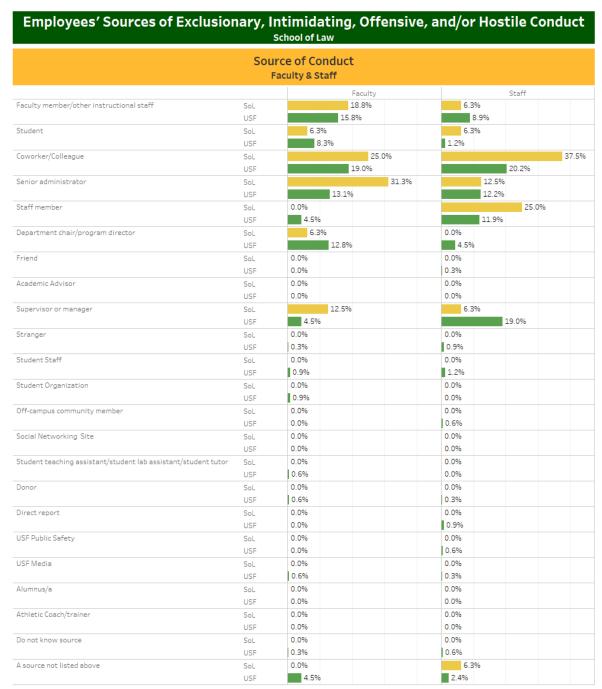
The above visual shows the SoL vs USF percentage totals by Source of Conduct. The bar lengths illustrate the percentage differences. Note: Survey respondents were able to mark more than one field, therefore the total is greater than 100%.

Students' Source of Experienced Exclusionary, Intimidating, Offensive, and/or Hostile Conduct

School of Law



The above visual shows the SoL vs USF percentage totals by Students' Source of Experienced Conduct. The bar lengths illustrate the percentage differences. Note: Survey respondents were able to mark more than one field, therefore the total is greater than 100%.



The above visual shows the SoL vs USF percentage totals by Employees' Source of Experienced Conduct. The bar lengths illustrate the percentage differences. Note: Survey respondents were able to mark more than one field, therefore the total is greater than 100%.

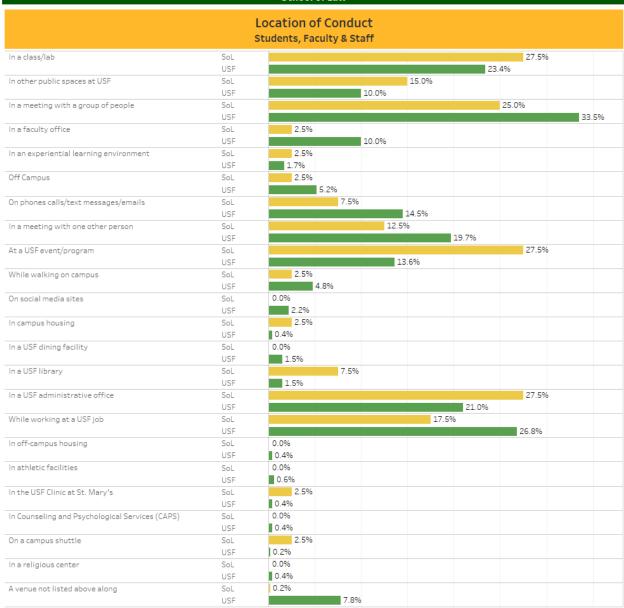
Location of Experienced Conduct

The respondents were also asked to identify the location of the experienced exclusionary, intimidating, offensive, and/or hostile conduct. The top location of reported conduct for the School of Law respondents that experienced this conduct was In a Class/Lab (28%), at a USF event/program (28%) and in a USF administrative office (28%). The top location of reported

conduct for the School of Law Graduate student respondents that experienced this conduct was In a Class/Lab (42%). The top location of reported conduct for the School of Law Faculty respondents that experienced this conduct was While Working at a USF job (57%). The top location of reported conduct for the School of Law Staff population that experienced this conduct, was In a USF Administrative Office (56%). The top location of reported conduct for the USF Overall respondent population that experienced this conduct, was In a Meeting with a Group of People (34%). The top location of reported conduct for the USF Graduate student respondent population that experienced this conduct was in a Class/Lab (64%). The top location of reported conduct for the USF Faculty respondent population that experienced this conduct, was In a Meeting with a Group of People (41%). The top location of reported conduct for the USF Staff respondent population that experienced this conduct, was While Working at a USF Job (46%).

Students' Locations of Experienced Exclusionary, Intimidating, Offensive, and/or Hostile Conduct

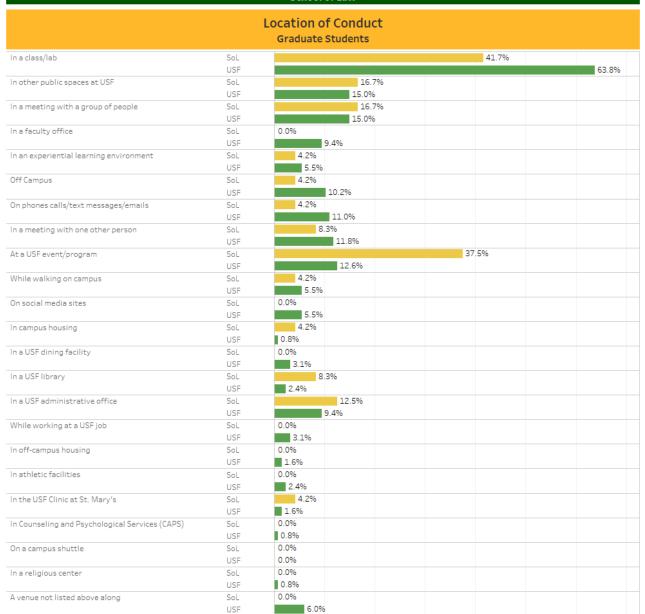
School of Law



The above visual shows the SoL vs USF percentage totals by Location of Experienced Conduct. The bar lengths illustrate the percentage differences. Note: Survey respondents were able to mark more than one field, therefore the total is greater than 100%.

Students' Locations of Experienced Exclusionary, Intimidating, Offensive, and/or Hostile Conduct

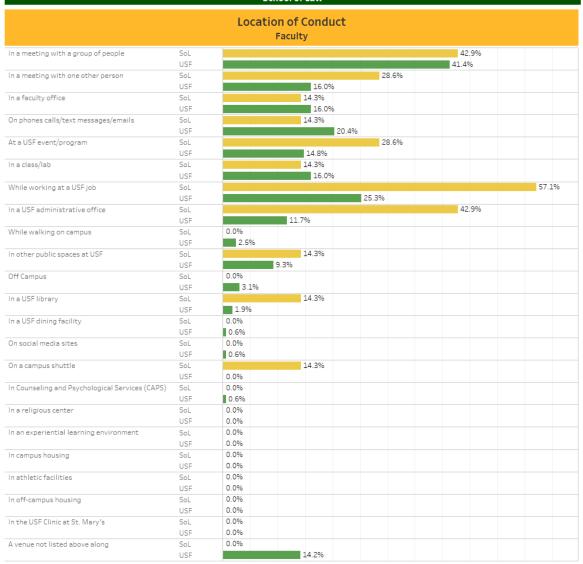
School of Law



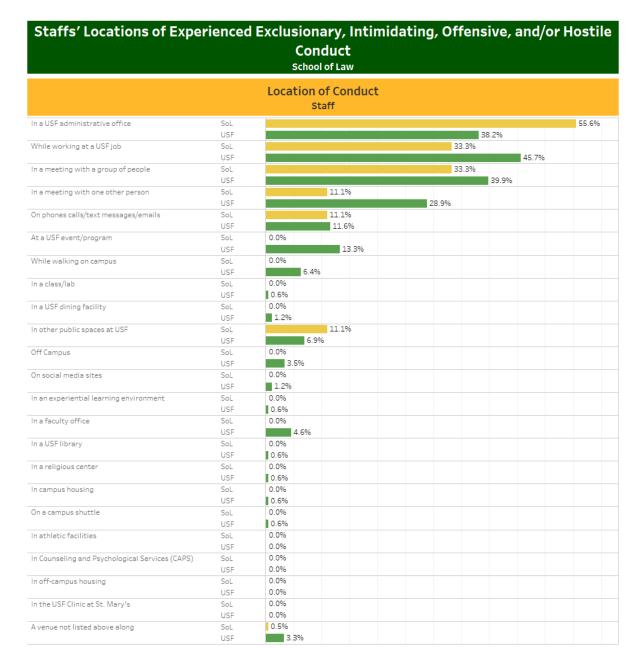
The above visual shows the SoL vs USF percentage totals by Location of Experienced Conduct. The bar lengths illustrate the percentage differences. Note: Survey respondents were able to mark more than one field, therefore the total is greater than 100%.

Faculty Locations of Experienced Exclusionary, Intimidating, Offensive, and/or Hostile Conduct

School of Law



The above visual shows the SoL vs USF percentage totals by Location of Experienced Conduct. The bar lengths illustrate the percentage differences. Note: Survey respondents were able to mark more than one field, therefore the total is greater than 100%.



The above visual shows the SoL vs USF percentage totals by Location of Experienced Conduct. The bar lengths illustrate the percentage differences Note: Survey respondents were able to mark more than one field, therefore the total is greater than 100%.

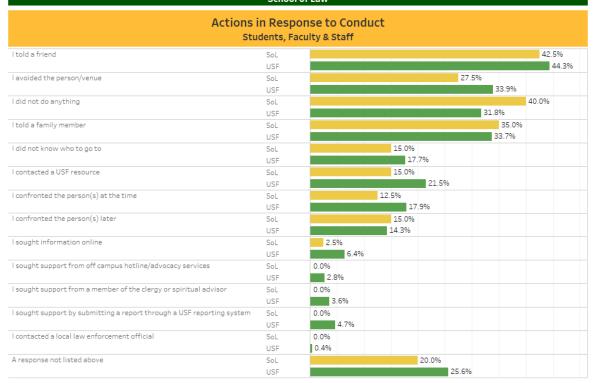
Actions in Response to Experienced Conduct

The respondents were also asked what their action was in response to the experienced exclusionary, intimidating, offensive, and/or hostile conduct. Within the School of Law population that experienced this conduct, the top reactions to such conduct were that they Told a Friend (43%) and/or they Did Not Do Anything (40%). Within the USF Overall population that experienced this conduct, the main reactions to such conduct were that they Told a Friend (44%), they Avoided the Person/Venue (34%), and/or they Told a Family Member (34%). In the School

of Law, 15% of respondents that experienced this conduct, indicated that they Contacted a USF Resource as a course of action. Of these individuals, 67% indicated that they contacted a Faculty Member. In the USF Overall respondent population that experienced this conduct, 22% of respondents indicated that they Contacted a USF Resource as a course of action. Of these individuals, the top USF Resource contacted was a Senior Administrator (48%).

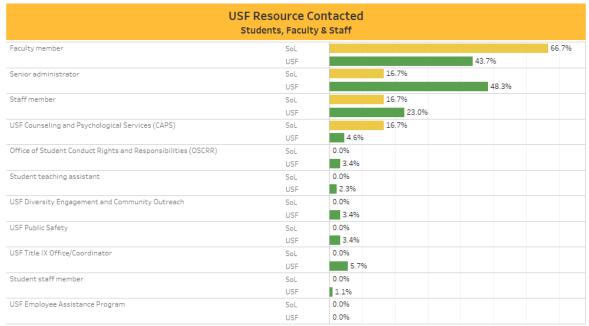
Respondents' Actions in Response to Experienced Exclusionary, Intimidating, Offensive, and/or Hostile Conduct

School of Law



The above visual shows the SoL vs USF percentage totals by Actions in Response to Experienced Conduct. The bar lengths illustrate the percentage differences. Note: Survey respondents were able to mark more than one field, therefore the total is greater than 100%.

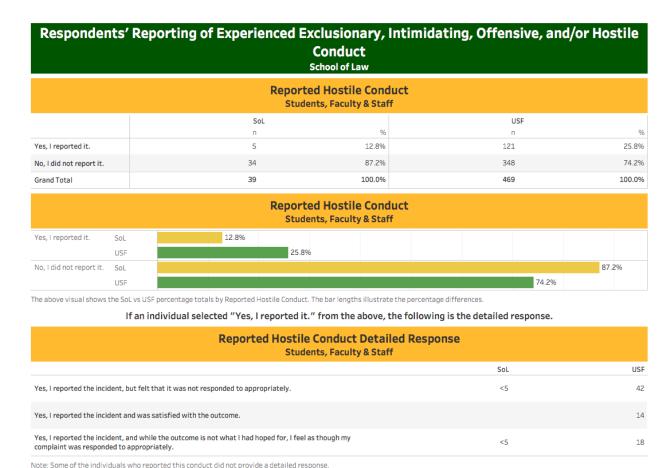
If an individual selected "I contacted a USF resource" from the above, the following is the specific resource in which they contacted.



The above visual shows the SoL vs USF percentage totals by USF Resource Contacted. The bar lengths illustrate the percentage differences. Note: Survey respondents were able to mark more than one field, therefore the total is greater than 100%.

Reporting of Experienced Conduct

Of the School of Law respondent population that experienced exclusionary, intimidating, offensive, and/or hostile conduct at USF, 87% did not report the incident. Similarly, of the USF Overall respondent population that experienced such conduct, 74% did not report the incident.



note. Some of the marviadas who reported this conduct did not provide a detailed response.

Observations of Exclusionary, Intimidating, Offensive, and/or Hostile Conduct

In the School of Law population, 24% of respondents observed conduct directed toward a person or group of people on campus that they believed created an exclusionary (e.g., shunned, ignored), intimidating, offensive, and/or hostile (bullying, harassing) working or learning environment at USF within the past year. In the USF Overall respondent population, 22% observed such conduct.

Observed Exclusionary, Intimidating, Offensive, and/or Hostile Conduct School of Law Students, Faculty & Staff



Observed Conduct by Racial Identity Students, Faculty & Staff

		SoL	USF
White	Yes, observed conduct.	24	225
	No, did not observe conduct.	88	783
Asian/Asian American/South Asian	Yes, observed conduct.	10	70
	No, did not observe conduct.	25	328
Black/African American	Yes, observed conduct.	6	40
	No, did not observe conduct.	13	114
Latin@/Chican@/Hispanic	Yes, observed conduct.	9	44
	No, did not observe conduct.	25	180
Other Person of Color	Yes, observed conduct.	5	20
	No, did not observe conduct.	9	67
Multiracial	Yes, observed conduct.	8	63
	No, did not observe conduct.	30	188
Missing /Unknown	Yes, observed conduct.		24
	No, did not observe conduct.	<5	41

Observed Exclusionary, Intimidating, Offensive, and/or Hostile Conduct School of Law

Students, Faculty & Staff

Observed Conduct by Position Status Students, Faculty & Staff

		SoL		US	F
		n	%	n	%
Graduate	Yes, observed conduct.	44	24.9%	133	13.2%
	No, did not observe conduct.	133	75.1%	874	86.8%
	Total	177	100.0%	1007	100.0%
Faculty	Yes, observed conduct.	7	22.6%	160	28.6%
	No, did not observe conduct.	24	77.4%	399	71.4%
	Total	31	100.0%	559	100.0%
Staff	Yes, observed conduct.	11	23.9%	193	31.1%
	No, did not observe conduct.	35	76.1%	428	68.9%
	Total	46	100.0%	621	100.0%
Grand Total		254	100.0%	2187	100.0%

Observed Conduct by Gender Identity Students, Faculty & Staff

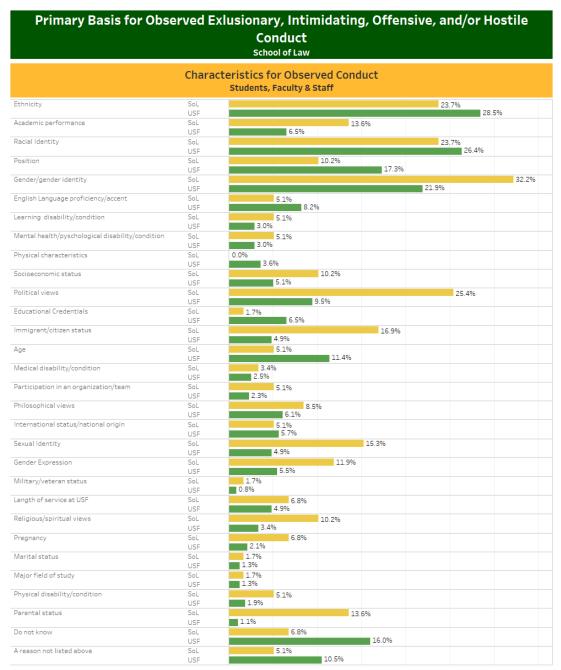
SoL USF Yes, observed <5 16 Transspectrum conduct. No, did not observe <5 40 conduct. Yes, observed Woman 42 334 conduct. No, did not observe 113 1063 conduct. Yes, observed Man 16 125 conduct. No, did not observe 75 586 conduct. Yes, observed conduct. <5 11 Missing/Unknown No, did not observe 12

Observed Conduct by Sexual Identity Students, Faculty & Staff

		Se	οL	U:	SF
		n	96	n	%
Heterosexual	Yes, observed conduct.	45	21.4%	357	20.9%
	No, did not observe conduct.	165	78.6%	1350	79.1%
	Total	210	100.0%	1707	100.0%
LGBQ	Yes, observed conduct.	14	36.8%	99	27.0%
	No, did not observe conduct.	24	63.2%	268	73.0%
	Total	38	100.0%	367	100.0%
Missing/Unknown	Yes, observed conduct.	<5	50.0%	30	26.5%
	No, did not observe conduct.	<5	50.0%	83	73.5%
	Total	6	100.0%	113	100.0%
Grand Total		254	100.0%	2187	100.0%

Characteristics of Observed Conduct

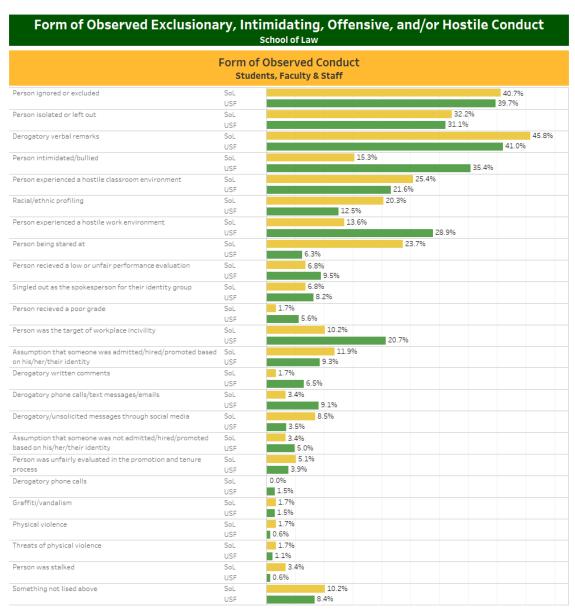
Respondents were asked to identify what they believed to be the basis of the observed exclusionary, intimidating, offensive and/or hostile conduct. Within the School of Law respondent population, the primary basis identified was Gender /gender Identity (32%). Within the USF Overall respondent population, the top bases identified were Ethnicity (29%), Racial Identity (26%), and Gender/Gender Identity (22%).



The above visual shows the Sol. vs USF percentage totals by Characteristics for Observed Conduct. The bar lengths illustrate the percentage differences Note: Survey respondents were able to mark more than one field, therefore the total is greater than 100%.

Form of Observed Conduct

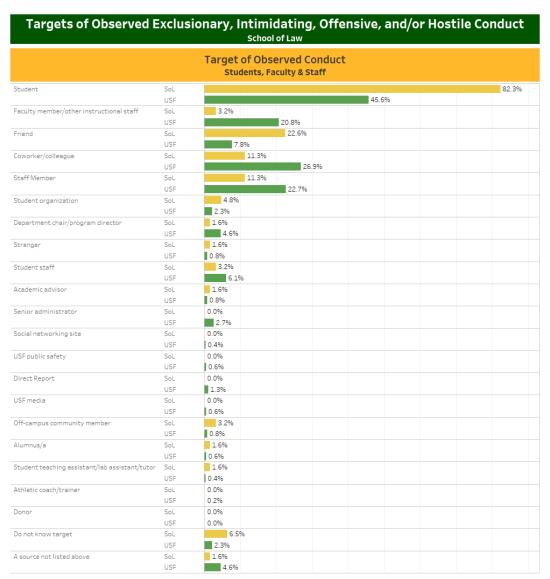
Respondents were asked to identify what they believed to be the forms of the observed exclusionary, intimidating, offensive and/or hostile conduct. For the School of Law respondent population, the top forms of observed conduct were Derogatory Verbal Remarks (46%) and the Person Being Ignored/Excluded (41%). For the USF Overall respondent population, the top forms of observed conduct were also Derogatory Verbal Remarks (41%) and the Person Being Ignored/Excluded (40%).



The above visual shows the SoL vs USF percentage totals by Form of Observed Conduct. The bar lengths illustrate the percentage differences. Note: Survey respondents were able to mark more than one field, therefore the total is greater than 100%.

Target of Observed Conduct

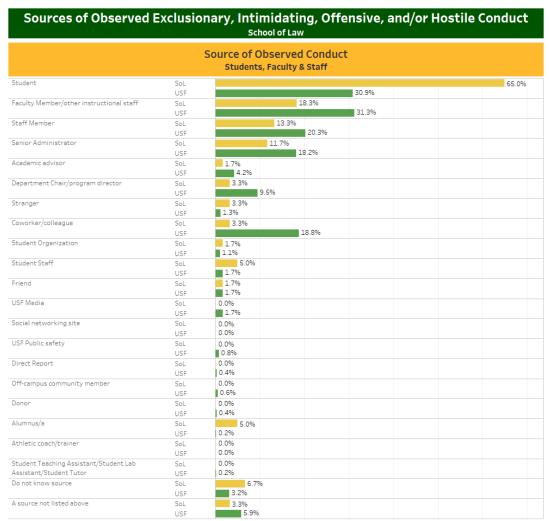
Respondents were asked to identify who they believed to be the target of the observed exclusionary, intimidating, offensive and/or hostile conduct. For the School of Law respondent population, the top reported target of the observed conduct was a Student (82%). For the USF Overall respondent population, the top reported target of the observed conduct was also a Student (46%).



The above visual shows the SoL vs USF percentage totals by Target of Observed Conduct. The bar lengths illustrate the percentage differences Note: Survey respondents were able to mark more than one field, therefore the total is greater than 100%.

Source of Observed Conduct

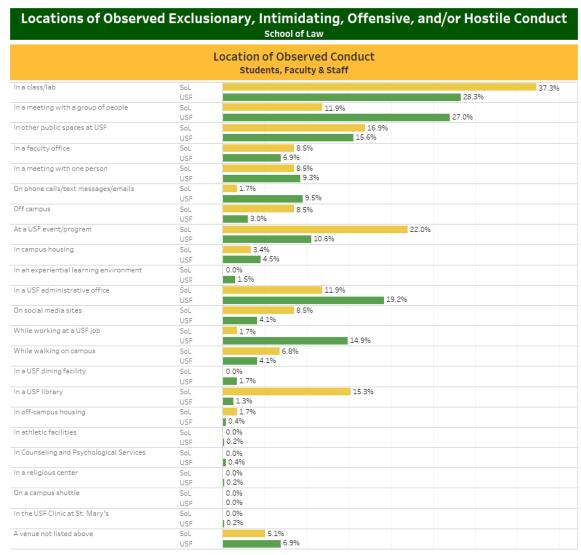
Respondents were asked to identify the source of the observed exclusionary, intimidating, offensive and/or hostile conduct. For the School of Law respondent population, the top source of observed conduct was a Student (65%). For the USF Overall respondent population, the top sources of observed conduct were a Student (31%) and Faculty Member/Other Instructional Staff (31%).



The above visual shows the Sol. vs USF percentage totals by Source of Observed Conduct. The bar lengths illustrate the percentage differences Note: Survey respondents were able to mark more than one field, therefore the total is greater than 100%.

Location of Observed Conduct

Respondents were asked to identify the location of the observed exclusionary, intimidating, offensive and/or hostile conduct. The top location of observed conduct for the School of Law respondent population was in a Class/Lab (37%). The top location of observed conduct for the USF Overall respondent population was also in a Class/Lab (28%).

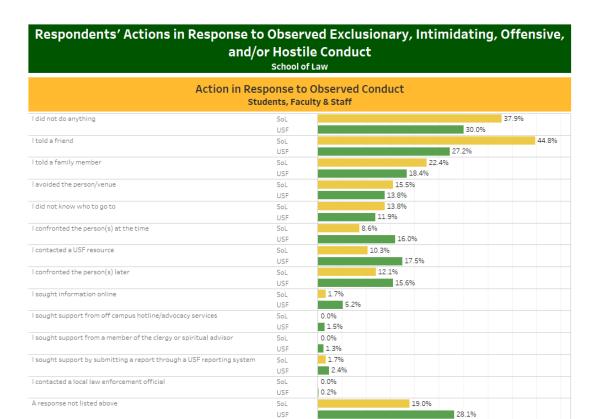


The above visual shows the SoL vs USF percentage totals by Location of Observed Conduct. The bar lengths illustrate the percentage differences. Note: Survey respondents were able to mark more than one field, therefore the total is greater than 100%.

Action in Response to Observed Conduct

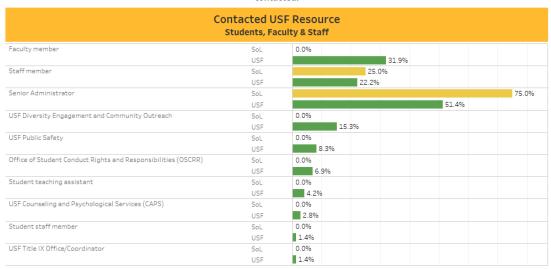
Respondents were asked to identify what their action was in response to the observed exclusionary, intimidating, offensive and/or hostile conduct. Within the School of Law respondent population, the top actions in response to the observed conduct were that they Told a Friend (45%), or They Did Not Do Anything (38%). Ten percent of the School of Law respondent population that took an action in response to the observed conduct, Contacted a USF Resource. Of those 10% that contacted a USF Resource, 75% contacted a Senior Administrator. Within the USF Overall respondent population, the top actions in response to the observed conduct were that they Did Not Do Anything (30%), or they Told a Friend (27%). Of the USF Overall respondent population that took an action in response to the observed conduct, 18%

Contacted a USF Resource. Of these 18%, the top USF resource contacted was a Senior Administrator (51%).



The above visual shows the Sol. vs USF percentage totals by Action in Response to Observed Conduct. The bar lengths illustrate the percentage differences. Note: Survey respondents were able to mark more than one field, therefore the total is greater than 100%.

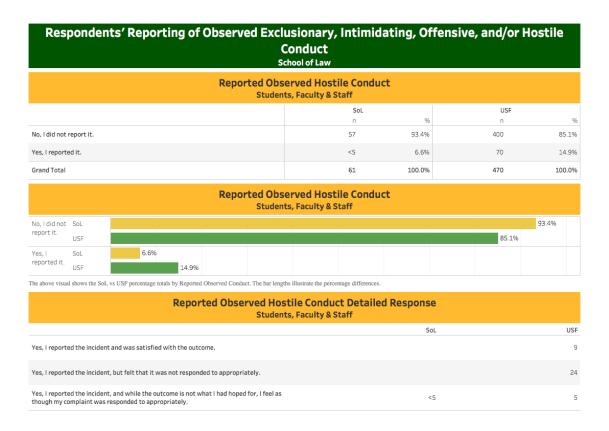
If an individual selected "I contacted a USF resource" from the above, the following is the specific resource in which they contacted.



The above visual shows the SoL vs USF percentage totals by USF Resource Contacted. The bar lengths illustrate the percentage differences. Note: Survey respondents were able to mark more than one field, therefore the total is greater than 100%.

Reporting of Observed Conduct

Of those who observed exclusionary, intimidating, offensive, and/or hostile conduct, 93% of the School of Law respondent population did not report the incident. Similarly, 85% of the USF Overall respondent population did not report the incident.



Unwanted Sexual Experiences

Any form of relationship violence, stalking, unwanted sexual interaction or unwanted sexual contact is considered a form of unwanted sexual conduct. Within the School of Law respondent population, 7% of respondents experienced unwanted sexual contact/conduct. In the USF Overall respondent population, 3% experienced unwanted sexual contact/conduct.

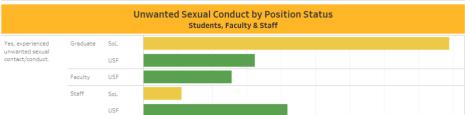
Respondents' Experience of Unwanted Sexual Contact/Conduct **School of Law Unwanted Sexual Contact/Conduct** Students, Faculty & Staff 237 92.6% 2122 96.5% No, did not experience unwanted sexual contact/conduct. 7.0% 3.4% Yes, experienced unwanted sexual contact/conduct. 18 74 Missing/Unknown <5 0.1% 2198 **Grand Total** 256 100.0% 100.0% **Unwanted Sexual Contact/Conduct** Students, Faculty & Staff No, did not experience unwanted sexual contact/conduct. 92.6% 96.5% USF Yes, experienced unwanted sexual contact/conduct. SoL 7.0% 3.4% USF 0.4% Missing/Unknown SoL USF 0.1%

The above visual shows the SoL vs USF percentage totals by Unwanted Sexual Contact/Conduct. The bar lengths illustrate the percentage differences.

Unwanted Sexual Conduct by Position, Gender and Racial Identity

Of the 7% of School of Law respondents that reported experiencing unwanted sexual contact/conduct, 89% were Graduate students, 78% were Women, 33% were White and 22% were Multiracial. Of the 3% of USF Overall respondents that reported experiencing unwanted sexual contact/conduct, 32% were Graduate students, 81% were Women, 45% were White and 19% were Multiracial.

Respondents' Experiences of Unwanted Sexual Conduct While at USF by Demographic Position Status, Gender Identity, Racial Identity School of Law Unwanted Sexual Conduct by Position Status Students, Faculty & Staff Yes, experienced unwanted sexual contact/conduct. Graduate Faculty Staff <Sol USF Caralyty 19 Staff Sol USF Caralyty 19



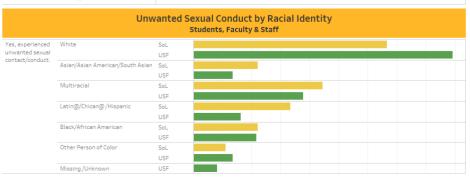
The above visual shows the SoL vs USF percentage totals by Unwanted Sexual Conduct, separated out by Position. The bar lengths illustrate the percentage differences.

Unwanted Sexual Conduct by Gender Identity Students, Faculty & Staff Sol. USF Yes, experienced unwanted sexual contact/conduct. Woman 14 60 Man <5</td> 11 Transspectrum <5</td> <5</td> Missing/Unknown <5</td>



The above visual shows the SoL vs USF percentage totals by Unwanted Sexual Conduct, separated out by Gender Identity. The bar lengths illustrate the percentage differences.

	Unwanted Sexual Conduct by Racial Identity Students, Faculty & Staff						
		SoL	USF				
Yes, experienced	White	6	33				
contact/conduct.	Asian/Asian American/South Asian	<5	5				
	Multiracial	<5	14				
	Latin@/Chican@/Hispanic	<5	6				
	Black/African American	<5	8				
	Other Person of Color	<5	5				
	Missing /Unknown		<5				



The above visual shows the SoL vs USF percentage totals by Unwanted Sexual Conduct, separated out by Racial Identity. The bar lengths illustrate the percentage

Unwanted Sexual Conduct by Sexual Identity, Disability Status and Religious Affiliation

Of the 7% of School of Law respondents that reported experiencing unwanted sexual contact/conduct, 50% were Heterosexual, 50% were LGBQ, 72% had No Disability, 44% had No Religious/Spiritual Affiliation and 44% had a Christian Affiliation. Of the 3% of USF Overall respondents that reported experiencing unwanted sexual contact/conduct, 70% were Heterosexual, 82% had No Disability, 47% had No Religious/Spiritual Affiliation and 31% had a Christian Affiliation.

Respondents' Experiences of Unwanted Sexual Conduct While at USF by Demographic

Sexual Identity, Disability Status and Religious Affiliation
School of Law

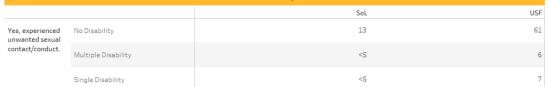
Unwanted Sexual Conduct by Sexual Identity Students, Faculty & Staff

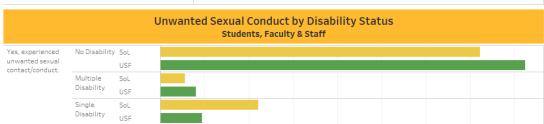




The above visual shows the SoL vs USF percentage totals by Unwanted Sexual Conduct, separated out by Sexual Identity. The bar lengths illustrate the percentage differences.

Unwanted Sexual Conduct by Disability Status Students, Faculty & Staff

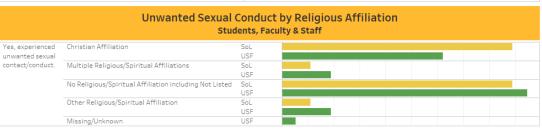




The above visual shows the SoL vs USF percentage totals by Unwanted Sexual Conduct, separated out by Disability Status. The bar lengths illustrate the percentage differences.

Unwanted Sexual Conduct by Religious Affiliation Students, Faculty & Staff

	o tude	into, racarey a ocarr	
		SoL	USF
Yes, experienced	Christian Affiliation	8	23
unwanted sexual contact/conduct.	Multiple Religious/Spiritual Affiliations	<5	7
	No Religious/Spiritual Affiliation including Not Listed	8	35
	Other Religious/Spiritual Affiliation	<5	7
	Missing/Unknown		<5



The above visual shows the SoL vs USF percentage totals by Unwanted Sexual Conduct, separated out by Religious Affiliation. The bar lengths illustrate the percentage differences.

Type of Unwanted Sexual Conduct Experienced

Of those 7% of School of Law respondents that experienced unwanted sexual contact/conduct, 67% experienced Unwanted Sexual Interaction, 11% experienced Stalking, 28% experienced Relationship Violence, and 44% experienced Unwanted Sexual Contact. Of the 3% of USF Overall respondents that experienced unwanted sexual contact/conduct, 77% experienced Unwanted Sexual Interaction, 20% experienced Stalking, 10% experienced Relationship Violence, and 12% experienced Unwanted Sexual Contact.

	Type of Unwanted		al Conduct	Experienced	
	Unwanted Sexual Contact/Conduct Relationship Violence (e.g., ridiculed, controlling, hitting) Students, Faculty & Staff			vanted Sexual Contact/Condo Stalking ving me, on social media, texting, ph Students, Faculty & Staff	
	SoL	USF		SoL	USF
No	251	2191	No	254	2183
Yes	5	7	Yes	<5	15
	Unwanted Sexual Contact/Conduct Unwanted Sexual Interaction (e.g., cat-calling, repeated sexual advances, sexual harassment) Students, Faculty & Staff	al		vanted Sexual Contact/Condi Unwanted Sexual Contact ing, rape, sexual assault, penetratio consent) Students, Faculty & Staff	
	SoL	USF		SoL	USF
No	244	2141	No	248	2189
Yes	12	57	Yes	8	9

The population sizes of the School of Law respondents that indicated experiencing Stalking, Relationship Violence, and Unwanted Sexual Contact were too small to show in detail and draw any meaningful conclusions from. However, the population size for respondents that experienced Unwanted Sexual Interaction was just large enough to show in more detail.

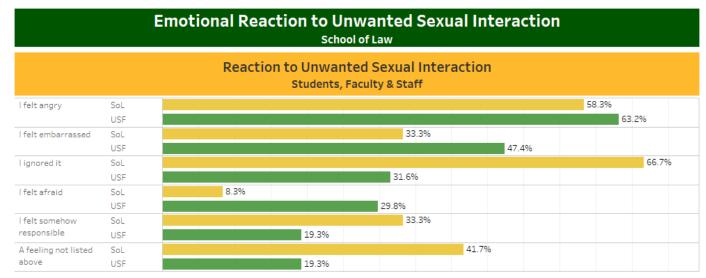
Unwanted Sexual Interaction by Demographics

Of the School of Law respondents that experienced Unwanted Sexual Interaction, 100% were Graduate students, 92% were Women, 58% were Heterosexual, 42% were White, 50% had Christian Affiliation, and 67% had No Disability. Of the USF Overall respondents that experienced Unwanted Sexual Interaction, 33% were Graduate students, 81% were Women, 72% were Heterosexual, 49% were White and 19% were Multiracial, 49% had No Religious/Spiritual Affiliation, and 86% had No Disability.

	Unwanted Sex		raction Demograp	hics	
	action by Position Faculty & Staff			eraction by Gender ts, Faculty & Staff	
	SoL	USF		SoL	USF
Graduate	12	19	Women	11	46
			Men		9
Faculty		12	Transspectrum	<5	<5
Staff		26	Missing/Unknown		<5
Unwanted Sexual Inte Students,	eraction by Sexual Faculty & Staff	Identity		l Interaction by Disal ts, Faculty & Staff	bility
	SoL	USF		SoL	USF
Heterosexual	7	41	No Disability	8	49
LGBQ	5	15	Single Disability	<5	5
Missing/Unknown		<5	Multiple Disability		<5
	I Interaction by Ra	ice		al Interaction by Reli ts, Faculty & Staff	gion
	SoL	USF		So	L USF
Asian/Asian American/South Asian	<5	5	Christian Affiliation		5 17
Black/African American	<5	5	Multiple Religious/Spiritual Affiliat	tions <	5 <5
Latin@/Chican@/Hispanic	<5	5			
Multiracial	<5	11	No Religious/Spiritual Affiliation in	cluding Not Listed	5 28
Other Person of Color	5	<5	Other Religious/Spiritual Affiliation	n <	5 7
White Missing /Unknown	5	28 <5	Missing/Unknown		<5

Emotional Reaction to Unwanted Sexual Interaction

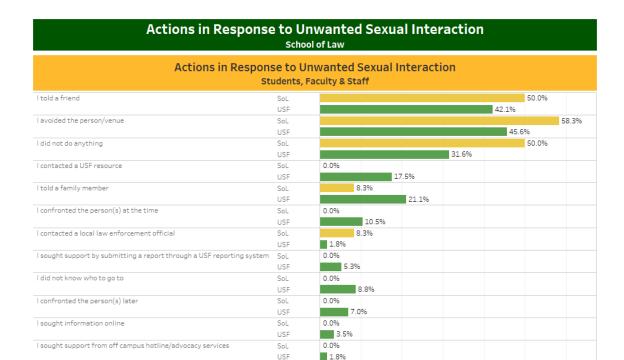
Of the School of Law respondents that experienced Unwanted Sexual Interaction, the most common reaction was that they Ignored It (67%). Of the USF Overall respondents that experienced Unwanted Sexual Interaction, the most common reaction was that they Felt Angry (63%).



The above visual shows the SoL vs USF percentage totals by Reaction to Unwanted Sexual Interaction. The bar lengths illustrate the percentage differences. Note: Survey respondents were able to mark more than one field, therefore the total is greater than 100%.

Actions in Response to Unwanted Sexual Interaction

Of the School of Law respondents that experienced Unwanted Sexual Interaction, the top actions in response to such conduct were that they Avoided the Person/Venue (58%), Told a Friend (50%), or Did Not Do Anything (50%). Zero percent of School of Law respondents that experienced such conduct, indicated that they Contacted a USF Resource. Of the USF Overall respondents that experienced Unwanted Sexual Interaction, the top actions in response to such conduct were that they Avoided the Person/Venue (46%) or Told a Friend (42%). Eighteen percent of USF Overall respondents that experienced such conduct, indicated that they Contacted a USF Resource. The top two USF resources contacted were Senior Administrator (44%) and USF Faculty Member (22%).



The above visual shows the SoL vs USF percentage totals by Action in Response to Unwanted Sexual Interaction. The bar lengths illustrate the percentage differences. Note: Survey respondents were able to mark more than one field, therefore the total is greater than 100%.

SoL

USF

USF

I sought support from a member of the clergy or spiritual advisor

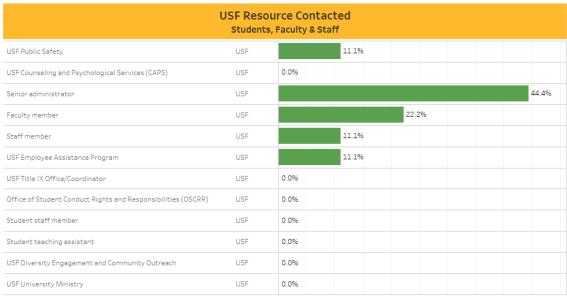
If an individual selected "I contacted a USF resource" from the above, the following is the specific resource in which they contacted.

0.096

3.5%

8.3%

14.0%



The above visual shows the SoL vs USF percentage totals by USF Resource Contacted. The bar lengths illustrate the percentage differences. Note: Survey respondents were able to mark more than one field, therefore the total is greater than 100%.

Reporting of Unwanted Sexual Interaction

Of the School of Law respondents that experienced Unwanted Sexual Interaction, 92% did not report their experience. Of the USF Overall respondents that experienced Unwanted Sexual Interaction, 79% did not report their experience.

Respondents Officially Report	ed Unwanted Sexual Interaction	on
	ual Interaction aculty & Staff	
	SoL	USF
No, I did not report it.	11	45
Yes, I reported the incident.	<5	12
If an individual selected "Yes, I reported it." from	n the above, the following is the detailed resp	ponse.
the state of the s	action Detailed Reponse aculty & Staff	
	SoL	USF



The above visual shows the SoL vs USF percentage totals by Reported Sexual Interaction. The bar lengths illustrate the percentage differences. Note: Survey respondents were able to mark more than one field, therefore the totals are greater than 100%.

Knowledge of Sexual Misconduct:

In respect to sexual misconduct, respondents were asked their knowledge of unwanted sexual contact/conduct definitions, policies, and resources. The majority of School of Law respondents agreed to having a broad knowledge of definitions, policies, and resources surrounding unwanted sexual conduct. A couple areas within the School of Law population negatively stood out, however. Twenty-three percent of respondents "disagreed" or "strongly disagreed" with the

statement, "I know how and where to report such incidents." Twenty-two percent of respondents also "disagreed" or "strongly disagreed" with the statement, "I know that information about the prevalence of sex offenses are available in the USF Annual Security and Fire Safety Report". The majority of USF Overall respondents also agreed to having a broad knowledge of definitions, policies, and resources surrounding unwanted sexual conduct. In comparison, however, only sixteen percent of respondents "disagreed" or "strongly disagreed" with the statement, "I know how and where to report such incidents." In addition, twenty-two percent of USF Overall respondents "disagreed" or "strongly disagreed" with the statement, "I know that information about the prevalence of sex offenses are available in the USF Annual Security and Fire Safety Report".

Respondents' Knowledge of Unwanted Sexual Contact/Conduct Definitions, Policies, and Resources

School of Law Students, Faculty & Staff

I am aware of the definition of Affirmative Consent
Students, Faculty & Staff

I am generally aware of the role of USF Title IX Coordinator with regard to reporting incidents of unwanted sexual contact/conduct Students, Faculty & Staff

	SoL	USF		SoL	USF
Strongly agree	162	1181	Strongly agree	103	883
Agree	78	802	Agree	109	961
Neither agree nor disagree	6	122	Neither agree nor disagree	23	162
Disagree	7	73	Disagree	17	142
Strongly disagree		14	Strongly disagree	<5	33
Missing/Unknown	<5	6	Missing/Unknown		17

I am aware of prevention programs offered at USF Students, Faculty & Staff Sol. US

,		
	SoL	USF
Strongly agree	85	567
Agree	89	866
Neither agree nor disagree	33	348
Disagree	41	347
Strongly disagree	8	62
Missing/Unknown		8

I know how and where to report such incidents Students, Faculty & Staff					
	SoL	USF			
Strongly agree	81	624			
Agree	87	881			
Neither agree nor disagree	30	313			
Disagree	45	320			
Strongly disagree	13	42			
Missing/Unknown		18			

I am familiar with the campus policies on addressing sexual misconduct, relationship violence, and stalking Students, Faculty & Staff

	SoL	USF
Strongly agree	87	693
Agree	97	966
Neither agree nor disagree	31	251
Disagree	32	235
Strongly disagree	9	36
Missing/Unknown		17

I am generally aware of the campus resources listed on the USF Title IX website Students, Faculty & Staff

	SoL	USF
Strongly agree	80	602
Agree	101	951
Neither agree nor disagree	31	286
Disagree	33	297
Strongly disagree	10	36
Missing/Unknown	<5	26

Respondents' Knowledge of Unwanted Sexual Contact/Conduct Definitions, Policies, and Resources

School of Law Students, Faculty & Staff

I have a responsibility to report such incidents	S
when I see them occurring on- or off-campus	
Students, Faculty & Staff	

I understand that USF code of conduct and penalties differ from standards of conduct and penalties under the criminal law Students, Faculty & Staff

	SoL	USF		SoL	USF
Strongly agree	140	1298	Strongly agree	107	814
Agree	77	762	Agree	100	891
Neither agree nor disagree	28	93	Neither agree nor disagree	32	308
Disagree	<5	18	Disagree	9	141
Strongly disagree	<5	12	Strongly disagree	<5	28
Missing/Unknown	<5	15	Missing/Unknown	<5	16

I know that information about the prevalence of sex offenses are available in the USF Annual Security and Fire Safety Report Students, Faculty & Staff

	SoL	USF
Strongly agree	75	604
Agree	84	725
Neither agree nor disagree	40	368
Disagree	45	402
Strongly disagree	11	72
Missing/Unknown	<5	27

I know that USF sends a Public Safety Crime Bulletin to the campus community when such an incident occurs Students, Faculty & Staff

	SoL	USF
Strongly agree	132	1053
Agree	75	820
Neither agree nor disagree	26	160
Disagree	15	117
Strongly disagree	6	30
Missing/Unknown	<5	18

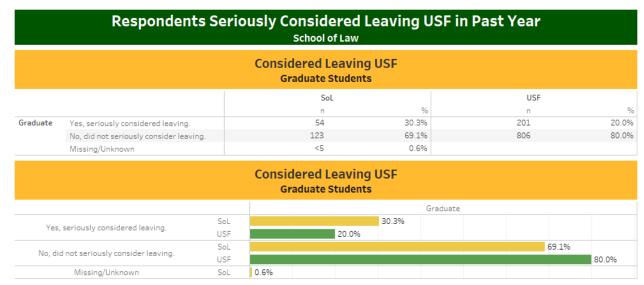
Perceived Environment

The final section of the report describes responses to survey items focused on the subgroups perceptions of the USF environment. This section will be divided out by Students, Faculty and Staff.

Students Perceived Environment

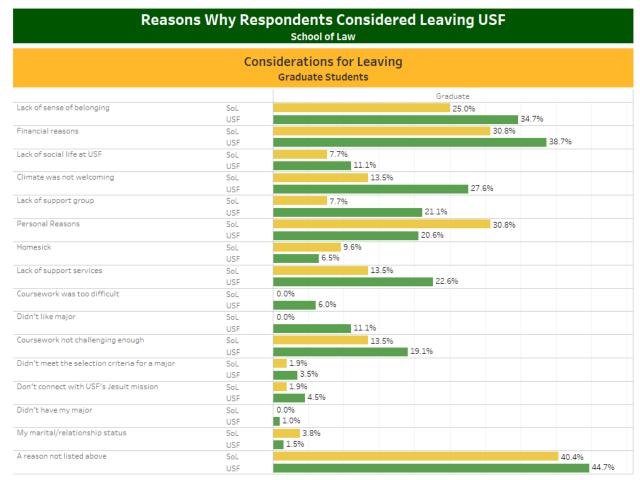
Considered Leaving USF

The survey asked student respondents if they had ever seriously considered leaving USF, and if they had, they were then asked why. Thirty percent of School of Law Graduate student respondents indicated that they had seriously considered leaving. In comparison, twenty percent of USF Graduate student respondents indicated that they had seriously considered leaving.



The above visual shows the SoL vs USF percentage totals by Considered Leaving USF, separated out by position. The bar lengths illustrate the percentage differences.

Of the 30% of School of Law Graduate student respondents that indicated they had seriously considered leaving USF, the top reasons provided was a Reason Not Listed (40%), Financial Reason (31%) and Personal Reason (31%). Of the 20% of USF Graduate student respondents that indicated they had seriously considered leaving USF, the top reasons provided were a Reason Not Listed Above (45%), and Financial Reason (39%).



The above visual shows the SoL vs USF percentage totals by Gender Identity, separated out by position. The bar lengths illustrate the percentage differences Note: Survey respondents were able to mark more than one field, therefore the total is greater than 100%.

Perception of Campus Climate

The survey queried student respondents about their perception of the climate in the classroom. The perception of climate in the classroom of Graduate student respondents within the School of Law, was generally positive. However, one area did leave room for improvement. Thirty percent of Graduate student respondents in the School of Law "agreed" or "strongly agreed" with the statement "I think that faculty prejudge my ability based on their perception of my identity/background." Within the USF Graduate student respondent population, 36% of student respondents also "agreed" or "strongly agreed" with this statement.

Student Respondents' Perception of Campus Climate School of Law

I think that faculty prejudge my abilities based on their perception of my identity/background Undergraduate & Graduate Students

Ondergraduae	c a crac	addic 50	.uuciico		
	Sc	οL	USF		
	n	%	n	%	
Strongly agree	21	11.8%	181	18.0%	
Agree	33	18.5%	184	18.3%	
Neither agree nor disagree	62	34.8%	249	24.7%	
Disagree	35	19.7%	225	22.3%	
Strongly disagree	25	14.0%	149	14.8%	
Missing/Unknown	<5	1.1%	19	1.9%	

I believe that the campus climate encourages free and open discussion of difficult topics Undergraduate & Graduate Students

	SoL		USF	
	n	%	n	%
Strongly agree	47	26.4%	342	34.0%
Agree	66	37.1%	389	38.6%
Neither agree nor disagree	39	21.9%	173	17.2%
Disagree	15	8.4%	60	6.0%
Strongly disagree	8	4.5%	30	3.0%
Missing/Unknown	<5	1.7%	13	1.3%

I have faculty whom I perceive as role models Undergraduate & Graduate Students

	So	οL	US	SF
	n	%	n	%
Strongly agree	71	39.9%	425	42.2%
Agree	72	40.4%	362	35.9%
Neither agree nor disagree	29	16.3%	162	16.1%
Disagree	<5	1.7%	26	2.6%
Strongly disagree	<5	0.6%	20	2.0%
Missing/Unknown	<5	1.1%	12	1.2%

I have staff whom I perceive as role models Undergraduate & Graduate Students

	So	L	US	SF
	n	%	n	%
Strongly agree	42	23.6%	291	28.9%
Agree	58	32.6%	273	27.1%
Neither agree nor disagree	63	35.4%	322	32.0%
Disagree	10	5.6%	72	7.1%
Strongly disagree	<5	1.7%	31	3.1%
Missing/Unknown	<5	1.1%	18	1.8%

Feelings of Value

Students were asked to indicate the extent to which they "agreed" with a number of statements on feelings of value. Overall, Graduate students in the School of Law reported feeling valued. This is consistent with the USF Student respondent population.

"Pleas	e indicate t			you ag	ts' Feelings of \ ree with each of th lof Law		staten	nents."	
l fe	el valued by Graduate S		ty		11	feel valued by Graduate St		ff	
	SoL		USF			SoL		USF	
Strongly agree	n 54	30.3%	401	39.8%	Strongly agree	n 45	25.3%	n 362	35.9%
	74	41.6%	401	42.5%		69	38.8%	409	40.6%
Agree	29	16.3%	120	11.9%	Agree	44	24.7%	171	17.0%
Neither agree nor disagree					Neither agree nor disagree				
Disagree	16	9.0%	33	3.3%	Disagree	12	6.7%	38	3.8%
Strongly disagree	<5	1.7%	17	1.7%	Strongly disagree	6	3.4%	15	1.5%
Missing/Unknown	<5	1.1%	8	0.8%	Missing/Unknown	<5	1.1%	12	1.2%
I feel value	ed by USF sei Graduate S		nistrators		I feel valu	ued by faculty Graduate St		lassroom	
	SoL		USF			SoL		USF	
	n	%	n	96		n	%	n	%
Strongly agree	40	22.5%	258	25.6%	Strongly agree	58	32.6%	433	43.0%
Agree	58	32.6%	307	30.5%	Agree	90	50.6%	418	41.5%
Neither agree nor disagree	44	24.7%	308	30.6%	Neither agree nor disagree	19	10.7%	107	10.6%
Disagree	24	13.5% 4.5%	74 43	7.3% 4.3%	Disagree	7	3.9%	24 11	2.4%
Strongly disagree Missing/Unknown	<5	2.2%	17	1.7%	Strongly disagree Missing/Unknown	<5	2.2%	14	1.1%
51	d by other st Graduate S	udents in		2.770	I feel valued by		s outsid		
	SoL		USF			SoL		USF	
Strongly agree	n 38	21.3%	411	40.8%	Strongly agree	n 37	20.8%	n 301	29.9%
	96	53.9%	422	41.9%		87	48.9%	336	33.4%
Agree					Agree				
Neither agree nor disagree	31	17.4%	113	11.2%	Neither agree nor disagree	42	23.6%	288	28.6%
Disagree	10	5.6%	38	3.8%	Disagree	8	4.5%	49	4.9%
Strongly disagree	<5	0.6%	9	0.9%	Strongly disagree	<5	0.6%	15	1.5%
Missing/Unknown	<5	1.1%	14	1.4%	Missing/Unknown	<5	1.7%	18	1.8%

Graduate Student Perceptions

Graduate students, specifically, were asked how they felt about their experience at USF. There was one area with room for improvement. With regards to advising, 22% of School of Law Graduate student respondents "disagreed" or "strongly disagreed" with the statement, "I am satisfied with the quality of advising I have received from my department/program." In comparison, 16% of the USF Graduate student respondents "disagreed" or "strongly disagreed" with the statement.

Graduate Student Respondents' Perceptions of Advising

"As a graduate student I feel..."

School of Law

I am satisfied with the quality of advising I have
received from my department/program
Graduate Students

Graduate Students							
	Sc	οL	US	SF			
	n	%	n	%			
Strongly agree	34	19.1%	290	28.8%			
Agree	54	30.3%	390	38.7%			
Neither agree nor disa	48	27.0%	162	16.1%			
Disagree	30	16.9%	106	10.5%			
Strongly disagree	9	5.1%	55	5.5%			
Missing/Unknown	<5	1.7%	<5	0.4%			

I have adequate access to advising Graduate Students

	Sc	οL	USF		
	n	%	n	%	
Strongly agree	40	22.5%	322	32.0%	
Agree	81	45.5%	403	40.0%	
Neither agree nor disagree	30	16.9%	147	14.6%	
Disagree	18	10.1%	99	9.8%	
Strongly disagree	6	3.4%	29	2.9%	
Missing/Unknown	<5	1.7%	7	0.7%	

I have adequate support from my advisor/chair to complete my program Graduate Students

	Sc	οL	U:	SF
	n	%	n	%
Strongly agree	35	19.7%	361	35.8%
Agree	64	36.0%	371	36.8%
Neither agree nor disagree	48	27.0%	160	15.9%
Disagree	23	12.9%	76	7.5%
Strongly disagree	5	2.8%	35	3.5%
Missing/Unknown	<5	1.7%	<5	0.4%

My advisor/chair provides clear expectations Graduate Students

	So	οL	US	SF
	n	%	n	%
Strongly agree	32	18.0%	331	32.9%
Agree	56	31.5%	381	37.8%
Neither agree nor disagree	56	31.5%	177	17.6%
Disagree	27	15.2%	79	7.8%
Strongly disagree	<5	1.7%	33	3.3%
Missing/Unknown	<5	2.2%	6	0.6%

My advisor/chair responds to my emails, calls, or voicemails in a prompt manner Graduate Students

	So	L	US	F
	n	%	n	%
Strongly agree	38	21.3%	389	38.6%
Agree	60	33.7%	394	39.1%
Neither agree nor disagree	60	33.7%	140	13.9%
Disagree	10	5.6%	53	5.3%
Strongly disagree	5	2.8%	21	2.1%
Missing/Unknown	5	2.8%	10	1.0%

Gradı	uate Stud	lent Ro		aduate	erceptions of D student I feel" of Law	epartme	nt/Prog	ram	
Department/program respond to my emai		icemails			Department/progra calls, or t	am staff mem voicemails in Graduate St	a prompt n	-	mails,
	SoL n	96	USF n	96		SoL n	96	USF n	%
Strongly agree	53	29.8%	405	40.2%	Strongly agree	53	29.8%	394	39.1%
Agree	82	46.1%	440	43.7%	Agree	83	46.6%	428	42.5%
Neither agree nor disagree	32	18.0%	92	9.1%	Neither agree nor disagree	31	17.4%	112	11.1%
	6	3.4%	47	4.7%		6	3.4%	49	4.9%
Disagree					Disagree				
Strongly disagree	<5	1.7%	18	1.8%	Strongly disagree	<5	1.1%	15	1.5%
Missing/Unknown	<5	1.1%	5	0.5%	Missing/Unknown	<5	1.7%	9	0.9%
There are adequate opportunities for me to interact with other university faculty outside of my department Graduate Students			I receive support from my advisor to pursue personal research interests Graduate Students						
	SoL		USF			SoL		USF	
	n	96	n	96		n	96	n	%
Strongly agree	34	19.1%	204	20.3%	Strongly agree	27	15.2%	266	26.4%
Agree	59	33.1%	282	28.0%	Agree	34	19.1%	304	30.2%
Neither agree nor disagree	53	29.8%	254	25.2%	Neither agree nor disagree	88	49.4%	284	28.2%
Disagree	20	11.2%	185	18.4%	Disagree	16	9.0%	88	8.7%
Strongly disagree	9	5.1%	76	7.5%	Strongly disagree	8	4.5%	54	5.4%
Missing/Unknown	<5	1.7%	6	0.6%	Missing/Unknown	5	2.8%	11	1.1%
My department/pr produce pu	ogram faculty ublications ar Graduate St	nd presen	_	me to	My department/pr serve the departr outs		rsity in var g or resear	ious capaci	
	SoL		USF			SoL		USF	
6.	n	96	n	96	6	n	96	n	%
Strongly agree	28	15.7%	246	24.4%	Strongly agree	31	17.4%	238	23.6%
Agree	50 63	28.1%	307 269	30.5% 26.7%	Agree	60 61	33.7% 34.3%	294 267	29.2%
Neither agree nor disagree	25	14.0%	114	11.3%	Neither agree nor disagree	15	8.4%	136	13.5%
Disagree Strongly disagree	8	4.5%	59	5.9%	Disagree	7	3.9%	65	6.5%
Missing/Unknown	<5	2 206	12	1.2%	Strongly disagree Missing/Unknown	<5	0.00/	7	0.7%
Wissing/Officiowii		2.270	12				2.2%		0.770
	T:	feel comf			ofessional goals with restaurations	my advisor			
			SoL				USF		
Strongly agree			n 46		96 25.8%		n 108		40.5%
Agree			65		36.5%		394		39.1%
Neither agree nor disagree			54		30.3%		.39		13.8%
Disagree			5		2.8%		30		3.0%
Strongly disagree			<5		1.7%		26		2.6%
Missing/Unknown			5		2.8%		10		1.0%

Academic Experience

Students were asked to indicate the extent to which they "agreed" with a number of statements regarding their academic experience at USF. Overall, Graduate student respondents within the

School of Law reported having a positive academic experience. However, there was one area with a high percentage of negativity. Thirty-six percent of School of Law student respondents "agreed" or "strongly agreed" with the statement, "Few of my courses this year have been intellectually stimulating." Forty-three percent of USF Graduate student respondents "agreed" or "strongly agreed" with this statement.

		Aca	ademi		erience at l	ISF				
l am performing up Grad	to my fu luate St		mic pote	ntial	Few of my cour	st	s year h imulatii uate Stu	ng	intelle	ctually
	So	L	USF				So		USI	F
	n	%	n	%			n	%	n	%
Strongly Agree	37	20.8%	357	35.5%	Strongly Agree		27	15.2%	175	17.4%
Agree	112	62.9%	503	50.0%	Agree		37	20.8%	256	25.4%
Neither agree nor disagree	17	9.6%	76	7.5%	Neither agree nor d	icaaroo	20	11.2%	140	13.9%
	10	5.6%	62	6.2%	-	isagi ee	57	32.0%	274	27.2%
Disagree					Disagree		37	20.8%	154	
Strongly Disagree	<5	1.1%	7	0.7%	Strongly Disagree		3/	20.8%		15.3%
Missing/Unknown			<5	0.2%	Missing/Unknown				8	0.8%
I am satisfied with n	ny acade	mic expe	erience a	t USF	I am satisfie	d with	the exte	nt of my	intelled	ctual
Grad	luate St	udents			develo	pment	since er	rolling a	at USF	
							uate Stu	_		
	So	L	USF	:			SoL	.	US	SF.
	n	%	n	%			n	%	n	
Strongly Agree	42	23.6%	319	31.7%	Strongly Agree		52	29.2%	355	35.3
Agree	108	60.7%	482	47.9%	Agree		103	57.9%	483	48.0
Neither agree nor disagree	19	10.7%	127	12.6%	Neither agree nor di	sagree	15	8.4%	104	10.39
Disagree	8	4.5%	51	5.1%	Disagree		6	3.4%	50	5.09
Strongly Disagree	<5	0.6%	21	2.1%	Strongly Disagree		<5	0.6%	8	0.8
Missing/Unknown			7	0.7%	Missing/Unknown		<5	0.6%	7	0.79
	I have	perform	ed acade	emically	as well as I antic	ipated	l would			
			G	raduate	Students					
			SoL					USF		
			n		96			n		
Strongly Agree			29		16.3%		33			32.9
Agree			72		40.4%		50			49.9
Neither agree nor disagree			47 28		26.4% 15.7%		10	2		10.8
Disagree Strongly Disagree			28 <5		15.7%			2		1.2
Missing/Unknown			-5		2.270			1		1.1
My academic exp	erience	nas nad			nce on my intelled Students	tual gr	owth ar	id intere	st in ide	eas
				raudate	Students					
			SoL		%			USF		q
Strongly Agree			61		34.3%		44	n s		44.39
Agree			95		53.4%		43			43.29
Neither agree nor disagree			17		9.6%		8			8.19
Disagree			<5		1.7%		2			2.39
Strongly Disagree							1			1.39
Missing/Unknown			<5		1.1%			8		0.89

		Ac	ademi		erience at USF				
My academic experie on my intellectual Gra		and inte			My interest in idea increased Grad		ming to		has
	Sol		USF	=		Sol	L	USI	F
	n	%	n	%		n	%	n	96
Strongly Agree	61	34.3%	446	44.3%	Strongly Agree	61	34.3%	439	43.6%
Agree	95	53.4%	435	43.2%	Agree	77	43.3%	411	40.8%
Neither agree nor disagree	17	9.6%	82	8.1%	Neither agree nor disagree	26	14.6%	107	10.6%
Disagree	<5	1.7%	23	2.3%	Disagree	11	6.2%	38	3.8%
Strongly Disagree			13	1.3%	Strongly Disagree	<5	0.6%	11	1.1%
Missing/Unknown	<5	1.1%	8	0.8%	Missing/Unknown	<5	1.1%	<5	0.1%
Thinking ahead, it without me Gra	-	academ		JSF	l intend to Grad	o gradua duate Sti		USF	
	Sol		USF	=		Sol	L	US	F
	n	%	n	%		n	%	n	%
Strongly Agree	<5	0.6%	34	3.4%	Strongly Agree	125	70.2%	752	74.7%
Agree	11	6.2%	32	3.2%	Agree	41	23.0%	209	20.8%
Neither agree nor disagree	18	10.1%	66	6.6%	Neither agree nor disagree	11	6.2%	34	3.4%
Disagree	45	25.3%	224	22.2%	Disagree	<5	0.6%	<5	0.2%
Strongly Disagree	103	57.9%	646	64.2%	Strongly Disagree			<5	0.2%
Missing/Unknown			5	0.5%	Missing/Unknown			8	0.8%

Institutional Initiatives

Students were also asked about their perception of a number of institutional initiatives. Within the School of Law population, of the Graduate students that answered the question believing the initiative was currently available, the majority reported that the initiative positively influences climate. Similarly, of the Graduate students that answered the question believing that the initiative was not currently available, the majority reported that the initiative would positively influence climate. This was in line with the results from the USF Student respondent population.

Student Respondents' Perceptions of Institutional Initiatives

Based on your knowledge of the availability of the following institutional initiatives, please indicate how each influences or would influence the climate at USF.

School of Law

The left column shows the respondents thoughts on how various initiatives influenced the climate at USF, if they were believed to be currently available. The right column shows the respondents thoughts on how initiatives would influence the climate if they were not currently available, and made available in the future.

Providing equity and inclus Graduate S	_	ents	Providing equity and inclusion Graduate St		ents
	SoL	USF		SoL	USI
Positively influences climate	101	604	Would positively influence climate	36	18
Has no influence on climate	19	71	Would have no influence on climate	5	3
Negatively influences climate	<5	7	Would negatively influence climate	<5	</td
Missing/Unknown	54	325	Missing/Unknown	134	78
Providing equity and incl		ff	Providing equity and inclus		ff
Graduate S	Students		Graduate St	udents	
2	SoL 101	USF		SoL 33	US
Positively influences climate Has no influence on climate	101	593 65		6	18
Negatively influences climate	<5	10	Would negatively influence climate	<5	2
Missing/Unknown	57	339	Missing/Unknown	137	78
Providing equity and inclus	ion training for facult	ty	Providing equity and inclusion	on training for facul	ty
Graduate St	tudents		Graduate Stu	dents	
	SoL	USF		SoL	US
Positively influences climate	98	596	Would positively influence climate	35	18
Has no influence on climate	16	65	Would have no influence on climate	7	2
Negatively influences climate Missing/Unknown	<5 62	7 339	Would negatively influence climate Missing/Unknown	<5 134	79
harassment or other disc Graduate S			experienced harassment or othe Graduate Stu		ila vioi
	SoL	USF		SoL	US
Positively influences climate	123	695	Would positively influence climate	23	12
Has no influence on climate	10	43	Would have no influence on climate	<5	1
Negatively influences climate	<5	<5	Would negatively influence climate	<5	<
Missing/Unknown	44	266	Missing/Unknown	150	860
Providing access to counseli harassment or other dis Graduate S	criminatory behavior	d of	Providing access to counselin harassment or other discr Graduate Stu	iminatory behavior	
	SoL	USF		SoL	US
Positively influences climate	SoL 111	USF 651	Would positively influence climate	SoL 31	
			Would positively influence climate Would have no influence on climate		14
Has no influence on climate	111	651		31	14
Has no influence on climate Wegatively influences climate	111 14	651 51	Would have no influence on climate	31 <5	14: 2:
Has no influence on climate Negatively influences climate	111 14 <5 52 ple who have experie	651 51 5 300	Would have no influence on climate Would negatively influence climate	31 <5 <5 142 le who have experie iminatory behavior	14. 2
harassment or other dis	111 14 <5 52 ple who have experie	651 51 5 300	Would have no influence on climate Would negatively influence climate Missing/Unknown Providing due process for peop harassment or other discr	31 <5 <5 142 le who have experie iminatory behavior	
Has no influence on climate Negatively influences climate Missing/Unknown Providing due process for peo harassment or other disc	111 14 <5 52 sple who have experie criminatory behavior tudents	651 51 5 300	Would have no influence on climate Would negatively influence climate Missing/Unknown Providing due process for peop harassment or other discr	31 <5 <5 142 le who have experieriminatory behavior udents	14 2: 83
Has no influence on climate Negatively influences climate Missing/Unknown Providing due process for peo harassment or other dis Graduate S Positively influences climate	111 14 <5 52 sple who have experie criminatory behavior tudents Sol	651 51 5 300	Would have no influence on climate Would negatively influence climate Missing/Unknown Providing due process for peop harassment or other discr Graduate Stu	31 <5 <5 142 le who have experieriminatory behavior udents Sol	14 2: 83************************************
Has no influence on climate Negatively influences climate Missing/Unknown Providing due process for peo harassment or other disc	111 14 <5 52 pple who have experie criminatory behavior tudents SoL 112	651 51 5 300 Inced	Would have no influence on climate Would negatively influence climate Missing/Unknown Providing due process for peop harassment or other discr Graduate Stu	31 <5 <5 142 le who have experieriminatory behavior udents Sol. 31	14 2 83 83 enced US

Student Respondents' Perceptions of Institutional Initiatives

Based on your knowledge of the availability of the following institutional initiatives, please indicate how each influences or would influence the climate at USF.

School of Law

The left column shows the respondents thoughts on how various initiatives influenced the climate at USF, if they were believed to be currently available. The right column shows the respondents thoughts on how initiatives would influence the climate if they were not currently available, and made available in the future.

Providing due process for peopl other discriminal Graduate St	cory behavior	nent or	Providing due process for people other discriminato Graduate Stu	ry behavior	ment or
	SoL	USF		SoL	USF
Positively influences climate	101	610	Would positively influence climate	31	141
Has no influence on climate	17	68	Would have no influence on climate	<5	24
Negatively influences climate	<5	12	Would negatively influence climate	<5	11
Missing/Unknown	57	317	Missing/Unknown	140	831
Providing a person to address st		bias by	Providing a person to address stu		bias by
faculty/staff in learni Graduate St	_		faculty/staff in learning Graduate Stu	-	
	SoL	USF		SoL	USF
Positively influences climate	98	585	Would positively influence climate	41	185
Has no influence on climate	12	65	Would have no influence on climate	<5	25
Negatively influences climate	<5	10	Would negatively influence climate	<5	<5
Missing/Unknown	65	347	Missing/Unknown	131	793
Duraiding a newspet address of		hina hu	Busiding a succession adduces sho	dant	i bi sa bu
Providing a person to address st other students in learn		DIAS DY	Providing a person to address stu other students in learni		bias by
Graduate S	_		Graduate Stu	-	
	SoL	USF		SoL	USF
Positively influences climate	95	576	Would positively influence climate	42	176
Has no influence on climate	13	71	Would have no influence on climate	5	26
Negatively influences climate	<5	12	Would negatively influence climate	<5	6
Missing/Unknown	68	348	Missing/Unknown	128	799
Increasing opportunities for cro studer Graduate St	nts	among	Increasing opportunities for cross students Graduate Stu	s	among
	SoL	USF		SoL	USF
Positively influences climate	100	602	Would positively influence climate	37	175
Has no influence on climate	18	62	Would have no influence on climate	<5	20
Negatively influences climate	<5 58	6 337	Would negatively influence climate	<5 136	6 806
Missing/Unknown	50	337	Missing/Unknown	120	000
Increasing opportunities for cros faculty, staff, a		etween	Increasing opportunities for cross faculty, staff, and	_	oetween
Graduate St	tudents		Graduate Stu	dents	
	SoL	USF		SoL	USF
Positively influences climate	96	575	Would positively influence climate	36	193
Has no influence on climate	20	66	Would have no influence on climate	<5	18
Negatively influences climate	<5	6	Would negatively influence climate	<5	6
Missing/Unknown	59	360	Missing/Unknown	135	790
Incorporating issues of diversity a	and cross-cultural cor	npetence	Incorporating issues of divers	sity and cross-cultu	ıral
more effectively into			competence more effectivel		
Graduate St	tudents		Graduate Stu	dents	
	SoL	USF		SoL	USF
Positively influences climate	93	609	Would positively influence climate	37	162
Has no influence on climate	20	60	Would have no influence on climate	5	21
Negatively influences climate	5	7	Would negatively influence climate	<5	<5
ivegatively influences climate					
Missing/Unknown	60	331	Missing/Unknown	133	820

Student Respondents' Perceptions of Institutional Initiatives

Based on your knowledge of the availability of the following institutional initiatives, please indicate how each influences or would influence the climate at USF.

School of Law

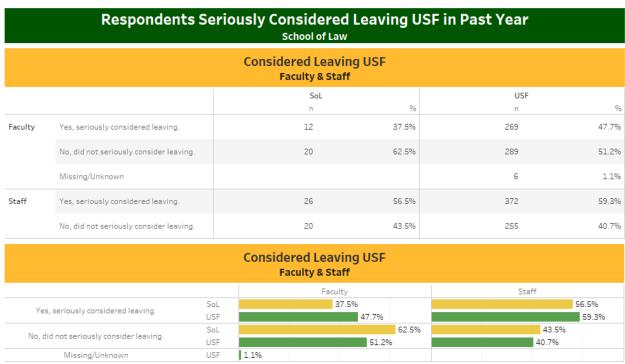
The left column shows the respondents thoughts on how various initiatives influenced the climate at USF, if they were believed to be currently available. The right column is the respondence of the column is the respondence of the respondenshows the respondents thoughts on how initiatives would influence the climate if they were not currently available, and made available in the future.

Providing effective facult Graduate		nts	Providing effective faculty me Graduate Stud		its
	SoL	USF		SoL	USF
Positively influences climate	112	630	Would positively influence climate	34	154
Has no influence on climate	12	48	Would have no influence on climate		15
Negatively influences climate	<5	8	Would negatively influence climate	<5	5
Missing/Unknown	52	321	Missing/Unknown	142	833
Providing effective fact Graduate	-	ı	Providing effective faculty Graduate Stud	_	
	SoL	USF		SoL	USF
Positively influences climate	107	652	Would positively influence climate	37	140
Has no influence on climate	11	47	Would have no influence on climate		12
Negatively influences climate	<5	5	Would negatively influence climate	<5	<5
	58			139	851
Missing/Unknown	58	303	Missing/Unknown	139	851
Providing immediate acco	ess for students to CAS	5A	Providing immediate access f	for students to CAS	A
Graduate	Students		Graduate Stud	dents	
	SoL	USF		SoL	USF
Positively influences climate	91	544	Would positively influence climate	30	160
Has no influence on climate	25	87	Would have no influence on climate	7	37
Negatively influences climate	<5	<5	Would negatively influence climate	<5	<5
Missing/Unknown	61	373	Missing/Unknown	138	807
Providing diversity tra	ining for student staff		Providing diversity training	g for student staff	
Graduate	Students		Graduate Stud	dents	
	SoL	USF		SoL	USF
Positively influences climate	99	589	Would positively influence climate	31	186
Has no influence on climate	22	54	Would have no influence on climate	<5	17
Negatively influences climate	<5	5	Missing/Unknown	140	798
Missing/Unknown	55	359	Would negatively influence climate	<5	6
Providing afford Graduate			Providing affordabl Graduate Stud		
Gradate		USF	Graduate State		USF
Positively influences climate	SoL 82	468	Would positively influence climate	SoL 61	265
Has no influence on climate	12	82	Would have no influence on climate	<5	25
Negatively influences climate		<5	Would negatively influence climate	<5	6
Missing/Unknown	84	453	Missing/Unknown	110	711
Providing support/resources for	or spouse/partner emp	lovment	Providing support/resources for sp	ouse/partner empl	ovment
Graduate		,	Graduate Stud	, , ,	-,
	SoL	USF		SoL	USF
Positively influences climate	86	471	Would positively influence climate	52	247
Has no influence on climate	14	80	Would have no influence on climate	5	41
Negatively influences climate	<5	<5	Would negatively influence climate	<5	5
Missing/Unknown	77	453	Missing/Unknown	119	714

Faculty and Staff Perceived Environment

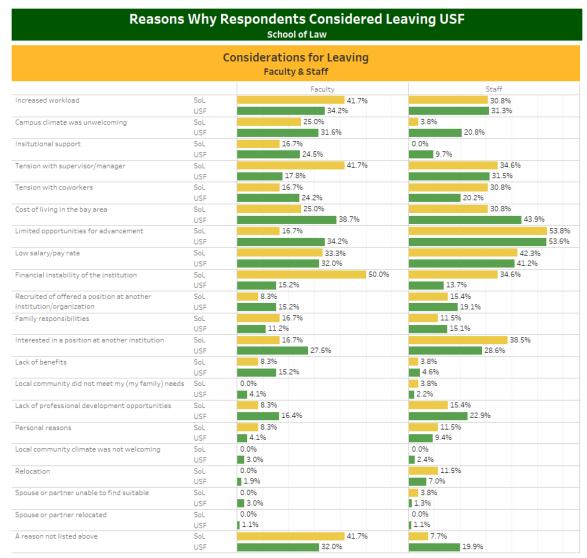
Considered Leaving USF

The survey asked respondents if they had ever seriously considered leaving USF, and if they had, they were then asked why. Within the School of Law, 38% of Faculty respondents, and 57% of Staff respondents stated that they had seriously considered leaving USF in the past year. Within the USF Overall population, 48% of Faculty respondents, and 59% of Staff respondents stated that they had seriously considered leaving USF in the past year.



The above visual shows the SoL vs USF percentage totals by Considered Leaving USF, separated out by position. The bar lengths illustrate the percentage differences.

Of the 38% of the School of Law Faculty respondents that indicated they had seriously considered leaving USF, the top reasons provided were Financial Instability of the Institution (50%), A Reason Not Listed above (42%), Increased Workload (42%), and Tension with Supervisor / Manager (42%). The top reasons provided by USF Faculty respondents, were the Cost of Living in the Bay Area (39%), Limited Opportunities for Advancement (34%), and Increased Workload (34%). Of the 57% of the School of Law Staff respondents that indicated they had seriously considered leaving USF, the top three reasons provided were Limited Opportunities for Advancement (54%) and Low Salary/Pay Rate (42%). The top reasons provided by USF Staff respondents, were also Limited Opportunities for Advancement (54%), and Cost of Living in the Bay Area (44%).



The above visual shows the SoL vs USF percentage totals by Considerations for Leaving, separated out by position. The bar lengths illustrate the percentage differences Note: Survey respondents were able to mark more than one field, therefore the total is greater than 100%.

Unfair Employment Practices

Employee (Faculty and Staff) respondents were asked a series of questions on their experiences with unfair employment practices at USF. Generally, employee respondents in the School of Law did not report many of these instances. The area with the most room for improvement, however, was Unfair Hiring Practices. Thirty-four percent of the School of Law Faculty respondents, and twenty percent of the School of Law Staff respondents indicated experiencing unfair hiring practices. Within the USF Overall populations, twenty-four percent of USF Faculty respondents, and twenty-six percent of USF Staff respondents indicated experiencing unfair hiring practices.

	Procedures or Practice enure, reappointment, Faculty &	or reclassification		Unfair	Employment-Rela Faculty 8		Action
		SoL	USF			SoL	US
Faculty	Yes	<5	138	Faculty	Yes	<5	97
	No	27	415		No	26	45
	Missing/Unknown	<5	11		Missing/Unknown	<5	14
Staff	Yes	11	144	Staff	Yes	6	10
	No	35	470		No	40	513
	Missing/Unknown		13		Missing/Unknown		11
			r Hiring F aculty & S	Practices Staff			
		SoL				USF	
		n		%		n	96
Faculty	Yes	11		34.4%		133	23.6%
	No	21		65.6%		424	75.2%
	Missing/Unknown					7	1.2%
Staff	Yes	9		19.6%		159	25.4%
	No	37		80.4%		464	74.0%
	Missing/Unknown					<5	0.6%

Faculty Perceived Environment

Overall Workplace

The survey queried respondents about their perception of the workplace climate. The School of Law Faculty respondents' perceptions about the workplace climate were generally positive. However, there were a couple areas that leave room for improvement.

- 28% of the School of Law Faculty respondents "disagreed" or "strongly disagreed" with the statement, "The performance evaluation process is clear." Thirty-three percent of the USF Faculty respondents "disagreed" or "strongly disagreed" with the statement.
- 25% of the School of Law Faculty respondents "agreed" or "strongly agreed" with the statement, "I think that faculty in my department/program prejudge my abilities based on their perception of my identity/background." Twenty-one percent of the USF Faculty respondents "agreed" or "strongly agreed" with the statement.
- 22% of the School of Law Faculty respondents "disagreed" or "strongly disagreed" with the statement, "I believe that USF encourages free and open discussion of difficult topics." Twenty-one percent of the School of Law Faculty respondents "disagreed" or "strongly disagreed" with the statement.

Faculty Respondents' Perception of Workplace

"Please indicate the extent to which you agree with each of the following statements."

School of Law

I think that faculty in my department/program
prejudge my abilities based on their perception of
my identity/background
Faculty

SoL USF

	Faculty	
	SoL	USF
Strongly agree	<5	43
Agree	6	75
Neither agree nor disagree	10	149
Disagree	<5	170
Strongly disagree	9	119
Missing/Unknown	<5	8

I think that my department chair/program director prejudges my abilities based on their perception of my identity/background
Faculty

	SoL	USF
Strongly agree	<5	37
Agree	<5	51
Neither agree nor disagree	9	129
Disagree	6	179
Strongly disagree	12	153
Missing/Unknown	<5	15

I believe that USF encourages free and open discussion of difficult topics Faculty						
	SoL	USF				
Strongly agree	<5	100				
Agree	12	200				
Neither agree nor disagree	8	137				
Disagree	6	84				
Strongly disagree	<5	36				
Missing/Unknown	<5	7				

Facı		ulty memb	erception of Workpoer at USF, I feel" of Law	olace	
the state of the s			The performance evalu Fact		clear
	SoL	USF		SoL	USF
Strongly agree	<5	63	Strongly agree	<5	35
Agree	13	207	Agree	15	173
Neither agree nor disagree	12	186	Neither agree nor disagree	<5	157
Disagree	<5	60 38	Disagree Strongly disagree	7 <5	129 58
Strongly disagree Missing/Unknown	<5	10	Missing/Unknown	<5	12
	th resources to pu I development culty		Positive about my caree Fact		
	SoL	USF		SoL	USF
Strongly agree	<5	158	Strongly agree	6	80
Agree	14	243	Agree	13	193
Neither agree nor disagree	6	78	Neither agree nor disagree	8	170
Disagree	5	43	Disagree	<5	58
Strongly disagree		35	Strongly disagree		50
Missing/Unknown	<5	7	Missing/Unknown	<5	13
I would recommend US Fa	F as a good place t	to work	l have job Fact		
	SoL	USF		SoL	USF
Strongly agree	9	106	Strongly agree	8	94
Agree	10	266	Agree	8	165
Neither agree nor disagree	11	114	Neither agree nor disagree	9	101
Disagree	<5	42	Disagree	<5	97
Strongly disagree		28	Strongly disagree	<5	96
Missing/Unknown	<5	8	Missing/Unknown	<5	11

Feelings of Value

Overall, the Faculty respondents in the School of Law indicated feeling valued.

Faculty Respondents' Feelings of Value

"Please indicate the extent to which you agree with each of the following statements."

School of Law

I feel valued by faculty in Facu		program	I feel valued by my depa direc Facu	ctor	ogram
	SoL	USF		SoL	USF
Strongly agree	9	179	Strongly agree	14	219
Agree	16	223	Agree	11	184
Neither agree nor disagree	<5	79	Neither agree nor disagree	<5	81
Disagree	<5	50	Disagree	<5	45
Strongly disagree		30	Strongly disagree		29
Missing/Unknown	<5	<5	Missing/Unknown	<5	6
I feel valued by oth Facu		6F	I feel valued by stude Fact		oom
	SoL	USF		SoL	USF
Strongly agree	7	137	Strongly agree	22	237
Agree	11	231	Agree	6	241
Neither agree nor disagree	8	134	Neither agree nor disagree	<5	50
Disagree	<5	36	Disagree		16
Strongly disagree		22	Strongly disagree		8
Missing/Unknown	<5	<5	Missing/Unknown	<5	12
	I feel valu	-	senior administrators ulty		
			SoL		US
Strongly agree			8		7
Agree			9		110
Neither agree nor disagree			6		16
Disagree			<5		10:
Strongly disagree			<5		88

Faculty Respondents' Feelings of Value

"Please indicate the extent to which you agree with each of the following statements."

School of Law

		School	of Law		
I feel that my research Fac	•	alued	I feel that my te Fact	_	
	SoL	USF		SoL	USF
Strongly agree	8	81	Strongly agree	12	172
Agree	10	171	Agree	14	236
Neither agree nor disagree	8	183	Neither agree nor disagree	<5	83
Disagree	<5	70	Disagree	<5	42
Strongly disagree	<5	45	Strongly disagree		24
Missing/Unknown	<5	14	Missing/Unknown	<5	7
	I feel that m		ontributions are valued ulty		USF
Strongly agree			9		132
Agree			12		186
Neither agree nor disagree			5		134
Disagree			<5		70
Strongly disagree			<5		34
Missing/Unknown			<5		8

Work-Life Balance

Overall, the Faculty respondents in the School of Law indicated that USF provides adequate resources to help manage work-life balance.

Faculty Respondents' Perception of Work-Life Balance "As a faculty member at USF, I feel" School of Law				
USF provides adequate resources to help me manage work-life balance (e.g., child care, wellness services, elder care, housing location assistance, transportation) Faculty				
	SoL	USF		
Strongly agree	<5	21		
Agree	12	112		
Neither agree nor disagree	14	234		
Disagree	<5	116		
Strongly disagree	<5	72		
Missing/Unknown	<5	9		

Salary/Benefits

Faculty respondents in the School of Law were generally satisfied with salary and benefits. However, there was one area with room for improvement.

• Twenty-five percent of School of Law Faculty respondents "disagreed" or "strongly disagreed" with the statement, "Salaries for tenure-track faculty positions are competitive." Thirteen percent of USF Faculty respondents also "disagreed" or "strongly disagreed" with the statement.

Faculty Respondents' Perception of Salary and Benefits "As a faculty member at USF, I feel..." School of Law

Salaries for tenure-track faculty positions are competitive Faculty			
	SoL	USF	
Strongly agree	<5	50	
Agree	6	167	
Neither agree nor disagree	14	262	
Disagree	7	52	
Strongly disagree	<5	23	
Missing/Unknown	<5	10	

Salaries for adjunct professors are competitive Faculty			
	SoL	USF	
Strongly agree	<5	46	
Agree	8	165	
Neither agree nor disagree	18	190	
Disagree	<5	99	
Strongly disagree	<5	47	
Missing/Unknown	<5	17	

Health insurance benefits are competitive Faculty				
	SoL	USF		
Strongly agree	<5	81		
Agree	19	234		
Neither agree nor disagree	<5	165		
Disagree	<5	44		
Strongly disagree		28		
Missing/Unknown	<5	12		

Child care subsidy is competitive Faculty			
	SoL	USF	
Strongly agree	<5	15	
Agree	6	87	
Neither agree nor disagree	15	349	
Disagree	<5	52	
Strongly disagree	<5	42	
Missing/Unknown	<5	19	

Retirement/supplemental benefits are competitive Faculty			
	SoL	USF	
Strongly agree	<5	46	
Agree	15	156	
Neither agree nor disagree	12	230	
Disagree	<5	72	
Strongly disagree	<5	38	
Missing/Unknown	<5	22	

Perception of Institutional Initiatives

Faculty were also asked about their perception of a number of institutional initiatives. Within the School of Law respondent population, of the faculty that answered the question believing the initiative was currently available, the majority reported that the initiative positively influences climate. Similarly, of the faculty that answered the question believing that the initiative was not currently available, the majority reported that the initiative would positively influence climate.

Faculty Respondents' Perceptions of Institutional Initiatives

Based on your knowledge of the availability of the following institutional initiatives, please indicate how each influences or would influence the climate at USF.

School of Law

The left column shows the respondents thoughts on how various initiatives influenced the climate at USF, if they were believed to be currently available. The right column shows the respondents thoughts on how initiatives would influence the climate if they were not currently available, and made available in the future.

Providing flexibility for calculating the tenure clock Faculty			Providing flexibility for calculating the tenure clock Faculty		
	SoL	USF		SoL	USF
Positively influences climate	9	235	Would positively influence climate	6	85
Has no influence on climate	9	75	Would have no influence on climate	<5	24
Negatively influences climate	<5	8	Would negatively influence climate		13
Missing/Unknown	12	246	Missing/Unknown	25	442
in courses across th	Providing recognition and rewards for including diversity issues in courses across the curriculum Faculty			for including diver ne curriculum /	sity issues
	SoL	USF		SoL	USF
Positively influences climate	11	257	Would positively influence climate	7	102
Has no influence on climate	5	54	Would have no influence on climate	<5	24
Negatively influences climate	<5	16	Would negatively influence climate	<5	10
Missing/Unknown	14	237	Missing/Unknown	23	428
Providing access to counseling for p	copie willo have ex	periencea	Providing access to counselin	ig for people willou	
harassment or other discr Faculty			experienced harassment or othe Faculty	,	
		USF			
				,	ehavior USF 64
Faculty	SoL	USF	Faculty	SoL	USF 64
Faculty Positively influences climate	SoL 20	USF 364	Would positively influence climate	SoL	USF 64
Faculty Positively influences climate Has no influence on climate	SoL 20 <5	USF 364 33	Would positively influence climate Would have no influence on climate	SoL	USF 64 6
Faculty Positively influences climate Has no influence on climate Negatively influences climate	SoL 20 <5 <5 10 le who have experimentatory behavior	USF 364 33 <5 166	Would positively influence climate Would have no influence on climate Would negatively influence climate	SoL 5	USF 64 6 7 7 487
Positively influences climate Has no influence on climate Negatively influences climate Missing/Unknown Providing due process for peopl harassment or other discri	SoL 20 <5 <5 10 le who have experimentatory behavior	USF 364 33 <5 166	Would positively influence climate Would have no influence on climate Would negatively influence climate Missing/Unknown Providing due process for peop harassment or other discre	SoL 5	USF 64 6 7 487
Positively influences climate Has no influence on climate Negatively influences climate Missing/Unknown Providing due process for peopl harassment or other discri	SoL 20 <5 <5 10 le who have experimentatory behavior	USF 364 33 <5 166 enced	Would positively influence climate Would have no influence on climate Would negatively influence climate Missing/Unknown Providing due process for peop harassment or other discre	SoL 5	USF 64 6 7 487 ienced
Positively influences climate Has no influence on climate Negatively influences climate Missing/Unknown Providing due process for peopl harassment or other discr	SoL 20 <5 <5 10 le who have experient iminatory behavior	USF USF	Would positively influence climate Would have no influence on climate Would negatively influence climate Missing/Unknown Providing due process for peop harassment or other discr	Sol. 5 27 le who have experiminatory behavio	USF 64 6 7 487 487 USI
Positively influences climate Has no influence on climate Negatively influences climate Missing/Unknown Providing due process for peopl harassment or other discripactively influences climate	SoL 20 <5 <5 10 le who have experimentatory behavior SoL 20	USF 364 33 <5 166 enced	Would positively influence climate Would have no influence on climate Would negatively influence climate Missing/Unknown Providing due process for peop harassment or other discrefaculty Would positively influence climate	Sol. 5 27 le who have experiminatory behavio	USF 64 6 7 487 ienced

Providing equity and inclusion training for faculty Faculty		Providing equity and inclusion training for faculty Faculty		ılty	
	SoL	USF		SoL	USF
Positively influences climate	15	260	Would positively influence climate	9	112
Has no influence on climate	<5	55	Would have no influence on climate		21
Negatively influences climate	<5	12	Would negatively influence climate		6
		237	No // /	23	425
Missing/Unknown	13	237	Missing/Unknown	23	
Missing/Unknown Providing faculty with toolkits to environment for v Facu	o create an inclusive o arious identities		Providing faculty with toolkits to c environment for vari Faculty	reate an inclusive o	
Providing faculty with toolkits to environment for v	o create an inclusive o arious identities		Providing faculty with toolkits to c environment for vari	reate an inclusive o	
Providing faculty with toolkits to environment for v	o create an inclusive o arious identities Ilty	classroom	Providing faculty with toolkits to c environment for vari	reate an inclusive o ious identities /	classroom
Providing faculty with toolkits to environment for v Facu	o create an inclusive c arious identities Ity Sol	:lassroom USF	Providing faculty with toolkits to c environment for vari Faculty	reate an inclusive coous identities / SoL	classroom USF
Providing faculty with toolkits to environment for vertical for the faculty with toolkits to environment for vertical forms of the faculty influences climate.	o create an inclusive c arious identities lity SoL 9	USF 228	Providing faculty with toolkits to convironment for variable faculty Would positively influence climate	reate an inclusive cooks identities Sol. 12	USF 145

Faculty Respondents' Perceptions of Institutional Initiatives

Based on your knowledge of the availability of the following institutional initiatives, please indicate how each influences or would influence the climate at USF. School of Law

The left column shows the respondents thoughts on how various initiatives influenced the climate at USF, if they were believed to be currently available. The right column shows the respondents thoughts on how initiatives would influence the climate if they were not currently available, and made available in the future.

Providing faculty with supervisory training Faculty			Providing faculty with supervisory training Faculty		
	SoL	USF		SoL	USF
Positively influences climate	13	166	Would positively influence climate	9	134
Has no influence on climate	<5	82	Would have no influence on climate	<5	42
Negatively influences climate	<5	21	Would negatively influence climate		13
Missing/Unknown	14	295	Missing/Unknown	22	375
Providing access to counseling for people accused of harassment or other discriminatory behavior Faculty		Providing access to counselin harassment or other discr Faculty	iminatory behavio		
	SoL	USF		SoL	USF
Positively influences climate	18	288	Would positively influence climate	7	121
Has no influence on climate	<5	34	Would have no influence on climate		15
Negatively influences climate	<5	<5	Would negatively influence climate		<5
Missing/Unknown	12	241	Missing/Unknown	25	424
Providing due process for peop other discrimina Facu	atory behavior	nent or	Providing due process for people other discriminato Faculty	ry behavior	ment or
	SoL	USF		SoL	USF
Positively influences climate	21	298	Would positively influence climate	5	100
Has no influence on climate	<5	33	Would have no influence on climate		13
Negatively influences climate		<5	Would negatively influence climate		5
Missing/Unknown	9	231	Missing/Unknown	27	446
Providing mentorsh Facu			Providing mentorship for new faculty Faculty		
	SoL	USF		SoL	USF
Positively influences climate	18	338	Would positively influence climate	6	91
Has no influence on climate	<5	30	Would have no influence on climate		5
Negatively influences climate	<5	<5	Would negatively influence climate		5
Missing/Unknown	10	194	Missing/Unknown	26	463
Providing a clear proce Facu			Providing a clear process Faculty		
	SoL	USF		SoL	USF
Positively influences climate	15	275	Would positively influence climate	10	140
Has no influence on climate		24	Would have no influence on climate	<5	9
Negatively influences climate	<5	<5	Would negatively influence climate		6
Missing/Unknown	16	263	Missing/Unknown	21	409
Providing a fair proces Facu			Providing a fair process to resolve conflict Faculty		
	SoL	USF		SoL	USF
Positively influences climate	16	281	Would positively influence climate	10	138
Has no influence on climate	<5	21	Would have no influence on climate	<5	8
Negatively influences climate		<5	Would negatively influence climate		<5
Missing/Unknown	15	261	Missing/Unknown	21	414

Faculty Respondents' Perceptions of Institutional Initiatives Based on your knowledge of the availability of the following institutional initiatives, please indicate how each influences or would influence the climate at USF. School of Law The left column shows the respondents thoughts on how various initiatives influenced the climate at USF, if they were believed to be currently available. The right column shows the respondents thoughts on how initiatives would influence the climate if they were not currently available, and made available in the future Including diversity-related professional experiences as one of Including diversity-related professional experiences as one of the criteria for hiring of staff/faculty the criteria for hiring of staff/faculty Faculty Faculty SoL USF SoL USF Positively influences climate 13 203 Would positively influence climate 6 107 Has no influence on climate Would have no influence on climate <5 Negatively influences climate <5 Would negatively influence climate 16 14 22 409 Missing/Unknown Missing/Unknown Providing affordable child care Providing affordable child care Faculty Faculty USF SoL USF Positively influences climate 12 Would positively influence climate 12 177 Has no influence on climate Would have no influence on climate <5 <5 <5 Negatively influences climate Would negatively influence climate 18 Missing/Unknown 368 Missing/Unknown 297 Providing support/resources for spouse/partner employment Providing support/resources for spouse/partner employment USF Sol USF Positively influences climate Would positively influence climate Has no influence on climate Would have no influence on climate Negatively influences climate <5 Would negatively influence climate <5 6 Missina/Unknown Missing/Unknown 365

Tenured, Tenure-Track, and Non-Tenure-Track Faculty were also asked a subset of questions regarding the workplace and their feelings of value.

Tenured and Tenure-Track Perceived Environment

Within the School of Law Tenured and Tenure-Track Faculty population, there were a few areas with room for improvement.

• 58% of Tenured and Tenure-Track Faculty respondents in the School of Law "agreed" or "strongly agreed" with the statement, "As a faculty member at USF, I feel (or felt) burdened by service responsibilities beyond those of my colleagues with similar performance expectations." Within the USF Tenured and Tenure-Track Faculty respondents, 54% "agreed" or "strongly agreed" with the statement.

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- 53% of Tenured and Tenure-Track Faculty respondents in the School of Law "agreed" or "strongly agreed" with the statement, "I perform more work to help students than do my colleagues." Within the USF Tenured and Tenure-Track Faculty respondents, 53% "agreed" or "strongly agreed" with the statement.
- 29% of Tenured and Tenure-Track Faculty respondents in the School of Law "disagreed" or "strongly disagreed" with the statement, "As a faculty member at USF, I feel (or felt) faculty opinions are taken seriously by senior administration." Within the USF Tenured and Tenure-Track Faculty respondents, 51% "disagreed" or "strongly disagreed" with the statement.

Tenured and Tenure-Track Respondents' Perception of Workplace "As a faculty member at USF, I feel (or felt)..." **School of Law** The criteria for tenure and promotion are clear The tenure standards/promotion standards are Tenured/Tenure-Track Faculty applied equally to faculty in my school/college Tenured/Tenure-Track Faculty USF Sol SoL LISE 9 49 Strongly agree Strongly agree 43 Agree 127 Agree 87 Neither agree nor disagree <5 32 Neither agree nor disagree <5 72 Disagree 35 Disagree <5 28 Strongly disagree Strongly disagree Supported and mentored during the tenure-track USF policies for delay of the tenure-clock are used by years all faculty Tenured/Tenure-Track Faculty Tenured/Tenure-Track Faculty USF SoL USF 7 55 <5 10 Strongly agree Strongly agree 99 28 Agree Neither agree nor disagree 6 Neither agree nor disagree 12 148 34 Disagree Disagree

Strongly disagree

Strongly disagree

Tenured and Tenure-Track Respondents' Perception of Workplace "As a faculty member at USF, I feel (or felt)..."

School of Law

Research is valued by USF Tenured/Tenure-Track Faculty		Teaching is valued by USF Tenured/Tenure-Track Faculty			
	SoL	USF		SoL	USF
Strongly agree	7	42	Strongly agree	12	117
Agree	<5	117	Agree	6	103
Neither agree nor disagree	<5	41	Neither agree nor disagree	<5	20
Disagree	<5	35	Disagree		12
Strongly disagree	<5	18	Strongly disagree		<5
	Service contributions are valued by USF Tenured/Tenure-Track Faculty			search/scholarsh ure/promotion e-Track Faculty	ip agenda
	SoL	USF		SoL	USF
Strongly agree	8	76	Strongly agree		12
Agree	6	114	Agree	<5	22
Neither agree nor disagree	<5	28	Neither agree nor disagree	6	49
Disagree	<5	25	Disagree	<5	400
					100

Tenured and Tenure-Track Respondents' Perception of Workplace "As a faculty member at USF, I feel (or felt)..." School of Law

Burdened by service responsibilities beyond those
of my colleagues with similar performance
expectations
Tenured/Tenure-Track Faculty

	SoL	USF
Strongly agree		77
Agree	11	60
Neither agree nor disagree	<5	43
Disagree	<5	57
Strongly disagree	<5	15

I perform more work to help students than do my colleagues (e.g., formal and informal advising, thesis advising, helping with student groups and activities)

Tenured/Tenure-Track Faculty

	SoL	USF
Strongly agree	5	57
Agree	6	76
Neither agree nor disagree	7	64
Disagree		47
Strongly disagree	<5	7

USF is supportive of taking extended leave (e.g., FMLA, parental) Tenured/Tenure-Track Faculty

Faculty members in my department who use family accommodations policies are disadvantaged in promotion and/or tenure (e.g., child care, elder care)

Tenured/Tenure-Track Faculty

	SoL	USF
Strongly agree	<5	38
Agree	6	63
Neither agree nor disagree	9	126
Disagree	<5	15
Strongly disagree		9

	SoL	USF
Strongly agree	<5	5
Agree	<5	10
Neither agree nor disagree	7	128
Disagree	5	62
Strongly disagree	5	41

Tenured and Tenure-Track Respondents' Perception of Workplace "As a faculty member at USF, I feel (or felt)..." School of Law

		School	OI Law		
Faculty opinions are tak administ Tenured/Tenure	trators	senior	Faculty opinions are value Tenured/Tenure		nmittees
	SoL	USF		SoL	USF
Strongly agree	<5	5	Strongly agree	<5	11
Agree	8	50	Agree	8	98
Neither agree nor disagree	<5	67	Neither agree nor disagree	5	68
Disagree	<5	71	Disagree	<5	47
Strongly disagree	<5	58	Strongly disagree		26
I would like more opportunities to participate in substantive committee assignments Tenured/Tenure-Track Faculty			I have opportunities to pa committee a Tenured/Tenure	ssignments	stantive
	SoL	USF		SoL	USF
Strongly agree	<5	9	Strongly agree	6	39
Agree	<5	49	Agree	8	102
Neither agree nor disagree	6	103	Neither agree nor disagree	<5	72
Disagree	7	58	Disagree	<5	29
Strongly disagree	<5	32	Strongly disagree	<5	9

Non-Tenure-Track

Within the School of Law, the Non-Tenure-Track Faculty respondents also indicated a number of areas with room for improvement.

- 77% of Non-Tenure-Track Faculty respondents in the School of Law "agreed" or "strongly agreed" with the statement, "I perform more work to help students than do my colleagues." Within the USF Non-Tenure-Track Faculty respondents, 33% "agreed" or "strongly agreed" with the statement.
- 62% of Non-Tenure-Track Faculty respondents in the School of Law "disagreed" or "strongly disagreed" with the statement, "As an employee with non-tenure-track appointment at USF I feel (or felt) Non-Tenure-Track Faculty opinions are taken seriously by tenured/tenure-track faculty." Within the USF Non-Tenure-Track Faculty respondents, 35% "disagreed" or "strongly disagreed" with the statement.
- 39% of Non-Tenure-Track Faculty respondents in the School of Law "agreed" or "strongly agreed" with the statement, "As an employee with non-tenure-track appointment at USF I feel (or felt) pressured to do extra work that is uncompensated." Within the USF Non-Tenure-Track Faculty respondents, 33% "agreed" or "strongly agreed" with the statement.

- 39% of Non-Tenure-Track Faculty respondents in the School of Law "disagreed" or "strongly disagreed" with the statement, "As an employee with non-tenure-track appointment at USF I feel (or felt) the criteria for contract renewal are clear." Within the USF Non-Tenure-Track Faculty respondents, 37% "disagreed" or "strongly disagreed" with the statement.
- 39% of Non-Tenure-Track Faculty respondents in the School of Law "disagreed" or "strongly disagreed" with the statement, "As an employee with non-tenure-track appointment at USF I feel (or felt) the criteria used for contract renewal are applied equally to all positions." Within the USF Non-Tenure-Track Faculty respondents, 32% "disagreed" or "strongly disagreed" with the statement.
- 31% of Non-Tenure-Track Faculty respondents in the School of Law "disagreed" or "strongly disagreed" with the statement, "As an employee with non-tenure-track appointment at USF I feel (or felt) there are clear expectations of my responsibilities." Within the USF Non-Tenure-Track Faculty respondents, 22% "disagreed" or "strongly disagreed" with the statement.
- 31% of Non-Tenure-Track Faculty respondents in the School of Law "disagreed" or "strongly disagreed" with the statement, "As an employee with non-tenure-track appointment at USF I feel (or felt) Non-Tenure-Track Faculty opinions are taken seriously by senior administrators." Within the USF Non-Tenure-Track Faculty respondents, 38% "disagreed" or "strongly disagreed" with the statement.
- 31% of Non-Tenure-Track Faculty respondents in the School of Law "disagreed" or "strongly disagreed" with the statement, "As an employee with non-tenure-track appointment at USF I feel (or felt) I have job security." Within the USF Non-Tenure-Track Faculty respondents, 58% "disagreed" or "strongly disagreed" with the statement.
- 23% of Non-Tenure-Track Faculty respondents in the School of Law "agreed" or "strongly agreed" with the statement, "As an employee with non-tenure-track appointment at USF I feel (or felt) burdened by service responsibilities beyond those of my colleagues with similar performance expectations." Within the USF Non-Tenure-Track Faculty respondents, 19% "agreed" or "strongly agreed" with the statement.

Non-Tenure-Track Faculty Respondents' Perception of Workplace "As an employee with a non-tenure-track appointment at USF I feel (or felt)..." School of Law

The criteria for contract renewal are clear Non-Tenure-Track Faculty			
	SoL	USF	
Strongly agree	<5	29	
Agree	<5	83	
Neither agree nor disagree	<5	77	
Disagree	5	74	
Strongly disagree		42	
Missing/Unknown	<5	5	

The criteria used for contract renewal are applied equally to all positions Non-Tenure-Track Faculty			
	SoL	USF	
Strongly agree	<5	20	
Agree	<5	46	
Neither agree nor disagree	<5	141	
Disagree	<5	60	
Strongly disagree <5 39			
Missing/Unknown <5 <5			

There are clear expectations of my responsibilities Non-Tenure-Track Faculty		
	SoL	USF
Strongly agree	<5	61
Agree	6	137
Neither agree nor disagree		42
Disagree	<5	48
Strongly disagree		20
Missing/Unknown	<5	<5

I have job security Non-Tenure-Track Faculty		
	SoL	USF
Strongly agree	<5	9
Agree	<5	44
Neither agree nor disagree	<5	71
Disagree	<5	85
Strongly disagree		96
Missing/Unknown	<5	5

Non-Tenure-Track Faculty Respondents' Perception of Workplace "As an employee with a non-tenure-track appointment at USF I feel (or felt)..." School of Law

	valued by USF e-Track Faculty		Teaching is va Non-Tenure-T	•	
	SoL	USF		SoL	USF
Strongly agree	6	57	Strongly agree	5	124
Agree	6	123	Agree	<5	110
Neither agree nor disagree		85	Neither agree nor disagree	<5	39
Disagree		25	Disagree	<5	21
Strongly disagree		16	Strongly disagree		14
Missing/Unknown	<5	<5	Missing/Unknown	<5	<5
Sorvice is valued by USE					

Service is valued by USF Non-Tenure-Track Faculty 5 109 Strongly agree 6 107 <5 50 Neither agree nor disagree 24 Disagree 12 Strongly disagree Missing/Unknown 8

Non-Tenure-Track Faculty Respondents' Perception of Workplace "As an employee with a non-tenure-track appointment at USF I feel (or felt)..." School of Law

Burdened by service responsibilities beyond those of my colleagues with similar performance expectations Non-Tenure-Track Faculty		
	SoL	USF
Strongly agree	<5	29
Agree		30
Neither agree nor disagree	5	111
Disagree	<5	93
Strongly disagree	<5	36
Missing/Unknown	<5	11

I perform more work to help students than do my colleagues (e.g., formal and informal advising, thesis advising, helping with student groups and activities) Non-Tenure-Track Faculty			
	SoL	USF	
Strongly agree	5	42	
Agree	5	59	
Neither agree nor disagree	<5	126	
Disagree	<5	66	
Strongly disagree	<5	12	
Missing/Unknown 5			

Pressured to do extra work that is uncompensated Non-Tenure-Track Faculty		
	SoL	USF
Strongly agree	<5	43
Agree	<5	58
Neither agree nor disagree	<5	103
Disagree	<5	73
Strongly disagree	<5	28
Missing/Unknown	<5	5

Non-Tenure-Track Faculty opinions are taken seriously by senior administrators Non-Tenure-Track Faculty					
	SoL	USF			
Strongly agree	<5	18			
Agree	<5	70			
Neither agree nor disagree <5 10					
Disagree <5 62					
Strongly disagree 55					
Missing/Unknown	Missing/Unknown <5				

Non-Tenure-Track Faculty opinions are taken seriously by tenured/tenure-track faculty Non-Tenure-Track Faculty				
	SoL	USF		
Strongly agree	<5	19		
Agree		83		
Neither agree nor disagree	<5	95		
Disagree	6	72		
Strongly disagree	<5	37		
Missing/Unknown		<5		

Staff Perceived Environment

Workplace Perceptions & Feelings of Value

The survey queried staff respondents about their perception of the workplace and feelings of value. The School of Law Staff respondents' perceptions about both the workplace and their

feelings of value, were slightly negative, indicating quite a few areas with room for improvement.

Workplace areas for improvement:

- 41% of Staff respondents in the School of Law "disagreed" or "strongly disagreed" with the statement, "As a staff member at USF, I feel that there are clear procedures on how I can advance at USF." Within the USF Staff respondent population, 48% "disagreed" or "strongly disagreed" with the statement.
- 24% of Staff respondents in the School of Law "disagreed" or "strongly disagreed" with the statement, ""The performance appraisal process is productive." Within the USF Staff respondent population, 37% "disagreed" or "strongly disagreed" with the statement.

Feelings of value area for improvement:

• 43% of Staff respondents in the School of Law "disagreed" or "strongly disagreed" with the statement, "As a staff member at USF, I feel that staff opinions are valued by USF faculty." Within the USF Staff respondents, 34% "disagreed" or "strongly disagreed" with the statement.

Staff Respondents' Perception of Workplace School of Law								
I think that coworkers in my work unit prejudge my abilities based on their perception of my identity/background Staff I think that my direct supervisor prejudges my abilities based on their perception of my identity/background Staff I think that my direct supervisor prejudges my abilities based on their perception of my identity/background identity/background Staff Staff								
	SoL	USF		SoL	USF		SoL	USF
Strongly agree	<5	26	Strongly agree	<5	28	Strongly agree		34
Agree	<5	86	Agree	<5	66	Agree	5	101
Neither agree nor disagree	14	143	Neither agree nor disagree	13	126	Neither agree nor disagree	20	213
Disagree	13	235	Disagree	10	232	Disagree	8	176
Strongly disagree	16	128	Strongly disagree	19	165	Strongly disagree	13	91
Missing/Unknown		9	Missing/Unknown	<5	10	Missing/Unknown		12

Staff Respondents' Perception of Workplace School of Law

My direct supervisor provides me with job/career advice or guidance when I need it Staff		I have colleagues/coworkers who give me job/career advice or guidance when I need it Staff		b/career	
	SoL	USF		SoL	USF
Strongly agree	12	176	Strongly agree	12	168
Agree	15	213	Agree	23	277
Neither agree nor disagree	12	120	Neither agree nor disagree	6	112
Disagree	<5	82	Disagree	<5	46
Strongly disagree	<5	33	Strongly disagree	<5	17
Missing/Unknown		<5	Missing/Unknown	<5	7

I am included in opportunities that will help my career as much as others in similar positions Staff				
	SoL	USF		
Strongly agree	13	130		
Agree	10	231		
Neither agree nor disagree	15	143		
Disagree	6	92		
Strongly disagree	<5	26		
Missing/Unknown		5		

Staff Respondents' Perception of Workplace School of Law

Staff opinions are valued on USF committees Staff				
	SoL	USF		
Strongly agree	<5	59		
Agree	14	194		
Neither agree nor disagree	22	232		
Disagree	6	101		
Strongly disagree	<5	34		
Missing/Unknown		7		

Staff opinions are valued by USF faculty Staff					
SoL	USF				
	36				
11	124				
15	247				
14	137				
6	75				
	8				
	11 15 14				

Staff opinions are valued by USF administration Staff				
	SoL	USF		
Strongly agree	<5	45		
Agree	17	179		
Neither agree nor disagree	19	208		
Disagree	5	124		
Strongly disagree	<5	59		
Missing/Unknown		12		

There are clear expectations of my responsibilities Staff					
	SoL	USF			
Strongly agree	10	96			
Agree	21	331			
Neither agree nor disagree	10	99			
Disagree	<5	71			
Strongly disagree	<5	24			
Missing/Unknown		6			

There are clear proce	edures on how I ca at USF Staff	in advance
	SoL	US
Strongly agree		32
Agree	6	97
Neither agree nor disagree	21	190
Disagree	14	19:
Strongly disagree	5	112
Missing/Unknown		Ę

Positive about my career opportunities at USF Staff					
	SoL	USI			
Strongly agree	5	62			
Agree	15	169			
Neither agree nor disagree	17	206			
Disagree	7	122			
Strongly disagree	<5	57			
Missing/Unknown		11			

I would recommend USF as a good place to work Staff			I have job security Staff		
	SoL	USF		SoL	USF
Strongly agree	12	132	Strongly agree	8	103
Agree	26	307	Agree	19	285
Neither agree nor disagree	8	141	Neither agree nor disagree	11	145
Disagree		32	Disagree	8	69
Strongly disagree		10	Strongly disagree		20
Missing/Unknown		5	Missing/Unknown		5

Staff Respondents' Perception of the Workplace School of Law

The second secon	ppraisal process is clea Staff	ar
	SoL	USF
Strongly agree	12	109
Agree	18	268
Neither agree nor disagree	9	120
Disagree	6	72
Strongly disagree	<5	50
Missing/Unknown		8

The performance ap	ppraisal process is produ Staff	ctive
	SoL	USF
Strongly agree	6	72
Agree	13	156
Neither agree nor disagree	16	160
Disagree	10	134
Strongly disagree	<5	96
Missing/Unknown		9

		St	School o	Law				
I feel valued by cow departme Staff		my	I feel valued by cowo departn Stafi	nent	e my	I feel valued by my dir Staff	ect superv	isor
	SoL	USF		SoL	USF		SoL	US
Strongly agree	17	219	Strongly agree	12	150	Strongly agree	26	24
Agree	25	306	Agree	24	322	Agree	11	24
Neither agree nor disagree	<5	63	Neither agree nor disagree	8	111	Neither agree nor disagree	5	(
Disagree	<5	29	Disagree	<5	34	Disagree	<5	į
Strongly disagree		6	Strongly disagree		<5	Strongly disagree	<5	
Missing/Unknown		<5	Missing/Unknown		6	Missing/Unknown		
I feel valued by US Staff	F student	ts	I feel valued by Staf			I feel valued by U administra Staff		
	SoL	USF		SoL	USF		SoL	US
Strongly agree	14	130	Strongly agree	8	73	Strongly agree	13	
Agree	22	241	Agree	17	243	Agree	12	2
Neither agree nor disagree	7	220	Neither agree nor disagree	16	222	Neither agree nor disagree	15	1
Disagree	<5	20	Disagree	<5	63	Disagree	<5	1
Strongly disagree	<5	5	Strongly disagree	<5	19	Strongly disagree	<5	
Missing/Unknown		11	Missing/Unknown	<5	7	Missing/Unknown	<5	
I believe that my d	7	nt	aff Respondents' School o I feel that my skill Staff	fLaw	of Va	lue I feel that my work	c is valued	
encourages free and o of difficult to Staff			Stan					
of difficult to Staff	SoL	USF		SoL	USF		SoL	
of difficult to Staff	SoL 8	102	Strongly agree	14	132	Strongly agree	12	
of difficult to Staff Strongly agree	SoL					Strongly agree Agree		
of difficult to Staff Strongly agree Agree	SoL 8	102	Strongly agree	14	132		12	
of difficult to	SoL 8	102 212	Strongly agree Agree	14 25	132 330	Agree	12	
of difficult to Staff Strongly agree Agree Neither agree nor disagree	SoL 8 20 15	102 212 153	Strongly agree Agree Neither agree nor disagree	14 25 <5	132 330 74	Agree Neither agree nor disagree	12 24 6	3

Work-Life Balance

Work-life balance for Staff within the School of Law, was generally positive. One area for improvement did stand out, however.

• 37% of Staff respondents in the School of Law "agreed" or "strongly agreed" with the statement, "As a staff member at USF, I perform more work than colleagues with similar performance expectations." Within the USF Staff respondents, 38% "agreed" or "strongly agreed" with the statement.

Sta	ff Respondent		eption of Work-Life Ba	alance	
My direct supervisor provided manage work Sta	-life balance	or me to		ces to help me manage llance staff	a work-life
	SoL	USF		SoL	USF
Strongly agree	15	226	Strongly agree	10	99
Agree	16	228	Agree	19	274
Neither agree nor disagree	11	99	Neither agree nor disagree	14	170
Disagree	<5	45	Disagree	<5	64
Strongly disagree	<5	18	Strongly disagree	<5	15
Missing/Unknown	<5	11	Missing/Unknown		5
Burdened by work responsi colleagues with similar p Sta	erformance expectat	-		ctations Staff	
Strongly agree	<5	47	Strongly agree	SoL 5	USF 89
	-		3.7.2	-	
Agree	7	115	Agree	12	151
Neither agree nor disagree	14	207	Neither agree nor disagree	15	201
Disagree	15	189	Disagree	10	146
Strongly disagree	8	57	Strongly disagree	<5	28
Missing/Unknown		12	Missing/Unknown		12

Workload and Support

There are a handful of opportunities for improvement in the Staff workload and support category within the School of Law.

- 72% of Staff respondents in the School of Law "agreed" or "strongly agreed" with the statement "As a staff member at USF, I feel there is a hierarchy within staff positions that allows some voices to be valued more than others." Within the USF Staff respondents, 63% "agreed" or "strongly agreed" with the statement.
- 61% of Staff respondents in the School of Law "agreed" or "strongly agreed" with the statement "As a staff member at USF, I feel my workload was increased without additional compensation due to other staff departures." Within the USF Staff respondents, 44% "agreed" or "strongly agreed" with the statement.
- 33% of Staff respondents in the School of Law "disagreed" or "strongly disagreed" with the statement "As a staff member at USF, I feel I am able to complete my assigned duties during scheduled hours." Within the USF Staff respondents, 24% "disagreed" or "strongly disagreed" with the statement.
- 30% of Staff respondents in the School of Law "agreed" or "strongly agreed" with the statement "As a staff member at USF, I feel I am pressured by departmental work requirements that occur outside of my normally scheduled hours." Within the USF Staff respondents, 28% "agreed" or "strongly agreed" with the statement.

Staff Respondents' Perception of Workload & Support School of Law

I am able to complete m during schedul Staff	, ,	duties
	SoL	USF
Strongly agree	12	130
Agree	14	246
Neither agree nor disagree	<5	95
Disagree	12	103
Strongly disagree	<5	45
Missing/Unknown	<5	8

My workload was increasd additional compensation d staff departured Staff	ue to o	
	SoL	USF
Strongly agree	11	130
Agree	17	148
Neither agree nor disagree	10	141
Disagree	7	152
Strongly disagree	<5	49
Missing/Unknown		7

I am pressured by departm requirements that occur ou normally scheduled h Staff	tside o	
	SoL	USF
Strongly agree	<5	55
Agree	12	118
Neither agree nor disagree	11	151
Disagree	15	213
Strongly disagree	6	72
Missing/Unknown		18

l am given a reasonable time respons Sta		signed
	SoL	USF
Strongly agree	10	120
Agree	21	319
Neither agree nor disagree	10	111
Disagree	<5	54
Strongly disagree	<5	11
Missing/Unknown		12

There is a hierarchy within staff voices to be valued m Staff	ore than others	vs some
	SoL	USF
Strongly agree	8	163
Agree	25	233
Neither agree nor disagree	6	124
Disagree	5	79
Strongly disagree	<5	22
Missing/Unknown	<5	6

	Staff R	Respo	ndents' Percept School		orklo	ad & Support		
USF provides me witl pursue training/pi development opp Staff	rofessiona	ıl	My supervisor pr resources t training/professio opportu Sta	to pursue nal developme inities		USF is supportive of t leave Staff	aking exter	nded
	SoL	USF		SoL	USF		SoL	USF
Strongly agree	8	145	Strongly agree	8	149	Strongly agree	9	151
Agree	29	318	Agree	21	270	Agree	24	219
Neither agree nor disagree	6	106	Neither agree nor disagree	9	118	Neither agree nor disagree	12	222
Disagree	<5	46	Disagree	5	64	Disagree		21
Strongly disagree		10	Strongly disagree	<5	21	Strongly disagree		7
Missing/Unknown		<5	Missing/Unknown	<5	5	Missing/Unknown	<5	7
Staff	SoL	USF	disadvantaged ir evalua Sta	tions ff		Staff	6.1	LICE
Strongly agree	16	242	Strongly agree	SoL	USF 16	Strongly agree	SoL 5	USF 73
Agree	25	256	Agree		38	Agree	15	167
Neither agree nor disagree	<5	91	Neither agree nor disagree	27	317	Neither agree nor disagree	26	340
Disagree	<5	24	Disagree	14	154	Disagree	26	31
Strongly disagree	<5	8	Strongly disagree	5	97	Strongly disagree		10
	\5	6	Missing/Unknown	3	5	Missing/Unknown		6
Missing/Unknown		ь	Wissing/Onknown		5	IVIISSING/ONKNOWN		0
USF's policies s	upport fle Staff		rk schedules	My direct su	ıpervisc	or allows me to change my needed Staff	work sche	dule if
		SoL	USF			SoL		USF
Strongly agree		6	74	Strongly agree		13		188
Agree		18	255	Agree		24		256
Neither agree nor disagree		15 7	159 96	Neither agree no	or disagree	e <5 <5		119
Disagree Strongly disagree		/	39	Disagree Strongly disagre		<5 <5		16
Missing/Unknown			<5	Missing/Unknow		\3		5
missing/officiowii				sarrig/ orikitow				

Salary/Benefits:

Staff respondents in the School of Law were generally satisfied with salary and benefits. However, there was one area with room for improvement.

• 33% of Staff in the School of Law "disagreed" or "strongly disagreed" with the statement, "Staff salaries are competitive." Within the USF Staff respondent population, 39% also "disagreed" or "strongly disagreed" with this statement

	Staff R	lespo	ndents' Perc	eption of	Sala	ıry aı	nd Benefits		
Staff salaries are o	competitiv	е	Vacation and p	ersonal time l competitive Staff	oenefit	s are	Health insurance b competiti Staff		re
	SoL	USF			SoL	USF		SoL	USF
Strongly agree	<5	45	Strongly agree		9	97	Strongly agree	12	186
Agree	13	181	Agree		22	275	Agree	26	312
Neither agree nor disagree	15	154	Neither agree nor disa	agree	7	135	Neither agree nor disagree	6	92
Disagree	11	164	Disagree		7	72	Disagree	<5	25
Strongly disagree	<5	79	Strongly disagree		<5	45	Strongly disagree		9
Missing/Unknown		<5	Missing/Unknown			<5	Missing/Unknown	<5	<5
Child care b	enefits are Staff	compet	itive		Reti	iremen	t benefits are competitive Staff	2	
		SoL	USF				SoL		USF
Strongly agree		7	76	Strongly agree			12		141
Agree		11	170	Agree			16		280
Neither agree nor disagree		27	330	Neither agree n	or disagre	ee	16		152
Disagree			27	Disagree			<5		32
Strongly disagree			16	Strongly disagre	ee				14
Missing/Unknown		<5	8	Missing/Unknow	vn				8

Perception of Institutional Initiatives

Staff were also asked about their perception of a number of institutional initiatives. Within the School of Law population, of the staff that answered the question believing the initiative was currently available, the majority reported that the initiative positively influences climate. Similarly, of the staff that answered the question believing that the initiative was not currently available, the majority reported that the initiative would positively influence climate.

Staff Respondents' Perception of Institutional Initiatives

Based on your knowledge of the availability of the following institutional initiatives, please indicate how each influences or would influence the climate at USF. School of Law

The left column shows the respondents thoughts on how various initiatives influenced the climate at USF, if they were believed to be currently available. The right c., the left column shows the respondents thoughts on how various initiatives influenced the climate at USF, if they were believed to be currently available. The right c., the left column shows the respondents thoughts on how various initiatives influenced the climate at USF, if they were believed to be currently available. The right c., the left column shows the respondents thoughts on how various initiatives influenced the climate at USF, if they were believed to be currently available. The right c., the left column shows the respondent shows the re

Providing equity and inclusio Staff	n training for facu	ılty	Providing equity and inclusion Staff	training for facul	ty
	SoL	USF		SoL	US
Positively influences climate	29	341	Would positively influence climate	10	14
las no influence on climate	<5	53	Would have no influence on climate	<5	1
Negatively influences climate		<5	Would negatively influence climate	<5	
Missing/Unknown	14	231	Missing/Unknown	34	45
Providing supervisors/managers of Staff	with supervisory	training	Providing supervisors/managers w Staff	ith supervisory tr	raining
	SoL	USF		SoL	US
Positively influences climate	32	381	Would positively influence climate	9	1
	45	40	Would negatively influence climate	<5	-
Has no influence on climate	<5	48	Would have no influence on climate	<5	
Missing/Unknown	13	198	Missing/Unknown	35	4
Providing faculty supervisors w	ith supervisory tr	aining	Providing faculty supervisors wit	h supervisory tra	ining
Staff			Staff		
Positively influences climate	SoL 23	USF 314	Would positively influence climate	SoL 16	17
das no influence on climate	<5	46	Would negatively influence climate Would negatively influence climate	<5	1
Negatively influences climate	- 13	<5	Would have no influence on climate	<5	
Missing/Unknown	20	264	Missing/Unknown	28	4
Providing access to counseling	g for people who h	nave	Providing access to counseling	for people who ha	ave
experienced harassment or other Staff	discriminatory b	ehavior	experienced harassment or other of Staff	liscriminatory bel	havior
	SoL	USF		SoL	U
Positively influences climate	38	432	Would positively influence climate	<5	
Has no influence on climate		32	Would negatively influence climate	<5	
Negatively influences climate Missing/Unknown	8	<5 162	Would have no influence on climate Missing/Unknown	<5 40	5
Providing access to counseling harassment or other discri			Providing access to counseling f		d of
Staff	illillatory beliavio	r	marassment or other discrin		
			Staff	for people accused ninatory behavior	
N 1	SoL	USF		ninatory behavior	U
	36	390	Would positively influence climate	SoL <5	U:
las no influence on climate				ninatory behavior	U: 1:
Has no influence on climate Negatively influences climate	36	390 30	Would positively influence climate Would negatively influence climate	SoL <5 <5	US 12 1
Has no influence on climate Negatively influences climate Missing/Unknown Providing due process for people harassment or other discri	36 <5 9 e who have exper i	390 30 <5 204	Would positively influence climate Would negatively influence climate Would have no influence on climate Missing/Unknown Providing due process for people harassment or other discrim	SoL <5 <5 <5 <5 <9 who have experie	U: 12 : : 48
Has no influence on climate Regatively influences climate Missing/Unknown Providing due process for people	36 <5 9 e who have experi minatory behavio	390 30 <5 204 ienced	Would positively influence climate Would negatively influence climate Would have no influence on climate Missing/Unknown Providing due process for people	Sol Sol Sol Sol Sol Sol Sol Sol	U 1: : : 4
Has no influence on climate Negatively influences climate Missing/Unknown Providing due process for people harassment or other discri Staff	36 <5 9 e who have exper i	390 30 <5 204	Would positively influence climate Would negatively influence climate Would have no influence on climate Missing/Unknown Providing due process for people harassment or other discrim	SoL <5 <5 <5 <5 <9 who have experie	U 1: 4: enced
Has no influence on climate Negatively influences climate Missing/Unknown Providing due process for people harassment or other discri Staff Positively influences climate Has no influence on climate	36 <5 9 e who have experi minatory behavio	390 30 <5 204 ienced or USF 416 30	Would positively influence climate Would negatively influence climate Would have no influence on climate Missing/Unknown Providing due process for people harassment or other discrim Staff	SoL <5 <5 <5 <5 <9 39 who have experientinatory behavior	0: 12 :: 48 enced
Has no influence on climate Negatively influences climate Missing/Unknown Providing due process for people harassment or other discri Staff Positively influences climate Has no influence on climate Negatively influences climate	36 <5 9 e who have experi minatory behavio	390 30 <5 204 ienced or USF 416 30 <5	Would positively influence climate Would negatively influence climate Would have no influence on climate Missing/Unknown Providing due process for people harassment or other discrim Staff Would positively influence climate Would negatively influence climate Would have no influence on climate	SoL <5 <5 <5 <5 39 who have experientiatory behavior	0: 13 48 enced
Has no influence on climate Negatively influences climate Missing/Unknown Providing due process for people harassment or other discri Staff Positively influences climate Has no influence on climate Negatively influences climate Missing/Unknown	36 <5 9 e who have experi minatory behavio SoL 39	390 30 <5 204 ienced or USF 416 30 <5	Would positively influence climate Would negatively influence climate Would have no influence on climate Missing/Unknown Providing due process for people harassment or other discrim Staff Would positively influence climate Would negatively influence climate	SoL <5 <5 <5 <5 <9 39 who have experientinatory behavior	0: 13 48 enced
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Staff Respondents' Perception of Institutional Initiatives

Based on your knowledge of the availability of the following institutional initiatives, please indicate how each influences or would influence the climate at USF.

School of Law

The left column shows the respondents thoughts on how various initiatives influenced the climate at USF, if they were believed to be currently available. The right column shows the respondents thoughts on how initiatives would influence the climate if they were not currently available, and made available in the future.

Providing mentorship for new staff Staff			Providing mentorship for new staff Staff		
	SoL	USF		SoL	US
Positively influences climate	22	322	T	17	21
			Would negatively influence climate	<5	
las no influence on climate	<5	20	Would have no influence on climate	<5	1
Missing/Unknown	23	285	Missing/Unknown	26	39
Providing a clear process Staff		5	Providing a clear process to Staff	resolve conflicts	;
	SoL	USF		SoL	U:
ositively influences climate	28	340	Would positively influence climate	13	1
ositively influences climate	25	0.10	Would negatively influence climate	<5	
Has no influence on climate		25	Would have no influence on climate	<5	
Missing/Unknown	18	262	Missing/Unknown	31	4
Providing a fair process	to resolve conflicts		Providing a fair process to	resolve conflicts	
Staff			Staff		
	SoL	USF		SoL	U:
Positively influences climate	29	342	Would positively influence climate	14	1
Has no influence on climate	<5	23	Would negatively influence climate		
Negatively influences climate		<5	Would have no influence on climate		
Missing/Unknown	16	261	Missing/Unknown	32	4
Considering diversity-related pro of the criteria for hirin Staff	g of staff/faculty	es as one	Considering diversity-related pro- one of the criteria for hirin Staff		
	SoL	USF		SoL	U
Positively influences climate	29	283	Would positively influence climate	7	1.
Has no influence on climate	<5	67	Would have no influence on climate	<5	
Negatively influences climate		14	Would negatively influence climate		
Missing/Unknown	13	263	Missing/Unknown	35	4
Providing career development	copportunities for s	staff	Providing career development o	pportunities for s	staff
Staff	SoL	USF	Staff	SoL	U
Positively influences climate	35	413	Would positively influence climate	5	1
Has no influence on climate	<5	23	Would negatively influence climate		
Negatively influences climate	<5		Would have no influence on climate	<5	
Missing/Unknown	9	191	Missing/Unknown	39	4
Broylding offordah	lo child care		Providing offerdable	shild care	
Providing affordab Staff	ne child care		Providing affordable Staff	crind care	
	SoL	USF		SoL	U
Positively influences climate	26	335	Would positively influence climate	12	1
Has no influence on climate	<5	30	Would have no influence on climate	<5	
			Would negatively influence climate	<5	
Missing/Unknown	16	262	Missing/Unknown	32	4
Providing support/resource employme Staff		er	Providing support/resources employmer Staff		er
	SoL	USF		SoL	U
Positively influences climate	17	279	Would positively influence climate	15	1
					_
	6	54	Would have no influence on climate	6	
Has no influence on climate Negatively influences climate	6	54 <5	Would have no influence on climate Would negatively influence climate	6	

Graduate Students

The overall perception of the campus climate within the qualitative comments from the School of Law Graduate population, was negatively skewed. However, there were a number of positive comments as well. Respondents offered the following:

- "A number of my professors at the law school have willingly advised me, shared industry information, and personal contacts to help further my career. After a less than welcoming experience in my undergrad education (not USF), I have found the law school provides a collaborative and positive environment."
- "The law has a wonderful facility that is open to every student."
- "The professors here are really great."
- "I think USF School of Law has a great environment -easily the most inclusive and supportive of any environment [sic] I have been in. I think the school devotes the right amount of time and resources to sensitivity [sic] training, race relations, gender identity etc. ..."
- "USF is so welcoming that the community cannot possibly feel as welcoming, but the environment is good."
- "I'm not quite sure about values of the Jesuit, Catholic mission but I do know that this is the most diverse and inclusive place I have ever lived and learned. Great community and atmosphere."
- "USF does an excellent job cultivating Jesuit values, but it also does an excellent job in including, fostering, and respecting all religions which is something I very much appreciate."
- "I love the community discussions about current issues with professors at the law school. I would love it if there were more."
- "I've only been at USF for a very short time, but I have nothing but good things to say about the students, faculty, staff, and even alumni. Everyone has been kind and welcoming to me, and there is a very noticeable sense of respect throughout the community. The only way I could love USF more was if there was actually parking."

There were also three major negative themes that emerged within the qualitative data. The first major theme, which was also supported by the quantitative analysis, was the School of Law Graduate Student respondents' sensitivity to the political climate on campus. Respondents offered the following:

- "One reason that I have considered leaving USF Law is the overwhelming Liberal bias that exists on campus. I consider myself a democrat and a moderate but I find it difficult to have rational political conversations with many of my colleagues who I respect..."
- "Students claim to preach equality, but they do so by alienating anyone who does not agree with their point of view. During a student announcement before class, a peer said, "you are either with us or against us". I don't believe those are the only two categories.

Additionally, after the past election professors spent entire class sessions (sometimes two) allowing students to air their grievances about the outcome. As a paying student, I did not appreciate that..."

- "Classes are used to spout liberal agenda and ideology."
- "The overall bashing of the right after the election in all of my classes was a waste of classroom time that I paid for..."
- "I felt the class discussion became prejudicial, it was very uncomfortable, but that being said I felt as though I was part of the silent majority."
- "I was told that my opinion was not valid because I am white and had "privilege". I did not respond because I believed that any rebuttal would have been interpreted as a denial that such a privilege exists..."
- "...It appears that the climate at the law school is one that only is tolerant for those views which can be described as "liberal views." Any other view is completely rejected. There is no dialogue. I love the school, and appreciate my time here, but I have felt unable to express any of my views on anything for fear of being condemned by the majority."
- "Someone made comments against DACA recipients and immigrants in general, claiming that U.S. citizens were more deserving of any type of help and that immigrants were taking jobs from U.S. citizens, so they should be deported because they broke the law and are here illegally."
- "Diversity is strong, but opinions of others are as well. Many people come from backgrounds where they weren't introduced to as many new identities and it shows--takes adjustment."
- "As a very proud, blue city, I find that USF espouses certain political views so strongly that it ostracizes those who do not share those views. Fortunately, I agree with USF's stance, but I can see how a few of my friends have been impacted by the overriding climate of political tunnel vision that seems to go on here at our campus. As a city, I think SF is very liberal and open, but that could be isolating to those who do not wish to partake in city-wide strikes or walk outs because they personally disagree with the issues of our time."
- "The students and most faculty have a very apparent disdain for moderate/conservative political views. Open discussion about all political views is not encouraged. I consider myself a moderate conservative, but I fear most students and faculty would assume that I must also have prejudicial and discriminatory beliefs. I never feel comfortable discussing politics on campus out of fear of being labeled a racist bigot."
- "There is a climate of exclusion on this campus for those who do not subscribe to the majority's political views."

The second major theme was not a focus of this survey, and therefore did not have a robust quantitative backing, but it came out strongly in the qualitative comments. The theme was the School of Law Graduate Student respondents' frustration with the School of Law, and USF in general, not being welcoming/supportive of students/faculty/staff with children. Respondents offered the following:

• "I was pregnant during the time and was considering going to a school that would be closer to my home and family. During that school year, the law school was also in talks

- of making a policy that prohibited children from being on campus, so I was also looking for a more inclusive space."
- "A professor asked me to keep it down/told me there was a class going on next door when I was on my way to the lactation room. I was also told to pump my milk in the bathroom as supposedly the other staff has done the same."
- "As a parent in the law school the presence of our children has been a controversial topic. While we do not bring our kids into the classrooms during regular classes, other students have made public statements commenting on their dislike of children being allowed anywhere on campus and negating any need for support services for students with children. This makes the already difficult task of being a student parent more difficult in light of an unwelcoming or unsupportive student body."
- "We need child care at USF. Having children is preventing members of our community from obtaining a higher education. Having this resource available would create a more diverse student body, increase admissions, and lead to a healthier campus climate."
- "Providing affordable child care- This is huge. And is an EXTREME failing that our school does not provide this sort of carre [sic] (particularly on the law school campus)."
- "Providing afforable [sic] child care will help students succeed academically as many law students have been stressing out because it has become really hard to find reliable and affordable [sic] child care or babysitters."
- "Other schools have a more family-friendly program where they support graduate students with housing and provide child care resources."
- "I am concerned with the treatment of women who have children here at the law school. I have heard from friends who are expecting children and who have had difficulty in receiving accommodations due to their pregnancies. I am concerned about the message that sends to students who are parents or who plan to become parents while in law school."

The third major theme, which was also supported by the quantitative analysis, was the School of Law Graduate Student respondents' frustration with advising. Respondents offered the following:

- "I have not had any follow up with an advisor since my first year of law school. I do not have an advisor listed on my account; still have my USF undergrad advisor listed on the electronic student website.... I may have slipped through the cracks because of this. Also the initial advisor they placed me with did not have any interest or experience in the law I intend to practice."
- "The advisors are out of touch and do not know enough about the classes to actually advise students on what to take. I have gone to the required advisor meetings and have attempted to meet with Dean Bernhardt on my own. I am so disappointed with the lack of assistance I received. Essentially, the Advisors lecture you on the required reading material and then tell you it is up to you to choose your classes. This is completely infuriating."
- "The School of Law does not do an adequate job in auditing or ensuring that law students stay on track to complete all graduation requirements."
- "I am not really sure who my advisor is."

- "Have met with my adviser once since starting school here (currently a 3L). Advisory program and administration has a very "laissez faire" attitude towards the students, when suppossed [sic] to be a resource."
- "I had one meeting with my faculty adviser 1L year. My advisor was not interested in meeting with us at all. I even took her property law class and she was equally unhelpful in her office hours..."
- "The law school does not use faculty advisors appropriately. There is not enough advising occurring at the law school. It is difficult to be a student without more academic advising. I don't even know who my faculty advisor is supposed to be. I'm sure most people have not talked to their faculty advisors since first year. The role of faculty advisors needs to be improved at the law school."
- "I have never met with an advisor. I have heard they are not helpful and that it is a waste of time. I was never contacted to meet."
- "We don't really have faculty advisors that support our academic success."

The survey also asked respondents if they had any specific recommendations for improving the climate at USF. Graduate Student respondents in the School of Law offered the following comments:

- "Make more of the facilities accessible to those that are trans/non binary."
- "Have informed faculty lead talks. Introduce all the facts and opposing thought-processes in doing so."
- "Be supportive of students with diverse needs by accommodating their needs instead of giving them the run around and ineffective, impractical alternatives."
- "Dont foget [sic] about the middle class--a lot of those who fall in the cracks of affirmative action and parents who support them do not receive the help they deserve."
- "Have the administration be more of a resource for students and student organizations. In my experience they have been more of a hindrance, specifically in regards to student groups and student leaders. Need to listen more instead of always thinking they know best."
- "USF really needs to provide child care for students, faculty, and staff who have children."
- "More student feedback opportunities! Especially regarding asking for student feedback after they attend events, such as cultural events, ABES events (for law), etc."
- "More information on mental health issues and how they affect people in school and beyond."
- "Training professors on ways to facilitate and demand equality in the classroom."
- "I would welcome more interclass interactions. Perhaps engaging in discussion forums through TWEN as class participation and small group assignments. This would assure intermingling of students in classes."
- "I think the school could do a better job of respecting and appreciating ideas that are different than the majority of campus. We preach inclusion and respect of all ideas, but oftentimes fail to listen to and recognize ideas that are different than our own."
- "Provide professors with some sort of diversity or cultural sensitivity training. Provide child care for law students."

- "I believe having classroom discussions about the racial impacts of certain topics and cases should be encouraged."
- "Maybe provide weekly open discussions/forums where student or faculty can just talk."
- "I think a campus transport system could help improve the parking situation around campus, which would help limit the carbon footprint we emit at this time."

Faculty

The overall perception of the campus climate within the qualitative comments from the School of Law Faculty population, was negatively skewed. However, please keep in mind that those who take the time to write out qualitative responses, often feel strongly in one direction.

On a positive note, when asked the question "How effectively does USF cultivate a campus culture rooted in the values of our Jesuit, Catholic mission?", eleven of the thirteen comments made suggestions along the lines of "very effectively".

There was one major theme that emerged within the qualitative data for Faculty respondents, that was supported by the quantitative analysis as well. The theme was, Issues with Racial Identity. Respondents offered the following:

- "Racism and disrespect for students."
- "I would consider the incidents microaggressions. They are the sort that can happen and do happen regularly in the presence of people of color in majority white spaces. Similar incidents have occurred over the years in my experience at USF."
- "It isn't explicit, but I often see candidates of color for tenure track positions judged in ways that white candidates are not judged."
- "Faculty members make racial minority status an essential criteria for hiring."

In addition, the survey asked respondents if they had any specific recommendations for improving the climate at USF. Faculty respondents in the School of Law offered the following constructive comments:

- "Make sure criteria is followed for equitable salary structure."
- "Proportional representation by class background as well as race in faculty and administrative hiring and student admission."
- "Make sure that policies put into place to address gender inequities are reviewed to ensure they accomplish that goal."
- "I think that USF should make its commitments to diversity and inclusion more integral by structuring the Chief Diversity Officer as a direct report to the President; distributing responsibility for diversity and inclusion work; and, changing hiring and evaluation criteria for *all* positions to make the work on these issues fundamental to success at each stage of career development."

- "Prioritize addressing those problems that inhibit people from competing, performing, and developing fairly. Avoid stifling contrarian views."
- "Facilitated small group discussions among individuals from diverse backgrounds."
- "Consider treating all faculty equally in terms of participation in meetings and discussions, as the division between tenure-track and non-tenure-track faculty affects students' perception of the value of non-tenure-track faculty classes and non-tenure-track faculty members' value."

Staff

The overall perception of the campus climate within the qualitative comments from the School of Law Staff population, was positively skewed. Respondents offered the following positive comments about their experience at USF:

- "My coworkers and supervisors respect me and make sure I am the most successful I can be. I am given the resources, and we meet weekly to talk about work load and expectations. I feel heard by my supervisor and my coworkers. USF has so many great resources for staff in terms of living a healthy, balances life. I take advantage of the GoUSF program (wellness event reimbursement, free 10K races), and I am glad USF tries very hard to improve quality of life and work satisfaction."
- "My relationship with my boss is great due to mutual respect..."
- "I find my community at USF SOL to be more welcoming, friendly, and supportive than many other communities I have encountered."
- "The USF community, led by the President, strives to be inclusive and supportive. I appreciate that USF speaks up for social justice and equity."
- "The law school is a cohesive unit -- with staff understanding how each office serves or should serve the students. Different offices work together to solve problems. This may or may not happen across different University departments."
- "I feel that there is an acceptable of people regardless of our backgrounds. Diversity is encouraged and celebrated."
- "I love working at USF, and overall, I think the university tries its best to cultivate an inclusive, diverse, and welcoming campus culture. I know that academic institutions are inherently hierarchical, but I am hopeful that USF will try harder to recognize staff input."
- "As someone with no religious background and very progressive views, I am continually surprised by how proud I am to work at USF. Until working here, I would have never known that I would feel so much kinship with the Jesuit, Catholic mission."

A negative theme also emerged within the qualitative data, and was supported in the quantitative results. The theme was the School of Law Staff respondents' frustration with workload and compensation. Respondents offered the following comments:

"My workload has increased without additional compensation due to staff departures.
 This has occurred despite my numerous attempts at gaining recognition in the form of monetary compensation."

- "I've taken on added work during times of turnover with no additional assistance, recognition, or compensation. My supervisor works at all hours (including weekends) and expects her staff to do the same. Other colleagues in my field seem to have a fantastic work life balance. I think this issue is for my team in particular due to my supervisor."
- "I have repeatedly taken on additional responsibilities without additional or commensurate compensation."
- "I think the salaries for support staff are too low."
- "The salaries seem competitive until you take the cost of living of SF into account. When I changed jobs I receive an increase in salary; however, due to housing (I moved into a much smaller place then before), my take home pay was about the same as it was in before. The cost of living increases should be much higher. We live in the most expensive city in the nation."

In addition, the survey asked respondents if they had any specific recommendations for improving the climate at USF. Staff respondents in the School of Law offered the following constructive comments:

- "Senior management needs to be held accountable for how they manage. I feel that for instance, no one is holding my supervisor (who is very high up) accountable for the long hours that we work (we are exempt so it isn't a union issue) ..."
- "Keep on striving to take all of these various issue areas that you have touched on in this survey into account when designing policies and programs/initiatives. In general, USF is a great place to work and the climate here is worthy of praise. The Administration is to be congratulated for doing this climate survey and I hope that much will be gleaned from the responses and used to move forward to improve the campus climate for everybody on the campus."
- "More support for new hires."
- "Providing more support for our undocumented students. Making a training necessary for students, staff, and faculty to take on diversity climate is highly important to implement."
- "For employees, I think there would be tremendous benefit for required supervisory training for both faculty and staff supervisors. There is a lot of variation on the quality of supervisors (and clarity for them as to what is needed) across campus. As a supervisor, I think it is part of my job to model good work ethic/judgment for my staff as well as teach them throughout their tenure lessons that will ultimately improve their abilities to be supervisors themselves. It is hard work to be a good manager and I think many people don't work hard at it, either because of not fully understanding what effective management is or because they don't feel that their supervisory responsibilities are as important as their other work. The result is job dissatisfaction and attrition, both very costly to the organization (both morale and financial)."
- "It would be great if child-care were available on campus with a priority for staff and faculty to enroll their children. The childcare subsidy is great, but it doesn't help with the logistics of the care."

Conclusion

The primary purpose of this report was to assess the climate within the School of Law at USF, including how members felt about issues related to inclusion and work-life/school-life issues. At the very least, the results add empirical data to the current knowledge base and provide more information on the experiences and perceptions of the School of Law. However, a projected plan to develop strategic actions and a subsequent implementation plan are critical to improving the climate within the School of Law, and thus the overall campus climate.